

<http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/gex0/gex010np.pdf> / .ps; only vector graphic VG; start output
 see separate images of this page: <http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/gex0/gex0.htm>

Three, 5 and 9 colour steps for visual evaluation

0, 125, 250, 375, 500, 625, 750, 875, 1000
 Black N00w – Black N16w = White W

$L^*_{TUBLOG,U} = 50 \log(Y / 5Y_U) + 50, Y_N=4, Y_U=20, Y_W=100$



gex00-1n, Test samples: 3, 5 and 9 colour steps, greu=0,500, expu=1,000, expa=1,000, indexLFi=20, IMR-FLVLF

Three, 5 and 9 colour steps for visual evaluation

0, 15, 62, 140, 250, 390, 562, 765, 1000
 Black N00w – Black N16w = White W

$L^*_{TUBLOG,U} = 50 \log(Y / 5Y_U) + 50, Y_N=4, Y_U=20, Y_W=100$

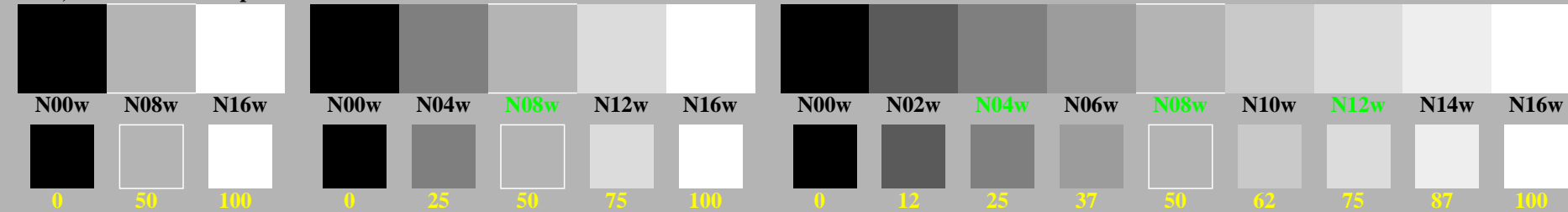


gex00-3n, Test samples: 3, 5 and 9 colour steps, greu=0,500, expu=2,000, expa=2,000, indexLFi=20, IMR-FLVLF

Three, 5 and 9 colour steps for visual evaluation

0, 353, 500, 612, 707, 790, 866, 935, 1000
 Black N00w – Black N16w = White W

$L^*_{TUBLOG,U} = 50 \log(Y / 5Y_U) + 50, Y_N=4, Y_U=20, Y_W=100$



gex00-5n, Test samples: 3, 5 and 9 colour steps, greu=0,500, expu=0,500, expa=0,500, indexLFi=20, IMR-FLVLF

Three, 5 and 9 colour steps for visual evaluation

0, 44, 125, 229, 353, 494, 649, 818, 1000
 Black N00w – Black N16w = White W

$L^*_{TUBLOG,U} = 50 \log(Y / 5Y_U) + 50, Y_N=4, Y_U=20, Y_W=100$



gex00-7n, Test samples: 3, 5 and 9 colour steps, greu=0,500, expu=1,500, expa=1,500, indexLFi=20, IMR-FLVLF

TUB-test chart gex0; Linearization code *IMR-000LF* and Gamma (76 lines) in (1/3/5/7)n
 Gamma=1, 2, 0,5, 1,5; series N–W with 3, 5, 9 steps; U: (1/3/5/7/9)n=N(08/04/12/06)w

see similar files of the whole serie: <http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/gex0.htm>
 technical information: <http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de> or <http://color.li.tu-berlin.de>

TUB registration: 20240801-gex0/gex010np.pdf / .ps
 application for evaluation and measurement of display or print output
 TUB material: code=rh4ta