

log  $\Delta L$  Leuchtdichte-Differenzschwelle •  $L_g = 6,3 \text{cd/m}^2$

02 0,1s Y 6,3cd/m<sup>2</sup>; pot4

$$\Delta L = A_4 [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

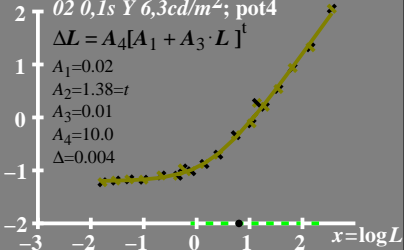
$$A_1 = 0.02$$

$$A_2 = 1.38 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.01$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.004$$



**log(L/ΔL) Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-Empfindlichkeitsschwelle**  
 $L_g = 6,3 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 0,1s Y 6,3cd/m<sup>2</sup>; pot4

$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_3 \cdot L)^t]$$

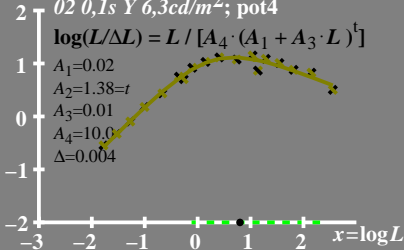
$A_1 = 0.02$

$A_2 = 1.38 = t$

$A_3 = 0.01$

$A_4 = 10.0$

$\Delta = 0.004$



$L/\Delta L$  Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-  
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle  $\bullet L_g = 6,3 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 0,1s Y 6,3cd/m<sup>2</sup>; pot4

$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_3 \cdot L)^t]$$

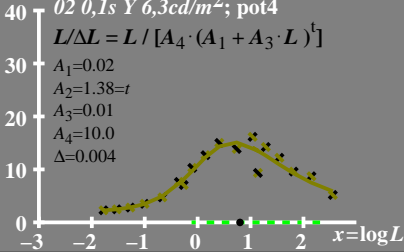
$A_1 = 0.02$

$A_2 = 1.38 = t$

$A_3 = 0.01$

$A_4 = 10.0$

$\Delta = 0.004$



# $T^*$ Leuchtdichte-Differenzschwellensumme

•  $L_0 = 6,3 \text{ cd/m}^2$

80  $0,2 \text{ s } Y \text{ } 6,3 \text{ cd/m}^2; \text{ pot4}$

$$T^* = A_4 [A_1 + A \cdot L^t - 1]$$

60  $A_1 = 0.02$

$A_2 = 1.38 = t$

40  $A_3 = 0.01$

$A_4 = 10.0$

$\Delta = 0.004$

