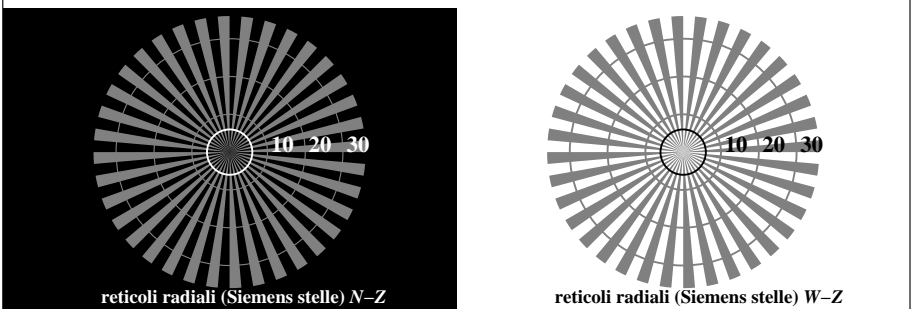
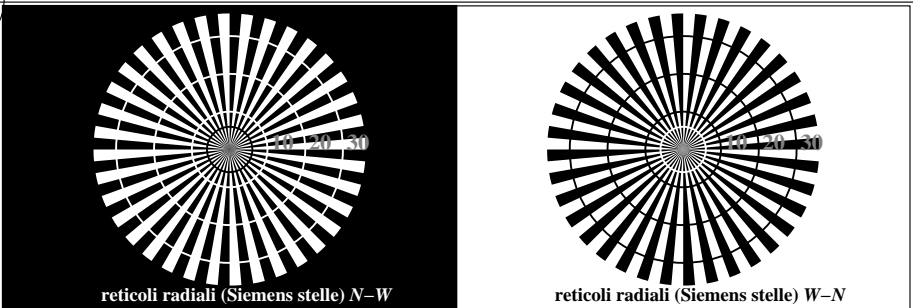


http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI76/TI76LONA.TXT /.PS; inizio dell'output  
N: nessuna linearizzazione 3D (OL) nel file (F) o PS-startup (S), pagine 1/2

vedi file simili: http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI76/TI76.HTM  
informazioni tecniche: http://www.ps.bam.de o http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrik

Iscrizione TUB: 20160501-TI76/TI76LONA.TXT /.PS  
Applicazione per la misura dell'output nella stampa di offset  
TUB materiale: code=rh4ta



TI760-3, Fig. C1W-: Elemento A: reticoli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

$L^*/Y_{immettere}$  18.0/2.5 37.3/9.7 56.7/24.6 76.1/49.9 95.4/88.6  $N_0$  (min.)  $W_I$  (max.)

(assoluta)

$w^* = l^*_{CIE\text{LAB}, r}$  (relativo)

$w^*_{immettere}$  0,000 0,250 0,500 0,750 1,000  $N_0$  (min.)  $W_I$  (max.)

TI760-5, Fig. C2W-: Elemento B: 5 equidistante  $L^*$  grigio passi +  $N_0$  +  $W_I$ ; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

$L^*/Y_{immettere}$  18.0/2.5 23.2/3.8 28.3/5.6 33.5/7.8 38.6/10.5 43.8/13.7 49.0/17.6 54.1/22.1 59.3/27.3 64.4/33.3 69.6/40.2 74.8/47.9 79.9/56.5 85.1/66.2 90.2/76.8 95.4/88.6

(assoluta)

N. e codice Hex 00;F 01;E 02;D 03;C 04;B 05;A 06;9 07;8 08;7 09;6 10;5 11;4 12;3 13;2 14;1 15;0

$w^* = l^*_{CIE\text{LAB}, r}$  (relativo)

$w^*_{immettere}$  0,000 0,067 0,133 0,200 0,267 0,333 0,400 0,467 0,533 0,600 0,667 0,733 0,800 0,867 0,933 1,000

TI760-7, Fig. C3W-: Elemento C: 16 equidistante  $L^*$  grigio passi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

Grafico TUB-TI76; ME16(ISO 9241-306) & 3(ISO/IEC 15775) Input: rgb/cmyk -> rgb/cmyk  
Tavola dei colori acromatici N Output: nessun cambiamento

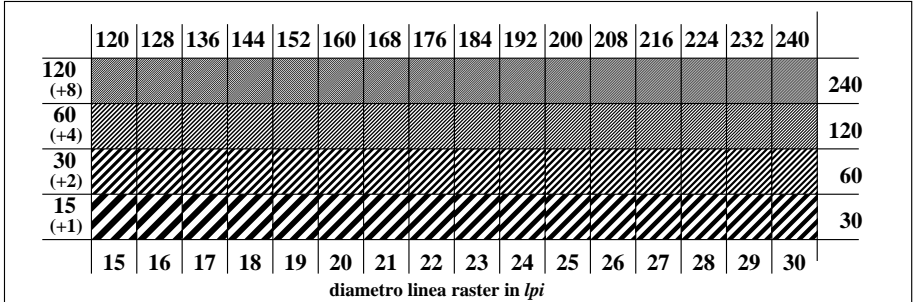
lo sfondo passo 0 codice esadecimale 7 E 2 8 F

1 anello passo 0-1 codice esadecimale 8 F 0 6 D

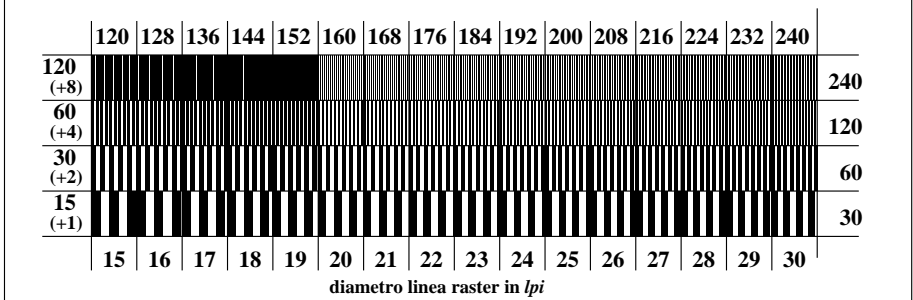
anelli di Landolt W-N

codice: sfondo-anello passo

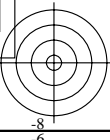
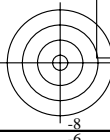
TI761-1, Fig. C4W-: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



TI761-3, Fig. C5W-: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

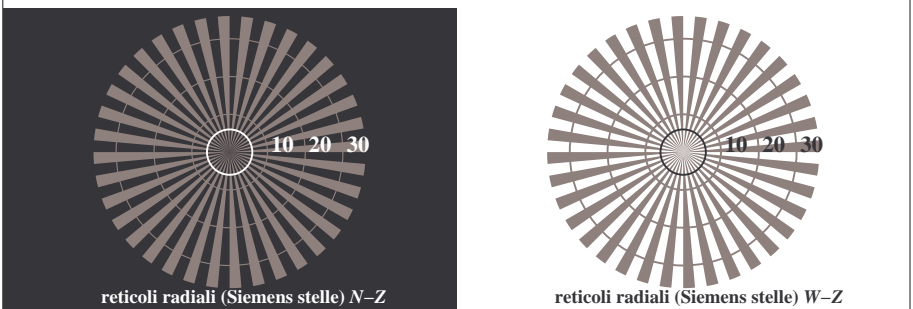
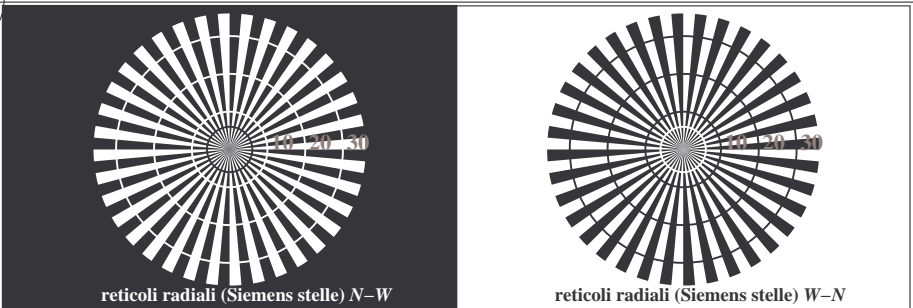


TI761-5, Fig. C6W-: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

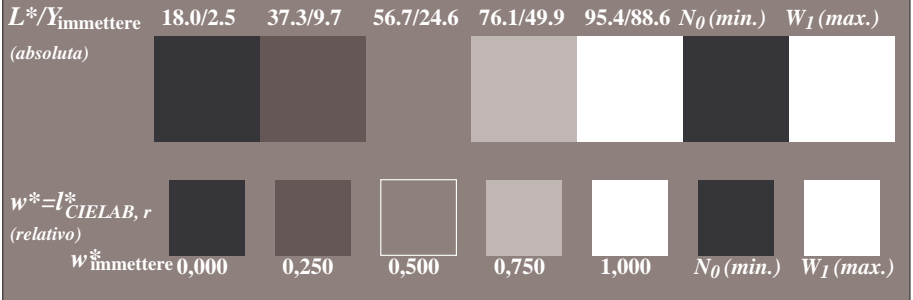


vedi file simili: http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI76/TI76.HTM  
informazioni tecniche: http://www.ps.bam.de o http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrik

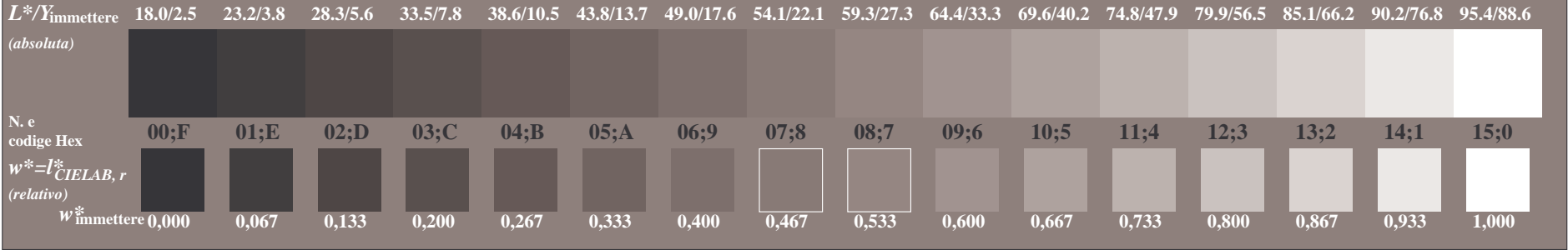
iscrizione TUB: 20160501-TI76/TI76L0NA.TXT /.PS  
Applicazione per la misura dell'output nella stampa di offset, separazione cmy0 (CMY0)  
TUB materiale: code=rh4ta



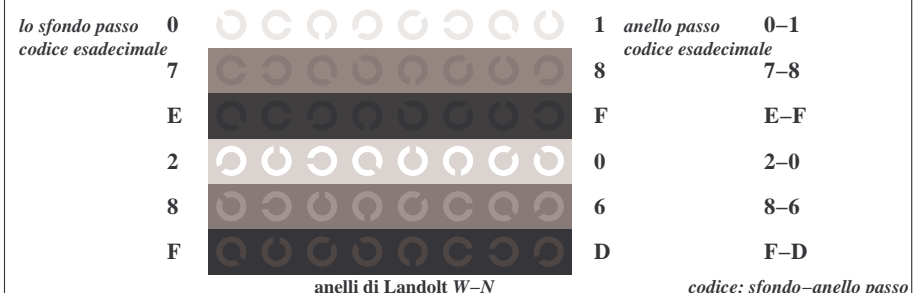
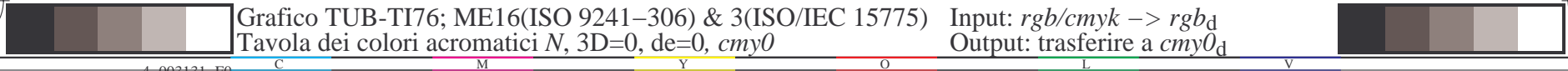
TI760-3, Fig. C1Wd: Elemento A: reticoli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



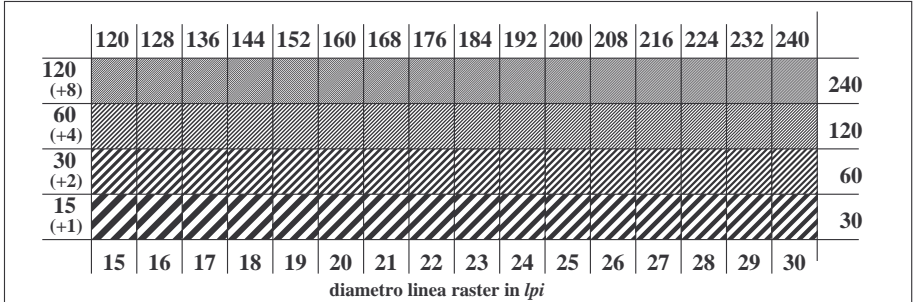
TI760-5, Fig. C2Wd: Elemento B: 5 equidistante  $L^*$  grigio passi +  $N_0$  +  $W_1$ ; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



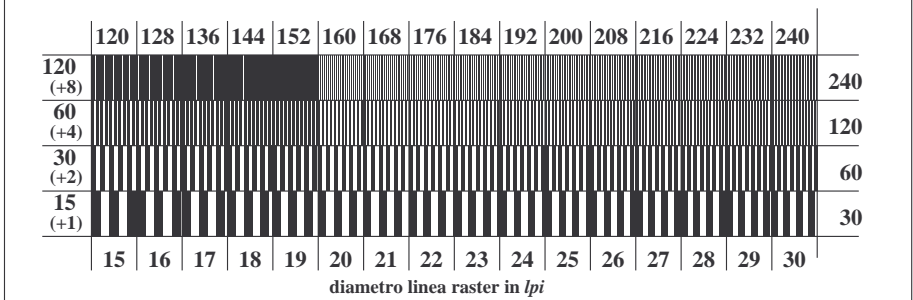
TI760-7, Fig. C3Wd: Elemento C: 16 equidistante  $L^*$  grigio passi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



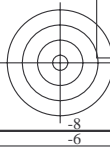
TI761-1, Fig. C4Wd: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



TI761-3, Fig. C5Wd: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



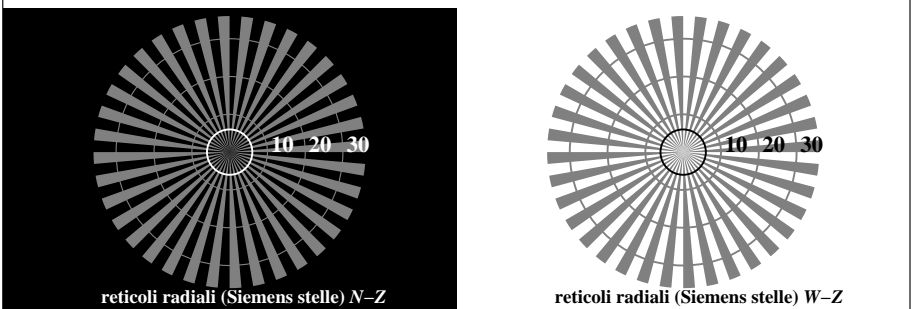
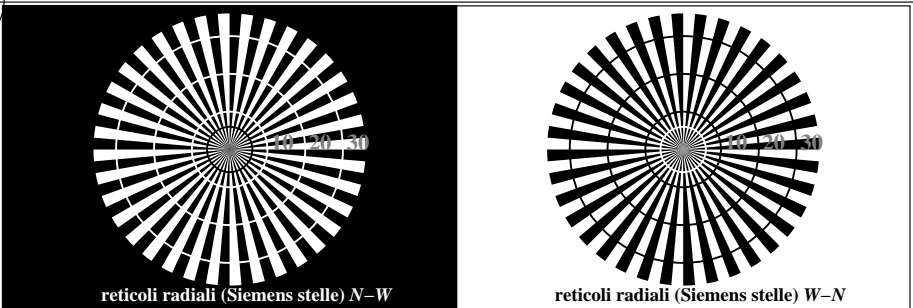
TI761-5, Fig. C6Wd: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI76/TI76LONA.TXT /.PS; inizio dell'output  
N: nessuna linearizzazione 3D (OL) nel file (F) o PS-startup (S), pagine 1/2

vedi file simili: http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI76/TI76.HTM  
informazioni tecniche: http://www.ps.bam.de o http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrik

Iscrizione TUB: 20160501-TI76/TI76LONA.TXT /.PS  
Applicazione per la misura dell'output nella stampa di offset  
TUB materiale: code=rh4ta



TI760-3, Fig. C1W-: Elemento A: reticoli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

$L^*/Y_{immettere}$  18.0/2.5 37.3/9.7 56.7/24.6 76.1/49.9 95.4/88.6  $N_0$  (min.)  $W_I$  (max.)

(assoluta)

$w^* = l^*_{CIE\text{LAB}, r}$  (relativo)

$w^*_{immettere}$  0,000 0,250 0,500 0,750 1,000  $N_0$  (min.)  $W_I$  (max.)

TI760-5, Fig. C2W-: Elemento B: 5 equidistante  $L^*$  grigio passi +  $N_0$  +  $W_I$ ; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

$L^*/Y_{immettere}$  18.0/2.5 23.2/3.8 28.3/5.6 33.5/7.8 38.6/10.5 43.8/13.7 49.0/17.6 54.1/22.1 59.3/27.3 64.4/33.3 69.6/40.2 74.8/47.9 79.9/56.5 85.1/66.2 90.2/76.8 95.4/88.6

(assoluta)

N. e codice Hex 00;F 01;E 02;D 03;C 04;B 05;A 06;9 07;8 08;7 09;6 10;5 11;4 12;3 13;2 14;1 15;0

$w^* = l^*_{CIE\text{LAB}, r}$  (relativo)

$w^*_{immettere}$  0,000 0,067 0,133 0,200 0,267 0,333 0,400 0,467 0,533 0,600 0,667 0,733 0,800 0,867 0,933 1,000

TI760-7, Fig. C3W-: Elemento C: 16 equidistante  $L^*$  grigio passi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

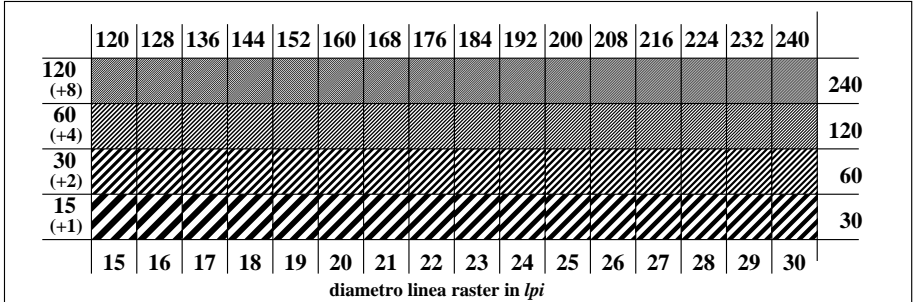
Grafico TUB-TI76; ME16(ISO 9241-306) & 3(ISO/IEC 15775) Input: rgb/cmyk -> rgb/cmyk  
Tavola dei colori acromatici N Output: nessun cambiamento

lo sfondo passo 0 codice esadecimale 7 E 2 8 F

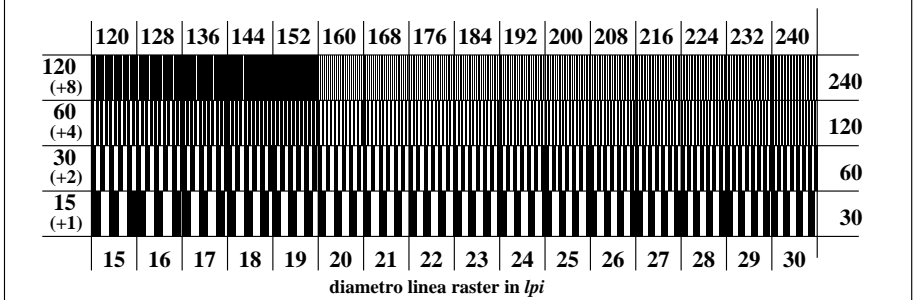
1 anello passo 0-1 codice esadecimale 8 F 0 6 D

anelli di Landolt W-N codice: sfondo-anello passo

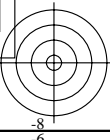
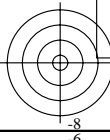
TI761-1, Fig. C4W-: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



TI761-3, Fig. C5W-: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

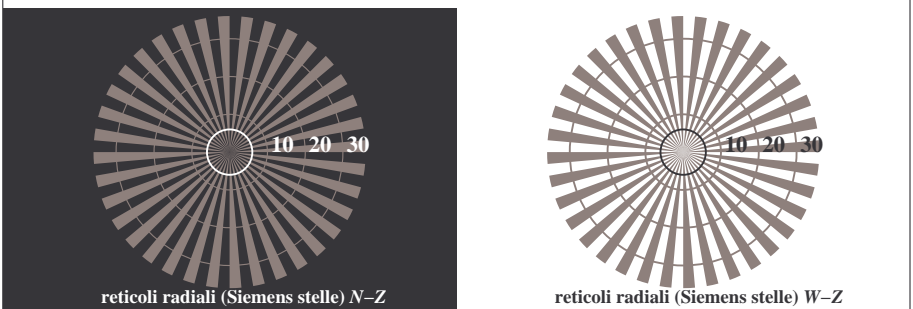
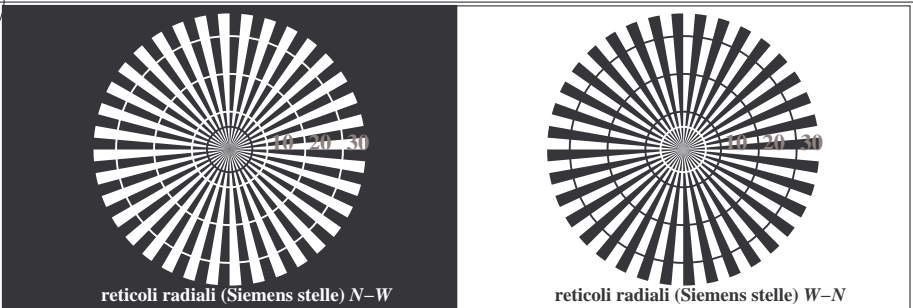


TI761-5, Fig. C6W-: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

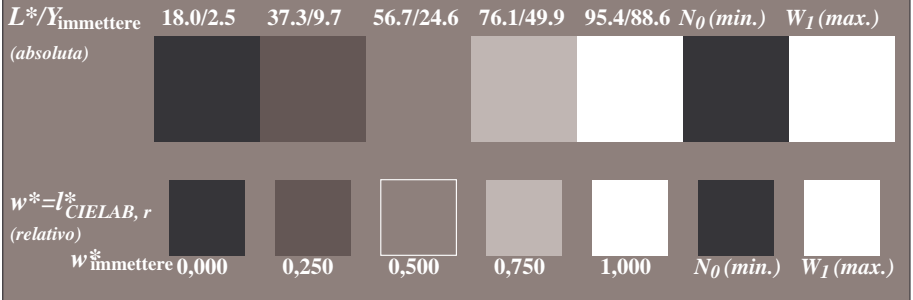


vedi file simili: http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/TI76/TI76.HTM  
informazioni tecniche: http://www.ps.bam.de o http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrik

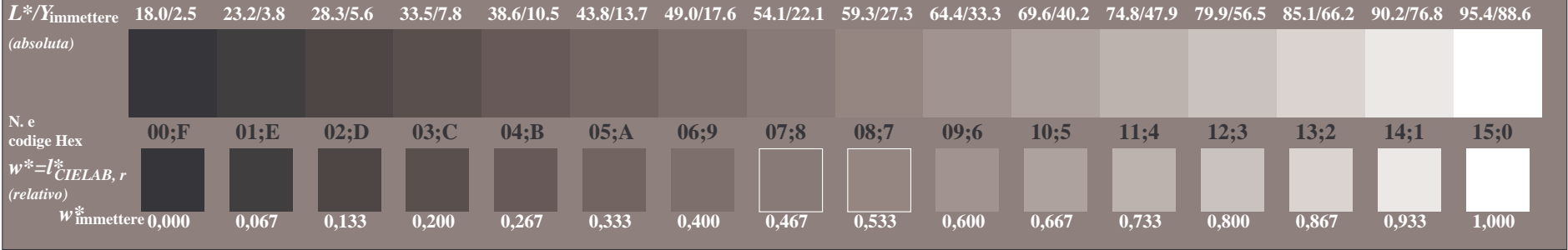
iscrizione TUB: 20160501-TI76/TI76L0NA.TXT /.PS  
Applicazione per la misura dell'output nella stampa di offset, separazione cmy0 (CMY0)  
TUB materiale: code=rh4ta



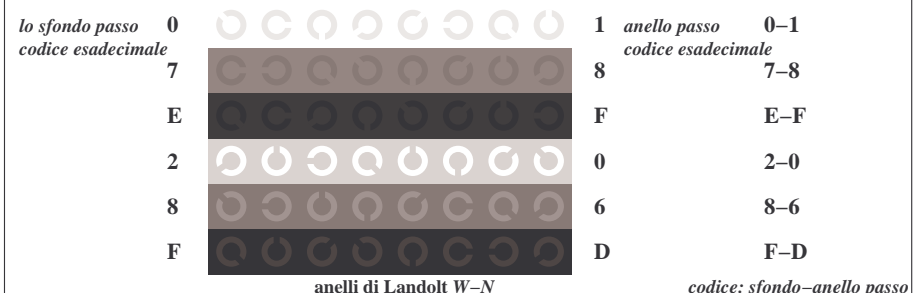
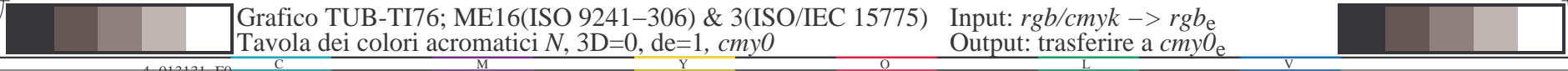
TI760-3, Fig. C1We: Elemento A: reticoli radiali N-W, W-N, N-Z i W-Z; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



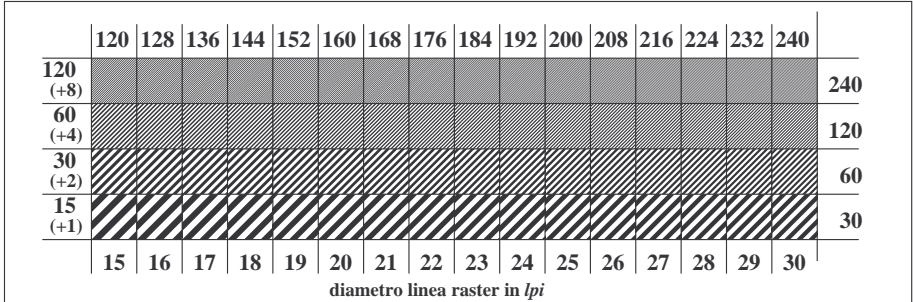
TI760-5, Fig. C2We: Elemento B: 5 equidistante  $L^*$  grigio passi +  $N_0$  +  $W_I$ ; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



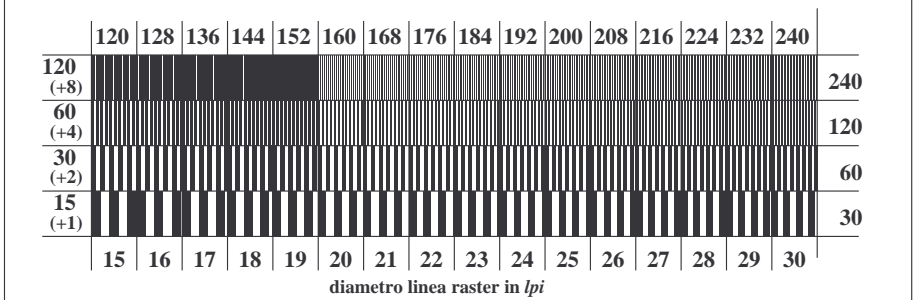
TI760-7, Fig. C3We: Elemento C: 16 equidistante  $L^*$  grigio passi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



TI761-1, Fig. C4We: Elemento D: anelli di Landolt W-N; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



TI761-3, Fig. C5We: Elemento E: Linea raster a 45° (o 135°) gradi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0



TI761-5, Fig. C6We: Elemento F: Linea raster a 90° (o 180°) gradi; PS operator: rgb/cmy0

