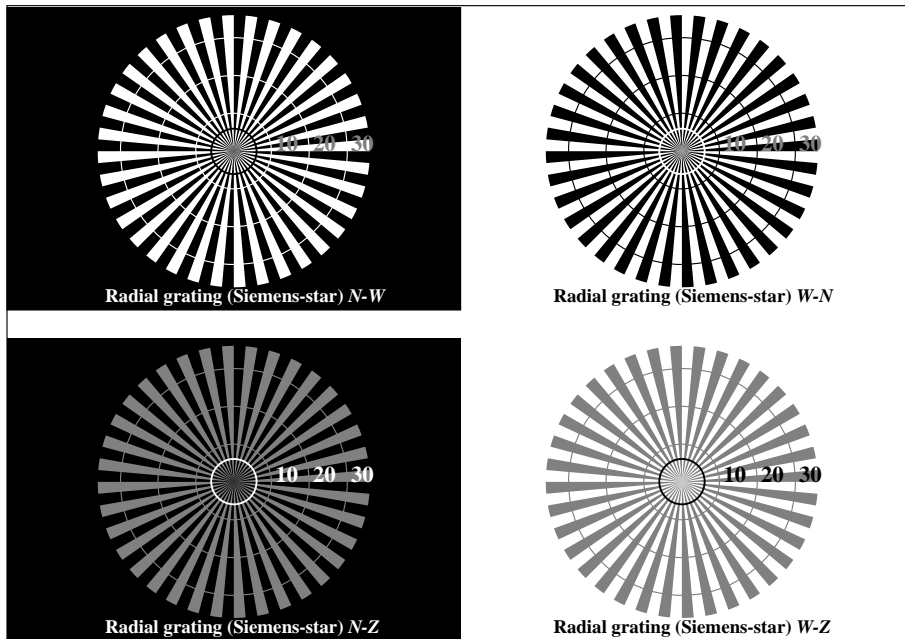


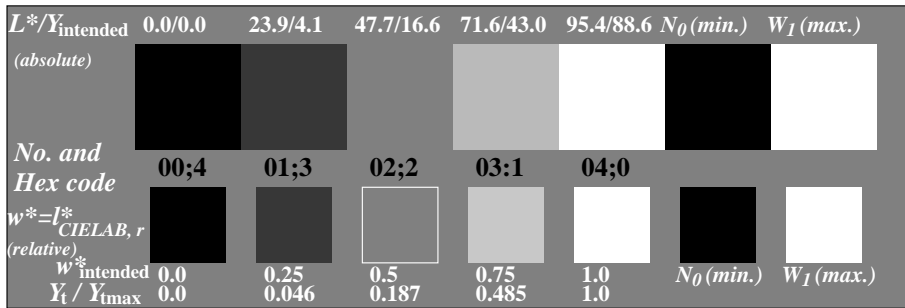
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE67/>
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=3.3, CIELAB, 1.0 exp

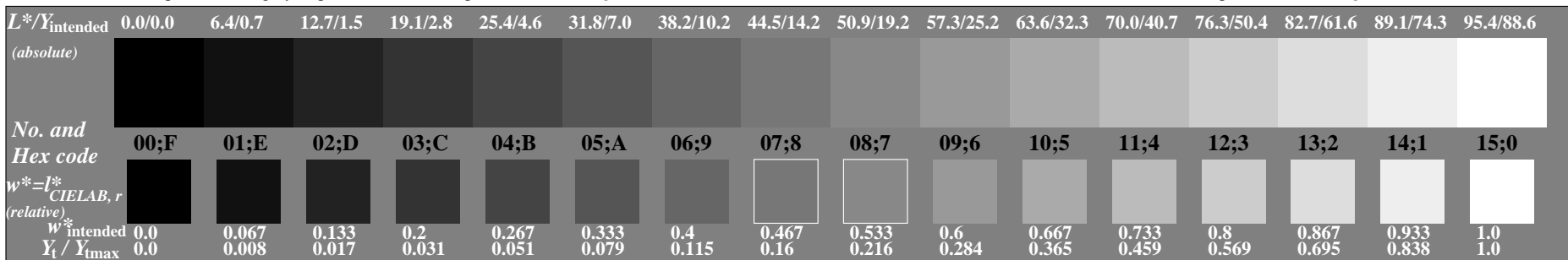
BAM registration: 20040101-CE67/10Q/Q67E00SP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta
 Application for achromatic display output with CIELAB contrast range $L^*_w:L^*_n = 95.4 : 0.0$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



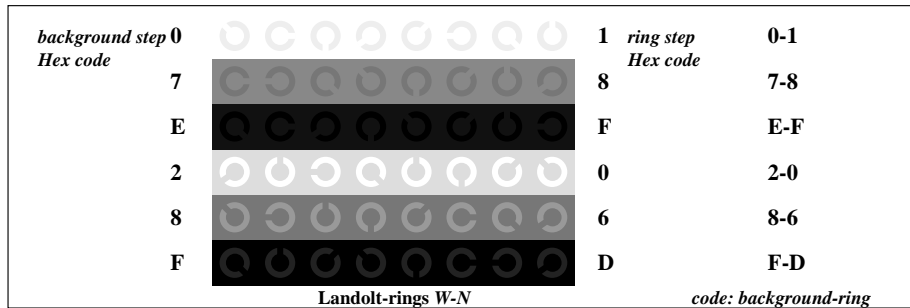
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.0$

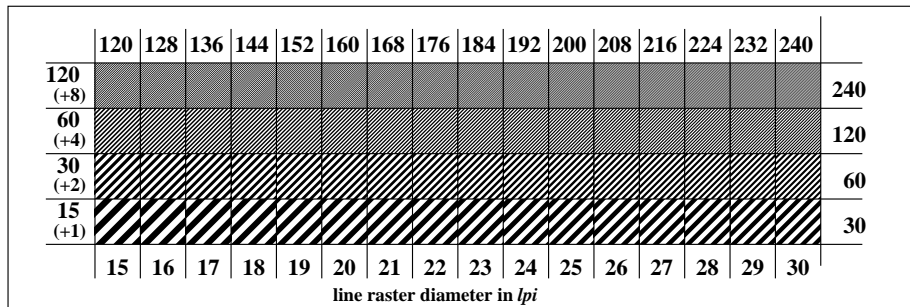
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

input: `www*setrgbcolor`

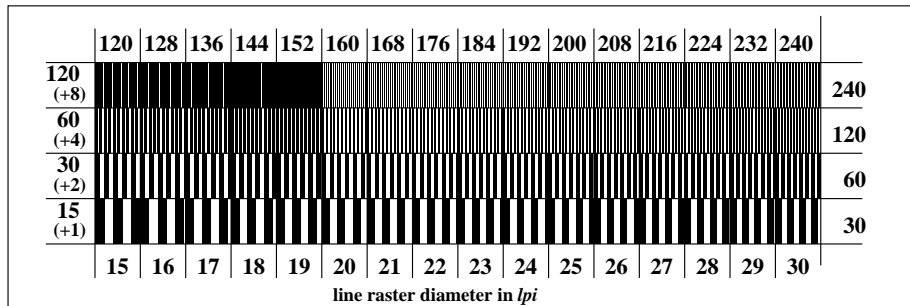
output: *no change compared to input*



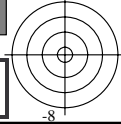
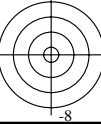
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



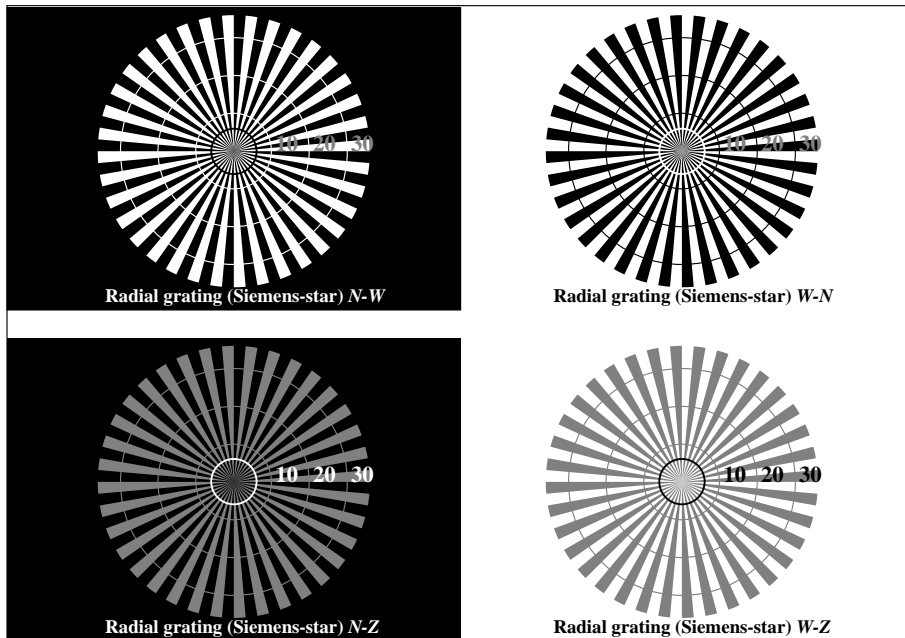
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator `www*setrgbcolor`



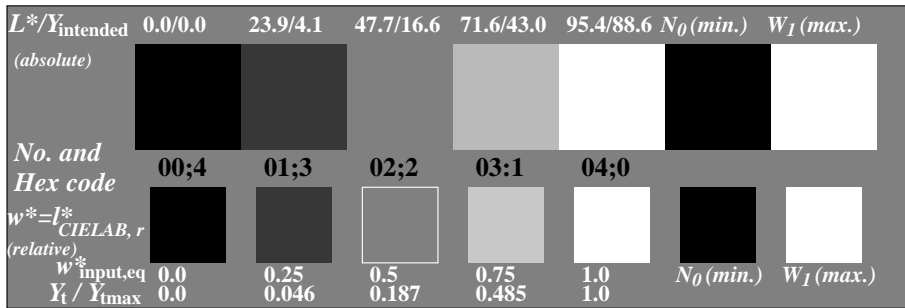
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE67/>
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=3.3, CIE LAB, 1.0 exp

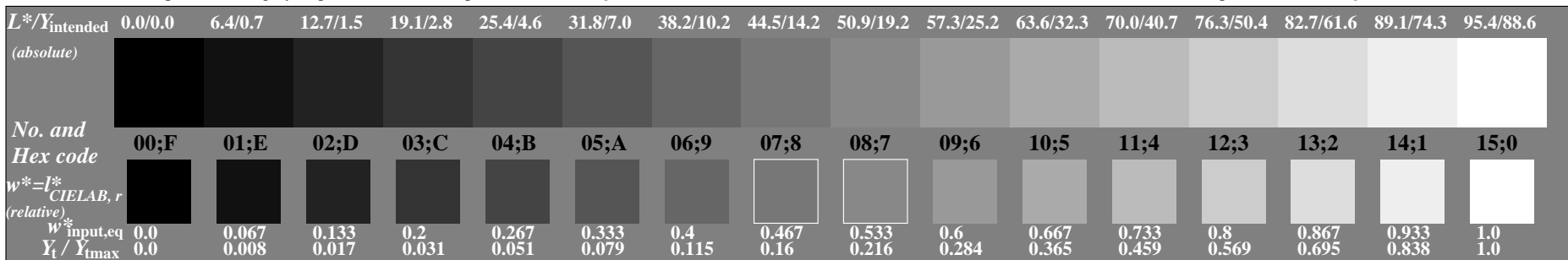
BAM registration: 20040101-CE67/10Q/Q67E10SP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range $L^*:W:L^*\eta = 95.4 : 0.0$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



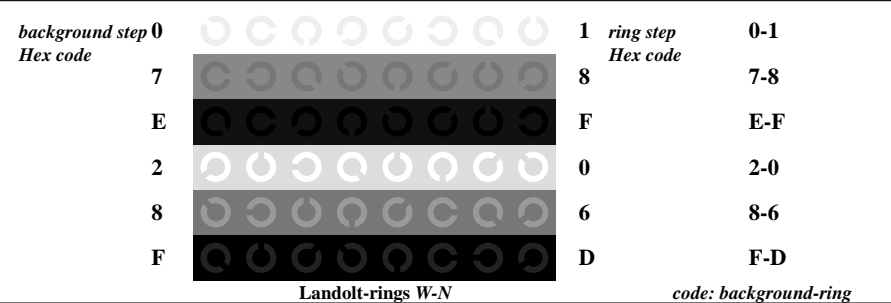
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



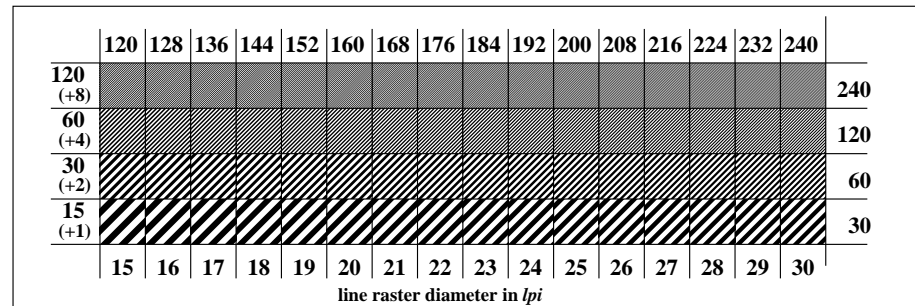
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.0$

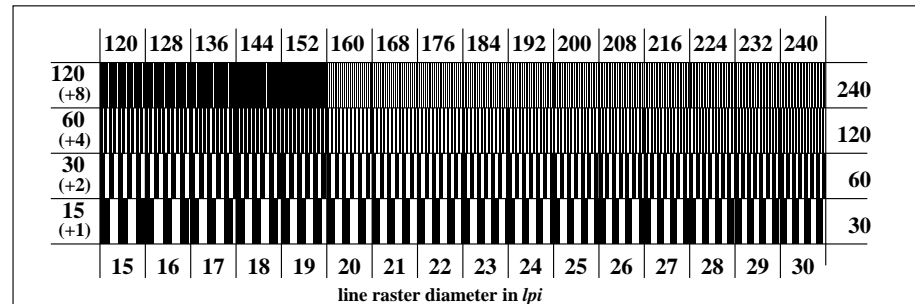
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`

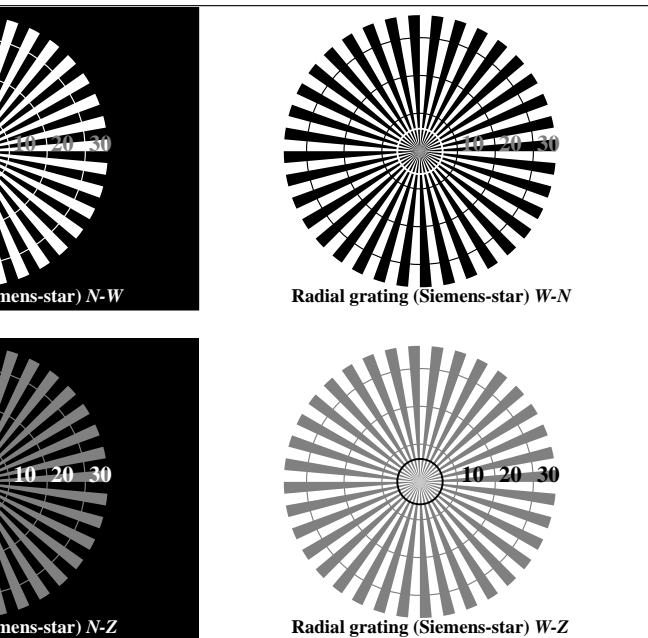


Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator `www*setrgbcolor`

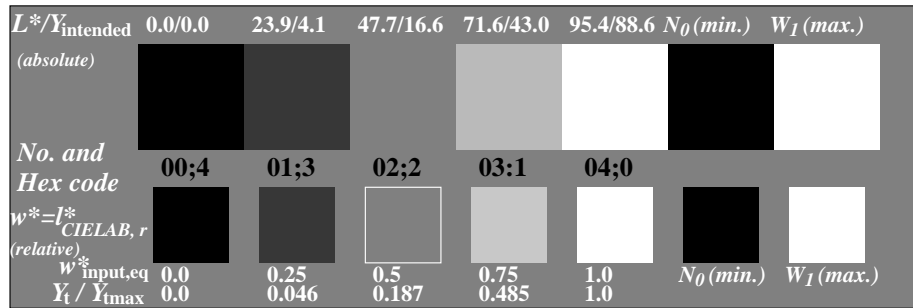
input: `www*setrgbcolor`

output: no change compared to input

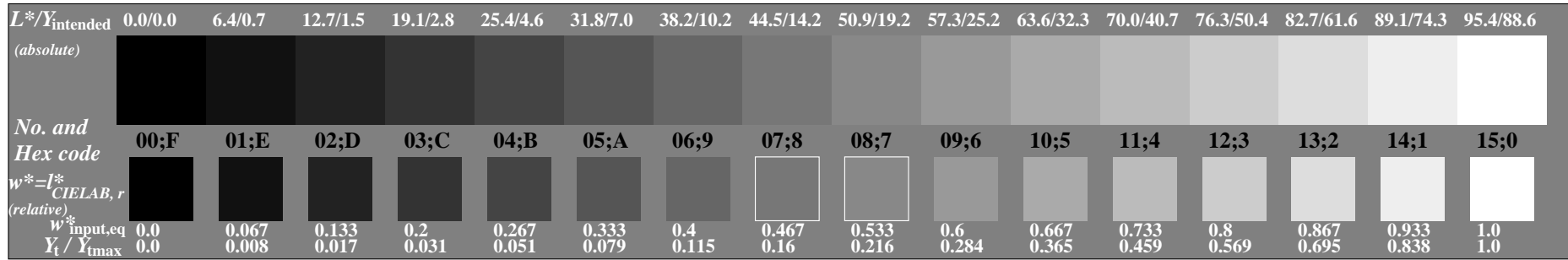




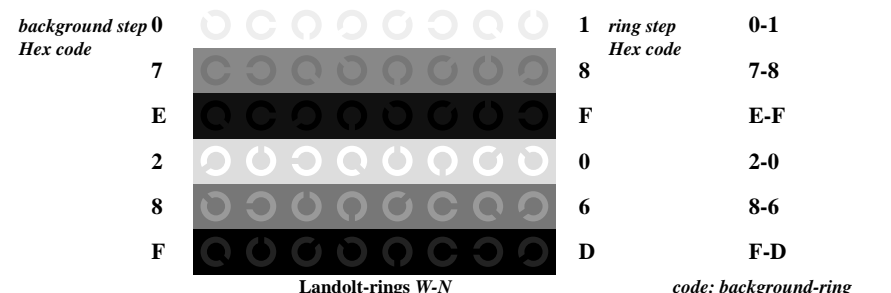
Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



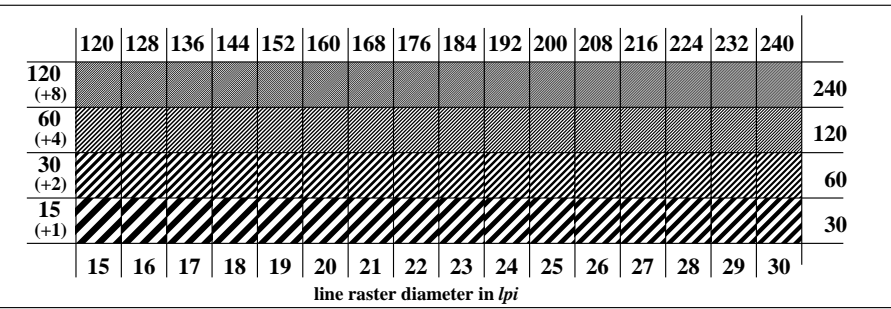
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



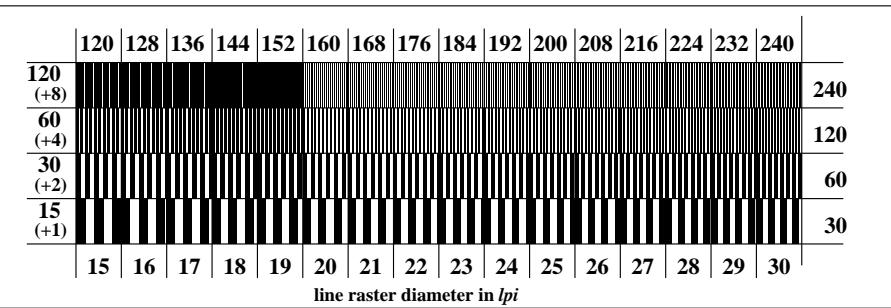
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator `www*setrgbcolor`

See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE67/>
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

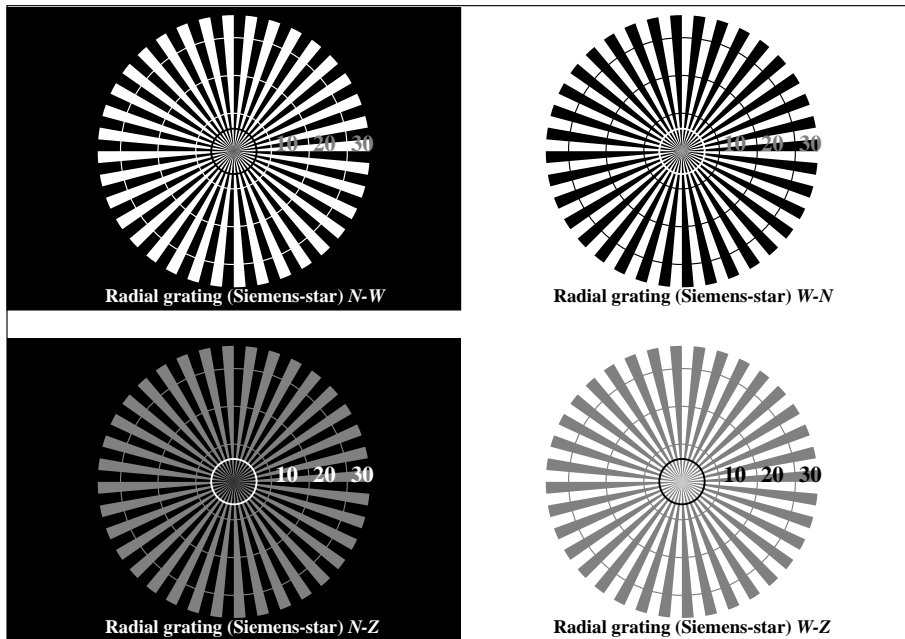
Version 2.0, io=3.3, CIELAB, 1.0 exp

BAM registration: 20040101-CE67/10Q/Q67E20SP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta
 Application for achromatic display output with CIELAB contrast range $L^*_w:L^*_n = 95.4 : 0.0$

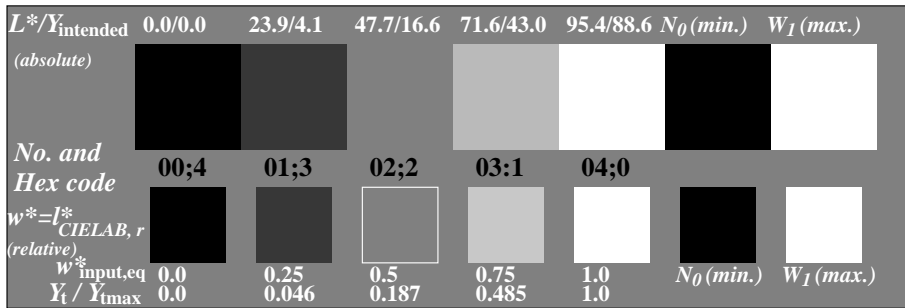
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE67/>
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=3.3, CIELAB, 1.0 exp

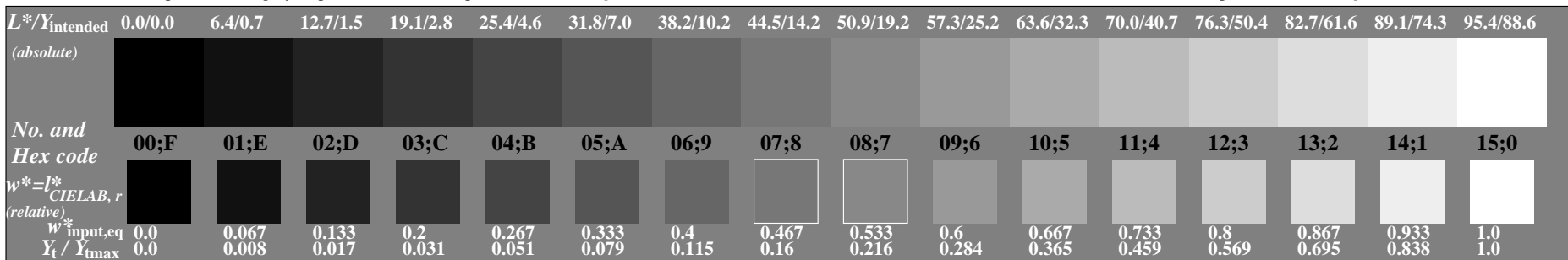
BAM registration: 20040101-CE67/10Q/Q67E30SP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta
 Application for achromatic display output with CIELAB contrast range $L^*_w:L^*_n = 95.4 : 0.0$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



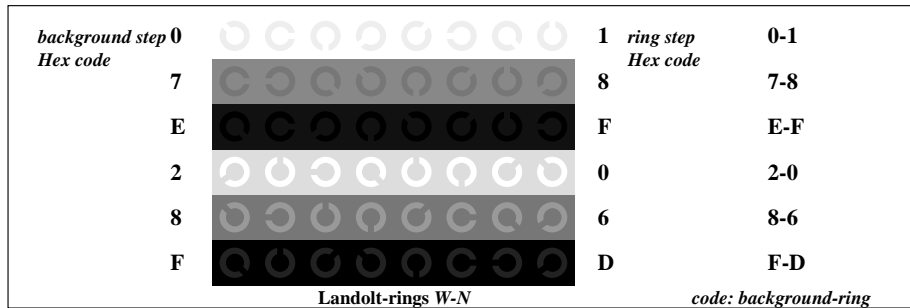
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.0$

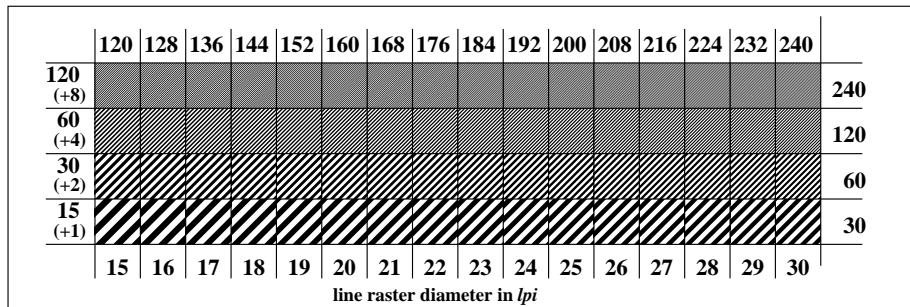
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

input: `www*setrgbcolor`

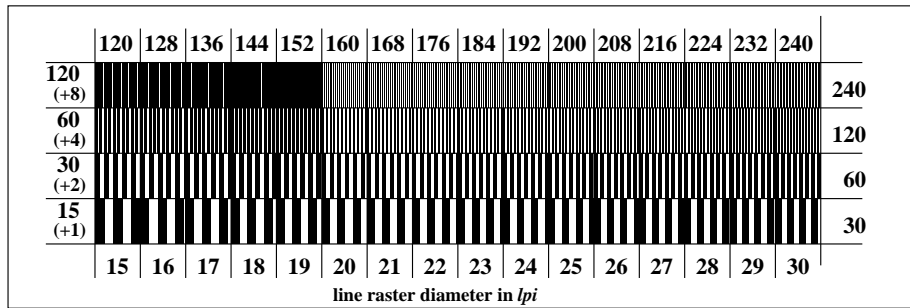
output: *no change compared to input*



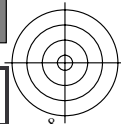
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



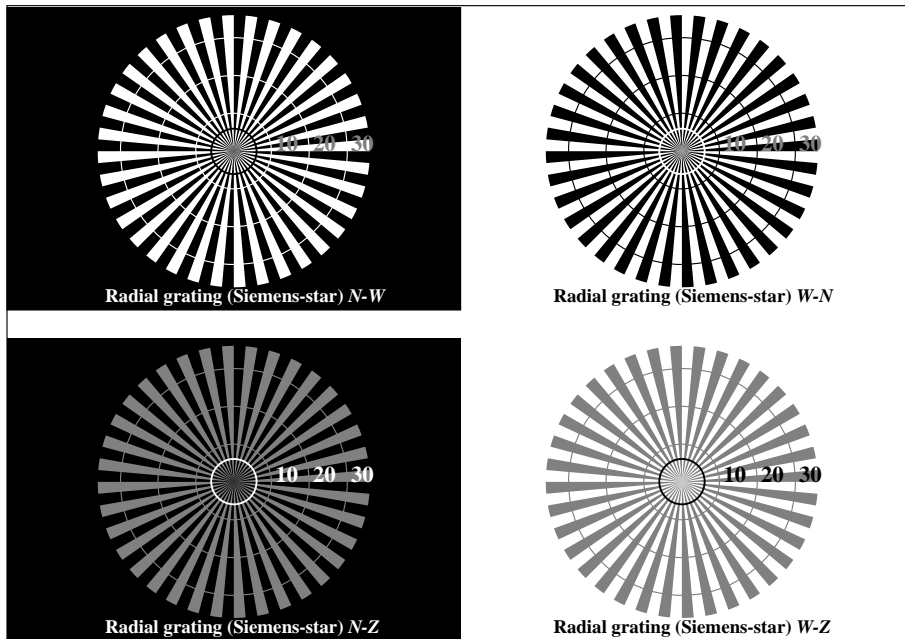
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator `www*setrgbcolor`



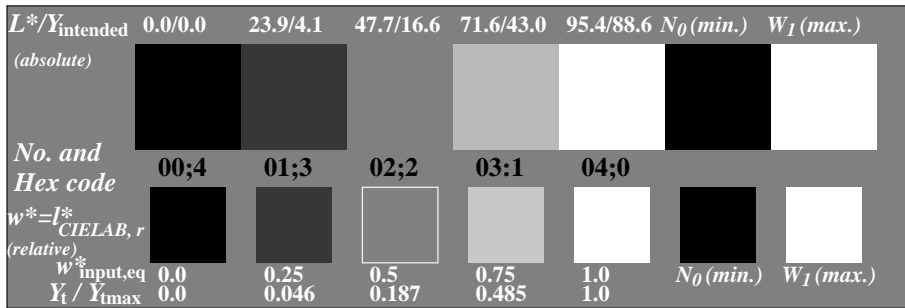
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE67/>
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=3.3, CIE LAB, 1.0 exp

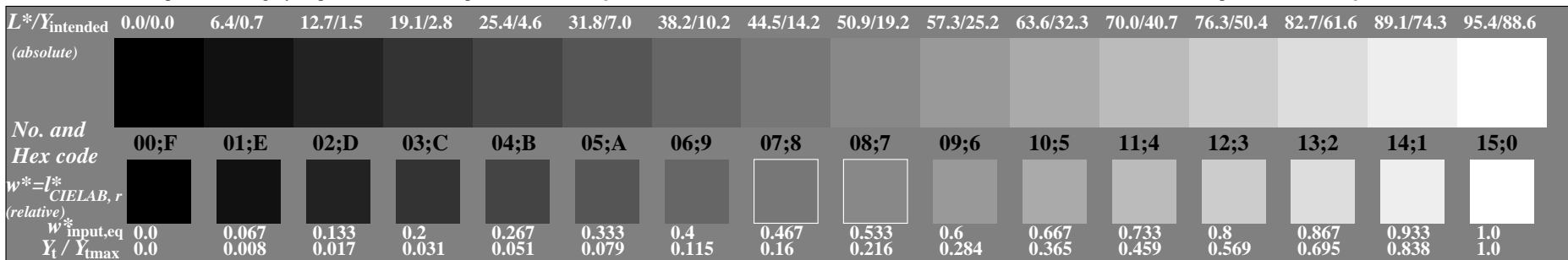
BAM registration: 20040101-CE67/10Q/Q67E40SP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range $L^*_w:L^*_n = 95.4 : 0.0$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



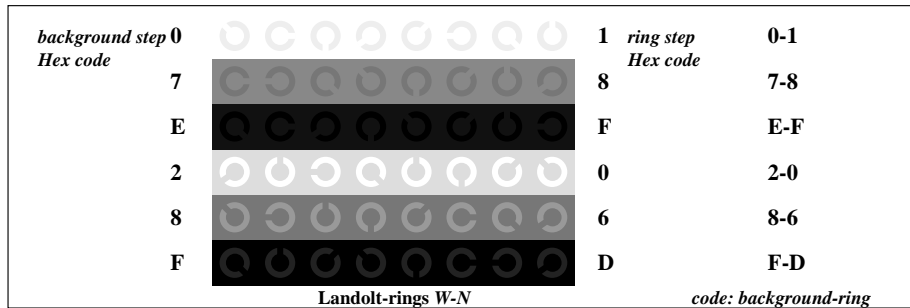
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.0$

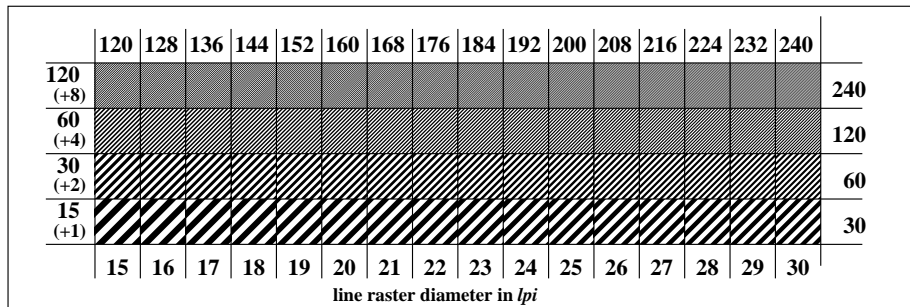
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

input: `www*setrgbcolor`

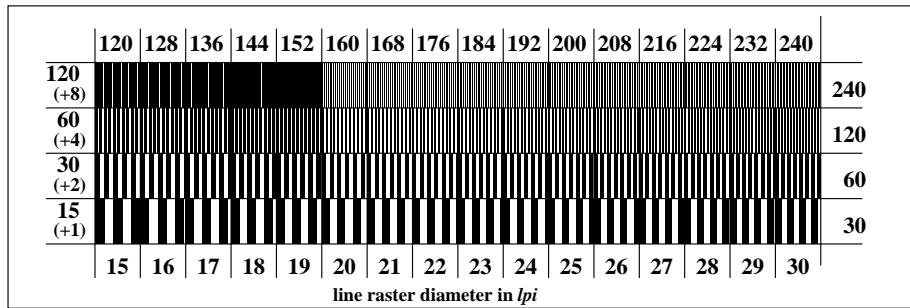
output: no change compared to input



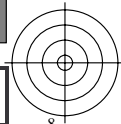
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



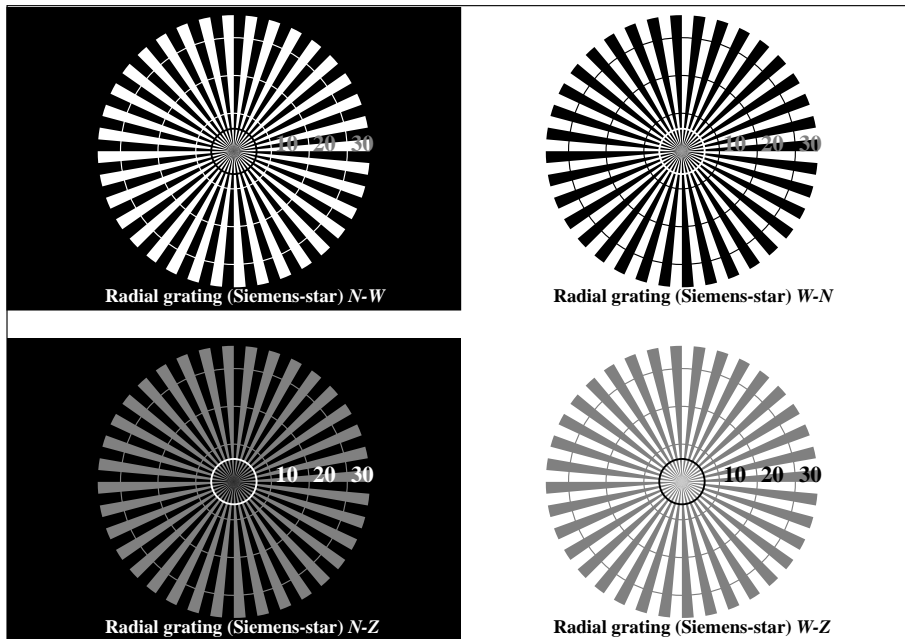
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator `www*setrgbcolor`



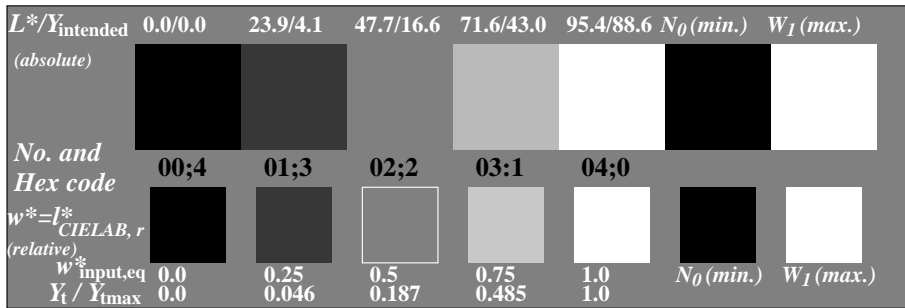
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE67/>
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=3.3, CIELAB, 1.0 exp

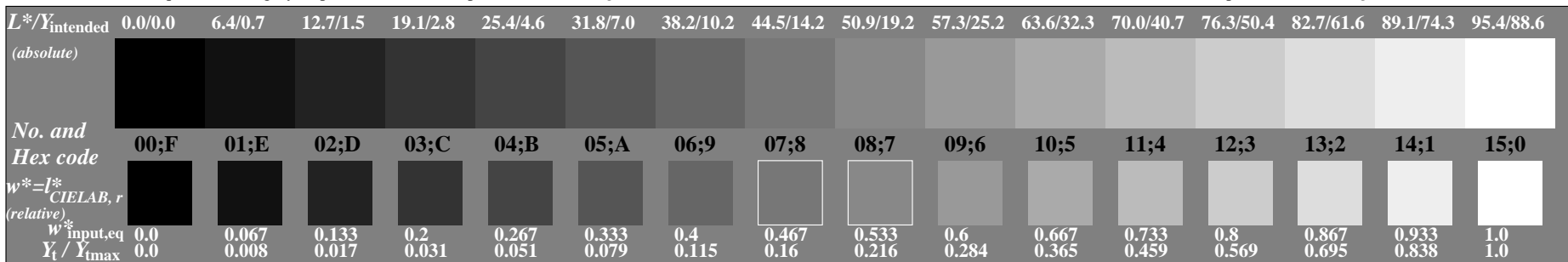
BAM registration: 20040101-CE67/10Q/Q67E50SP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta
 Application for achromatic display output with CIELAB contrast range $L^*_w:L^*_n = 95.4 : 0.0$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



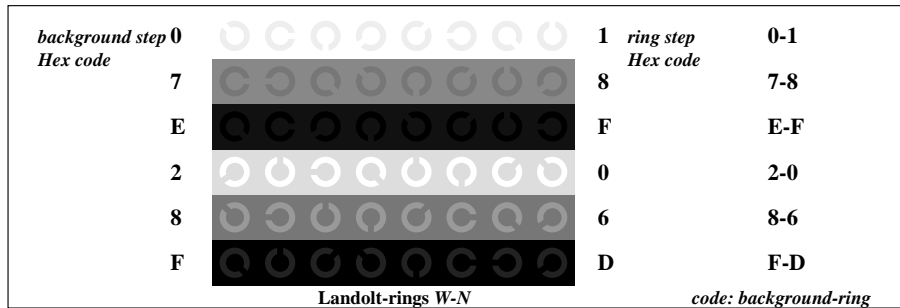
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.0$

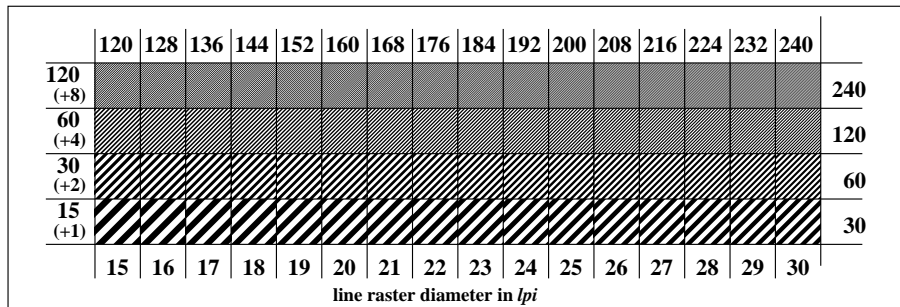
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

input: `www*setrgbcolor`

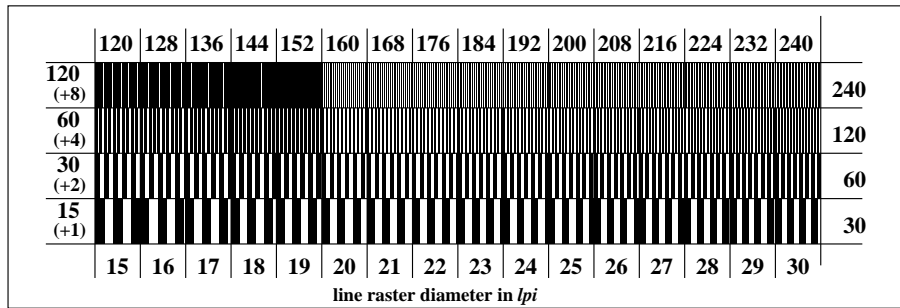
output: *no change compared to input*



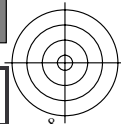
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



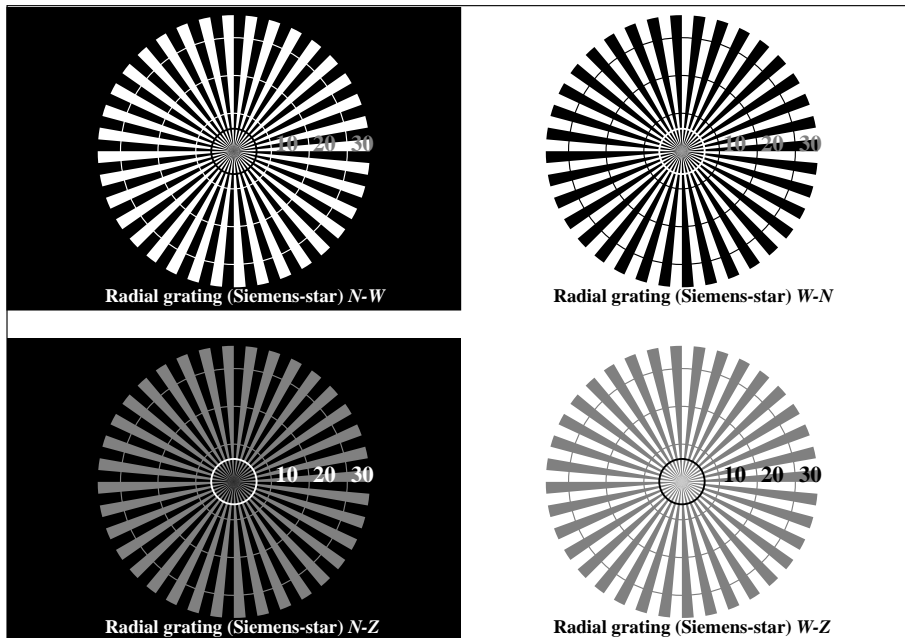
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator `www*setrgbcolor`



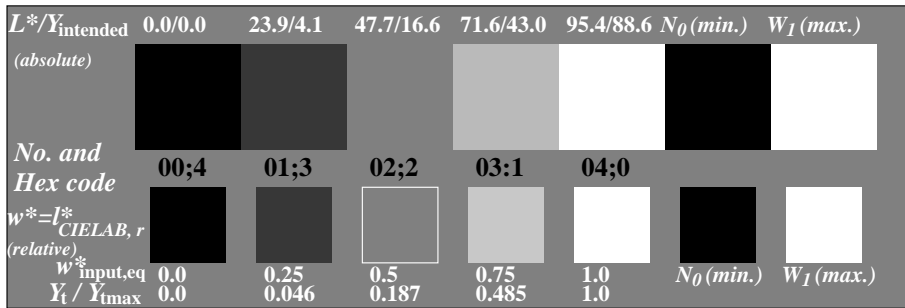
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE67/>
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=3.3, CIELAB, 1.0 exp

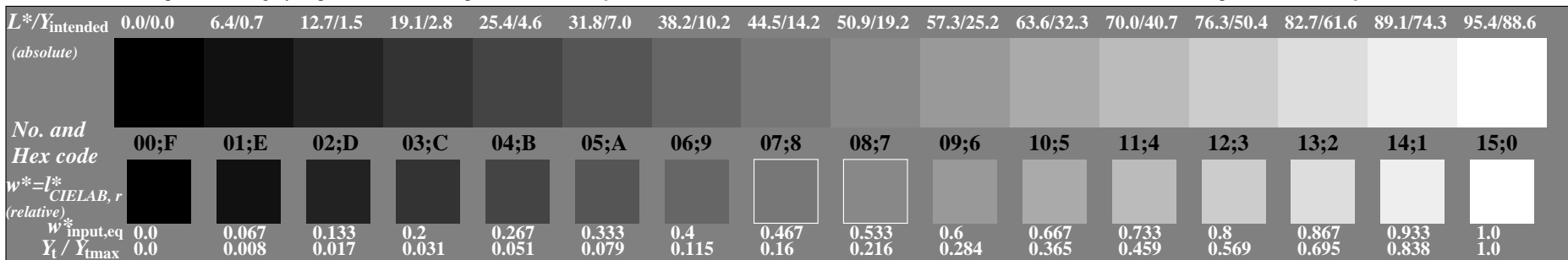
BAM registration: 20040101-CE67/10Q/Q67E60SP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta
 Application for achromatic display output with CIELAB contrast range $L^*_w:L^*_n = 95.4 : 0.0$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



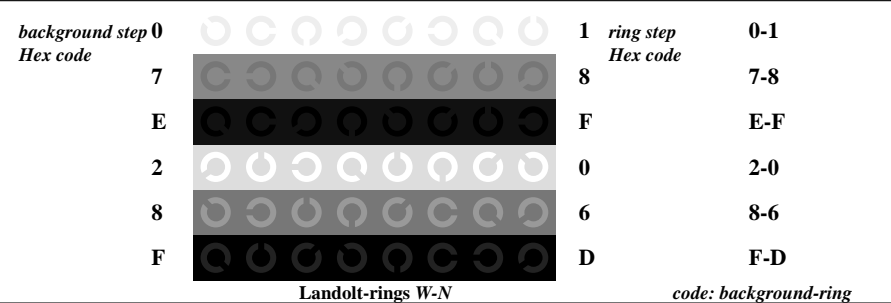
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



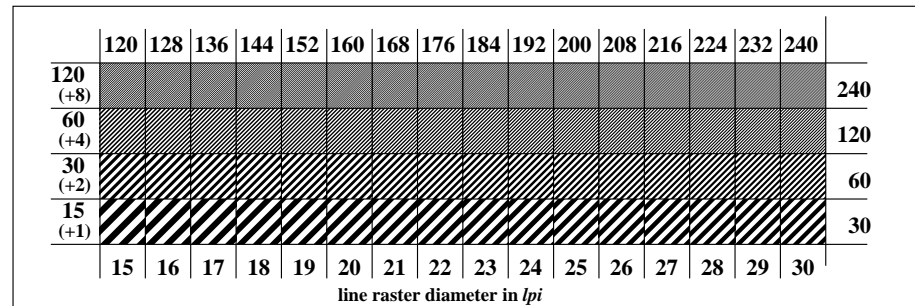
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.0$

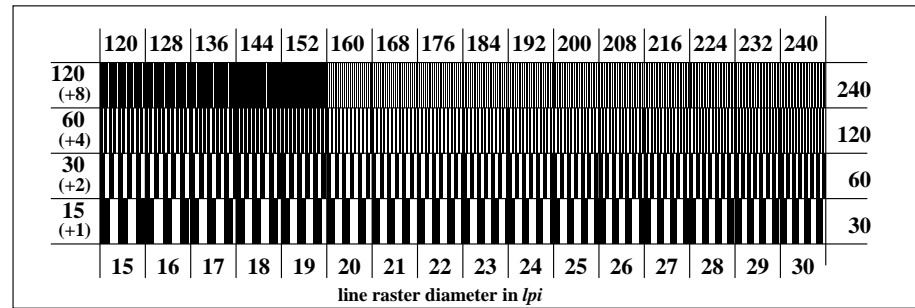
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator `www*setrgbcolor`

input: `www*setrgbcolor`

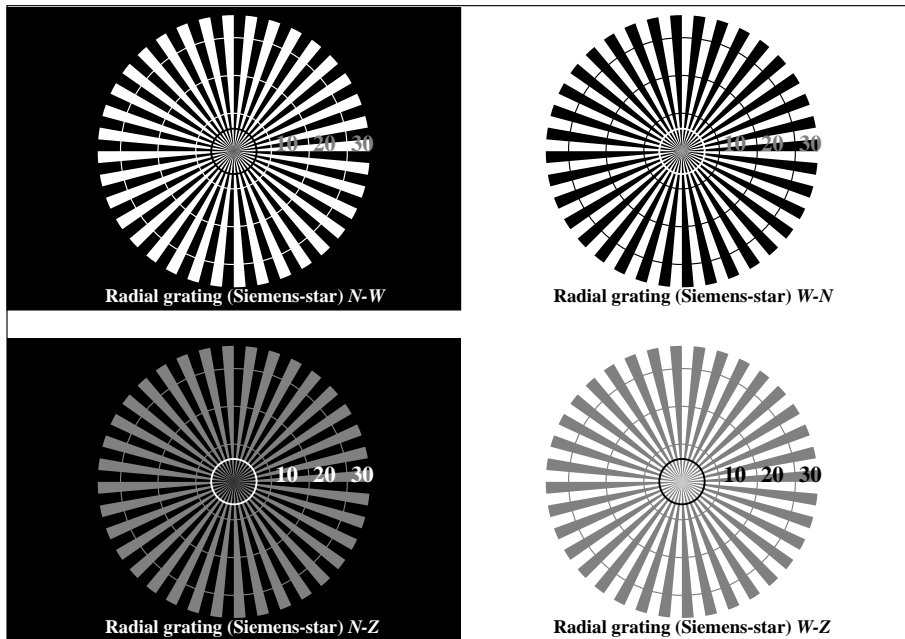
output: no change compared to input



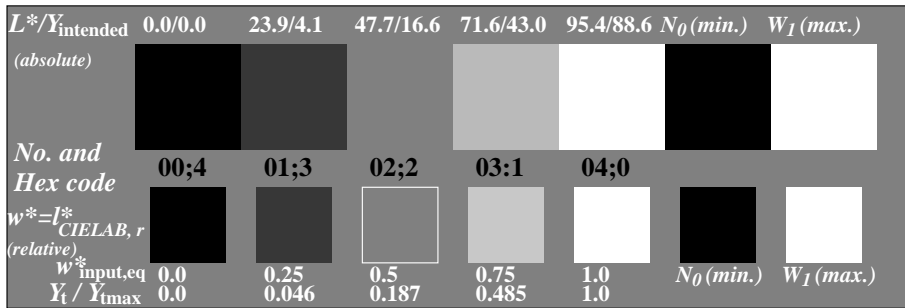
See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE67/>
 Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=3.3, CIE LAB, 1.0 exp

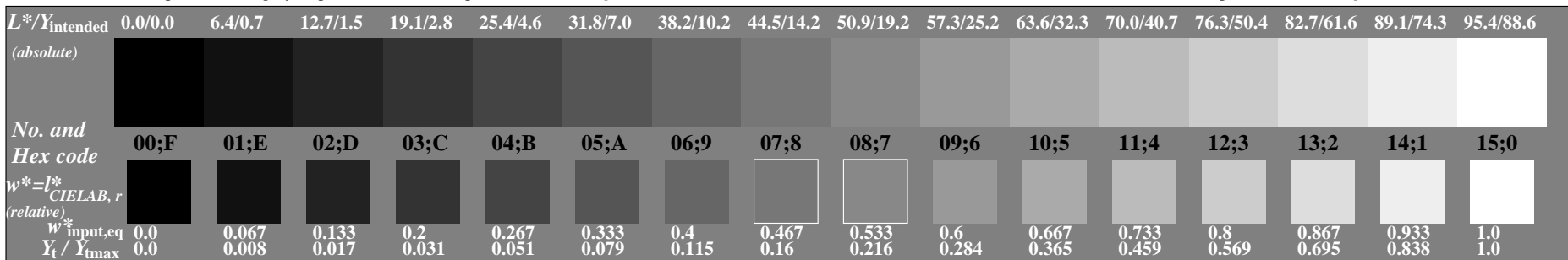
BAM registration: 20040101-CE67/10Q/Q67E70SP.PS/.PDF BAM material: code=rh4ta
 Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range $L^*:L^*_n = 95.4 : 0.0$



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



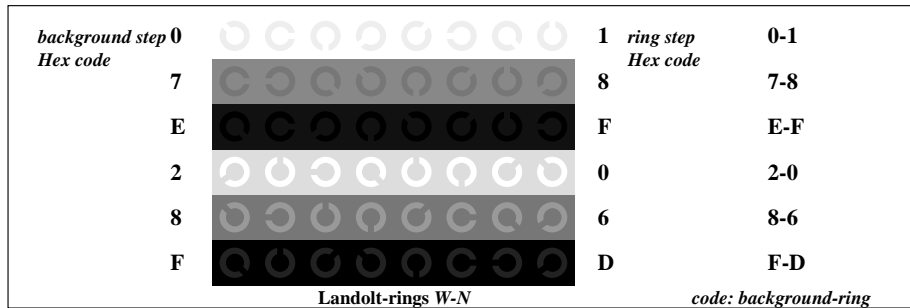
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.0$

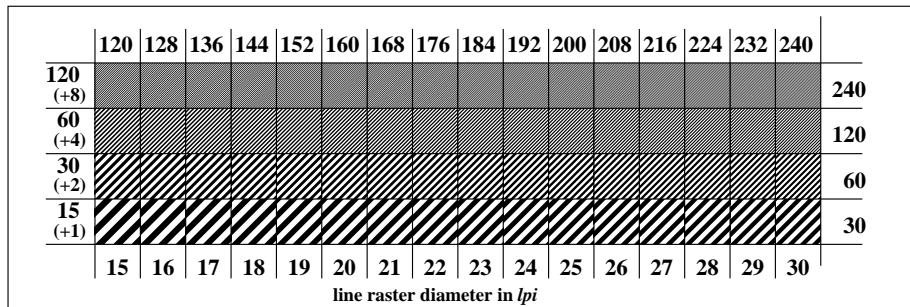
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

input: `www*setrgbcolor`

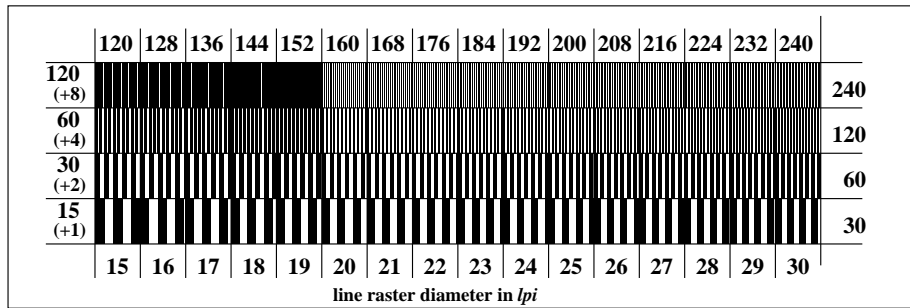
output: no change compared to input



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: `www*setrgbcolor`



Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator `www*setrgbcolor`

