

Basic television colour or mixture colour for D65 CIE data for White $Y_W=100$	CIELAB data $L^*a^*b^*C^*_{ab}h_{ab}$ ( $Y_{d,P1}=100$ for White D65)				
	$L^*_d$	$a^*_d$	$b^*_d$	$C^*_{ab,d}$	$h_{ab,d}$
<i>three additive mixture colours of ITU-R BT.709.3, sRGB, IEC 61966-2-1</i>					
<b>C<sub>P1</sub> Cyan 100</b> ( $rgb=rgb^*=0\ 1\ 1$ )	91,11	-48,08	-14,13	50,11	199
<b>M<sub>P1</sub> Magenta 100</b> ( $rgb=rgb^*=1\ 0\ 1$ )	60,31	98,22	-60,84	115,54	324
<b>Y<sub>P1</sub> Yellow 100</b> ( $rgb=rgb^*=1\ 1\ 0$ )	97,13	-21,57	94,48	96,91	110
<i>three additive basic colours of ITU-R BT.709.3, sRGB, IEC 61966-2-1</i>					
<b>R<sub>P1</sub> Red 100</b> ( $rgb=rgb^*=1\ 0\ 0$ )	53,23	80,07	67,19	104,53	19
<b>G<sub>P1</sub> Green 100</b> ( $rgb=rgb^*=0\ 1\ 0$ )	87,73	-86,18	83,18	119,78	144
<b>B<sub>P1</sub> Blue 100</b> ( $rgb=rgb^*=0\ 0\ 1$ )	32,30	79,19	-107,86	133,81	290
<i>achromatic colours with different normalization:</i>					
<b>W<sub>P1</sub> White 200</b> ( $rgb^*=p\ p\ p$ ) $p=1,30$	130,15	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
<b>W<sub>D0</sub> White 100</b> ( $rgb=rgb^*=1\ 1\ 1$ )	100,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
<b>N<sub>d0</sub> Black 2,5</b> ( $rbg=rgb^*=0\ 0\ 0$ )	17,91	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
<b>N<sub>p1</sub> Black 1,8</b> ( $rgb^*=q\ q\ q$ ) $q=-0,03$	14,40	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00