

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz- $\bullet L_g=630\text{cd/m}^2$
 renzschwelle

04 26s A 630cd/m^2 ; pot4

$$\Delta L = A_4[A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

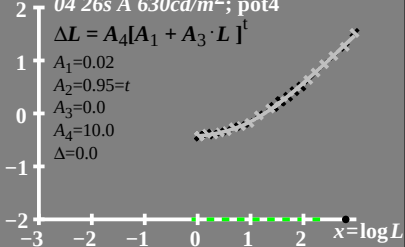
$$A_1=0.02$$

$$A_2=0.95=t$$

$$A_3=0.0$$

$$A_4=10.0$$

$$\Delta=0.0$$



$\log(L/\Delta L)$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

04 26s A 630 cd/m^2 ; pot4

$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_2 \cdot t + A_3 \cdot t^2 + A_4 \cdot t^3)]$$

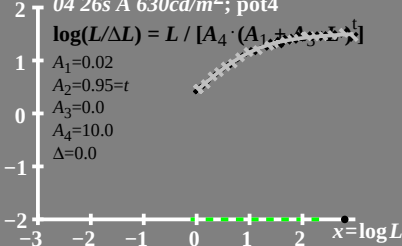
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$$A_3 = 0.0$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle g

04 26s A 630 cd/m^2 ; pot4

$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_3 \cdot L)^{t_1}]$$

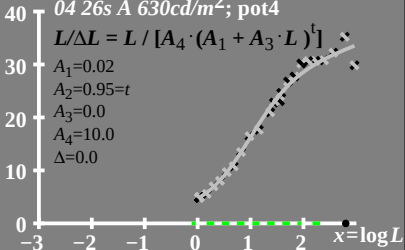
$$A_1 = 0.02$$

$$A_2 = 0.95 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.0$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

• $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

04 26s A 630 cd/m^2 ; pot4

$$T^* = A_4[A_1 + A \cdot L^t - 1]$$

$A_1 = 0.02$

$A_2 = 0.95 = t$

$A_3 = 0.0$

$A_4 = 10.0$

$\Delta = 0.0$

