

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
 renzschwelle • $L_g = 6,3 \text{cd/m}^2$

02 0,1s B 6,3cd/m²; pot4

$$\Delta L = A_4 [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

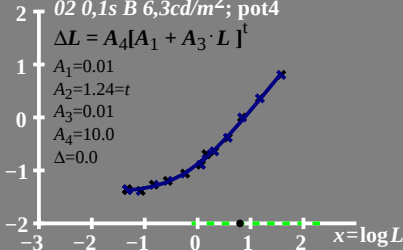
$$A_1 = 0.01$$

$$A_2 = 1.24 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.01$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



log(L/ΔL) Leuchtdichte-Kontrast
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

02 0,1s B 6,3cd/m²; pot4

$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_3 \cdot L)^t]$$

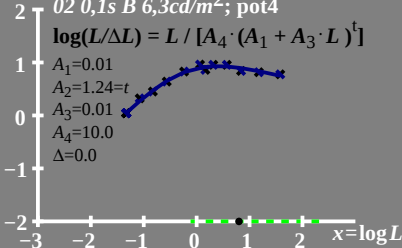
$$A_1 = 0.01$$

$$A_2 = 1.24 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.01$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 6,3 \text{ cd/m}^2$
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

02 0,1s B 6,3cd/m²; pot4

$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_3 \cdot L)^t]$$

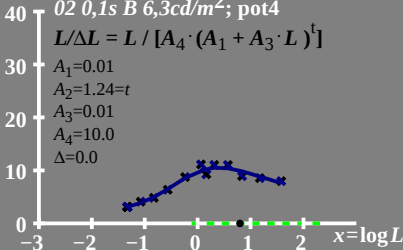
$$A_1 = 0.01$$

$$A_2 = 1.24 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.01$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

• $L_g = 6,3 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 0,1s B 6,3cd/m²; pot4

$$T^* = A_4[A_1 + A \cdot L^t - 1]$$

$$A_1 = 0.01$$

$$A_2 = 1.24 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.01$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.0$$

