

log  $\Delta L$  Leuchtdichte-Differenz- $\bullet L_g = 63 \text{cd/m}^2$   
 renzschwelle

02 0,1s Y 63cd/m<sup>2</sup>; pot3

$$\Delta L = A_4 [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

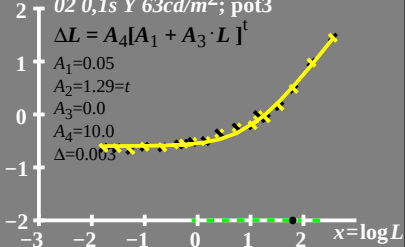
$$A_1 = 0.05$$

$$A_2 = 1.29 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.0$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.003$$



**log(L/ΔL) Leuchtdichte-Kontrast**  
**Empfindlichkeitsschwelle**

02 0,1s Y 63cd/m<sup>2</sup>; pot3

$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_2 \cdot A_3 \cdot L)^t]$$

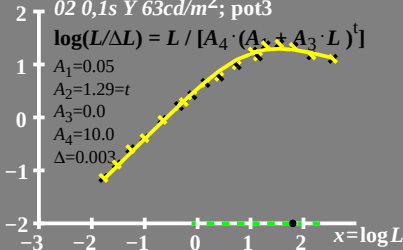
$$A_1 = 0.05$$

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$$A_3 = 0.0$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.003$$



$L/\Delta L$  Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$   
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

02 0,1s Y 63cd/m<sup>2</sup>; pot3

$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_3 \cdot L)^t]$$

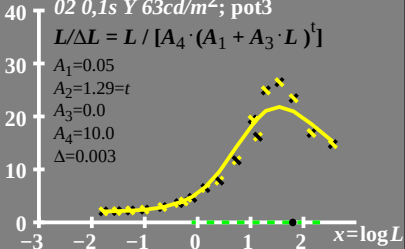
$$A_1 = 0.05$$

$$A_2 = 1.29 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.0$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.003$$



$T^*$  Leuchtdichte-Differenz-  
renzschwellensumme

•  $L_g = 63 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 0,1s Y 63cd/m<sup>2</sup>; pot3

$$T^* = A_4[A_1 + A \cdot L^t - 1]$$

$$A_1 = 0.05$$

$$A_2 = 1.29 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.0$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.003$$

