

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
 renzschwelle • $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

04 0,1s A 630 cd/m^2 ; pot3

$$\Delta L = A_4 [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

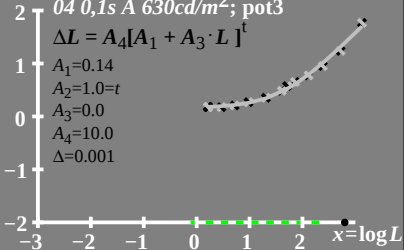
$$A_1 = 0.14$$

$$A_2 = 1.0 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.0$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.001$$



$\log(L/\Delta L)$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

04 0,1s A 630cd/m²; pot3

$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_2 \cdot J)^{t_1}]$$

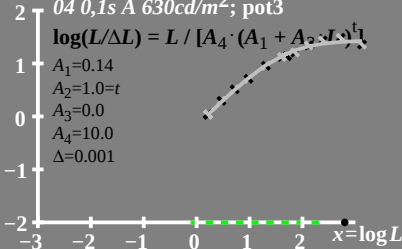
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$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

04 0,1s A 630 cd/m^2 ; pot3

$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_4 \cdot (A_1 + A_3 \cdot L)^t]$$

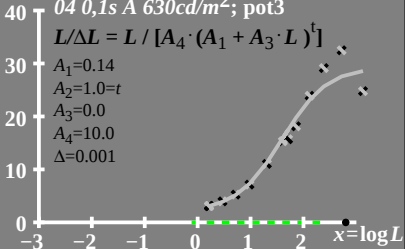
$$A_1 = 0.14$$

$$A_2 = 1.0 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.0$$

$$A_4 = 10.0$$

$$\Delta = 0.001$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

• $L_g = 630 \text{ cd/m}^2$

80 04 0,1s A 630cd/m²; pot3

$$T^* = A_4[A_1 + A \cdot L^t - 1]$$

60 $A_1 = 0.14$

$A_2 = 1.0 = t$

40 $A_3 = 0.0$

$A_4 = 10.0$

20 $\Delta = 0.001$

