

log ΔL Leuchtdichte-Differenz- $\bullet L_g=6,3\text{cd/m}^2$
 renzschwelle

02 0,1s Y 6,3cd/m²; pot3

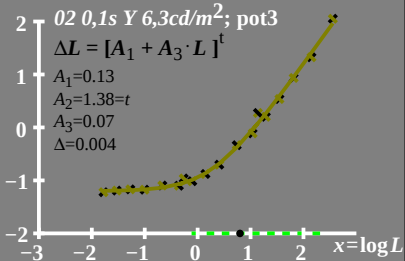
$$\Delta L = [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1=0.13$$

$$A_2=1.38=t$$

$$A_3=0.07$$

$$\Delta=0.004$$



$\log(L/\Delta L)$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast-
Empfindlichkeitsschwelle $L_g = 6,3 \text{ cd/m}^2$

02 0,1s Y 6,3cd/m²; pot3

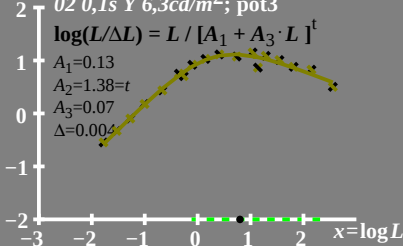
$$\log(L/\Delta L) = L / [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.13$$

$$A_2 = 1.38 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.07$$

$$\Delta = 0.004$$



$L/\Delta L$ Leuchtdichte-Kontrast- $\bullet L_g = 6,3 \text{cd/m}^2$
 Empfindlichkeitsschwelle

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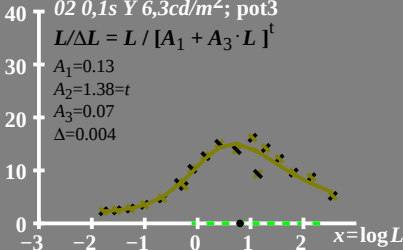
$$L/\Delta L = L / [A_1 + A_3 \cdot L]^t$$

$$A_1 = 0.13$$

$$A_2 = 1.38 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.07$$

$$\Delta = 0.004$$



T^* Leuchtdichte-Differenz-
renzschwellensumme

02 0,1s Y 6,3cd/m²; pot3

$$T^* = [A_1 + A \cdot L]^t - 1$$

$$A_1 = 0.13$$

$$A_2 = 1.38 = t$$

$$A_3 = 0.07$$

$$\Delta = 0.004$$

$$L_g = 6,3 \text{cd/m}^2$$

