



http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrikt/UE12/UE12L0N1.TXT/.PS; start output
N: no 3D-linearization (OL) in file (F) or PS-startup (S), page 1/1

see similar files: http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrikt/UE12/UE12.HTML
technical information: http://www.ps.bam.de or http://130.149.60.45/~farbmetrikt

Colour thresholds and potential functions with four constants A_i		
nonlinear color terms	name and relationship of tristimulus values XYZ, and the chromatic values (A, B)	notes
Threshold space	$T^* = A_1 \cdot [(A_3 + A_4 \cdot Y)^{\frac{g}{g-1}} - 1] \quad (g = A_2)$	$L/dL = = (x/y \cdot y_n/y_n) \cdot Y$
ABY-JND6 equation (6)	$dT^* / dY = g \cdot A_1 \cdot A_4 \cdot (A_3 + A_4 \cdot Y)^{\frac{g}{g-1}}$ $dY = 1 / [g \cdot A_1 \cdot A_4 \cdot (A_3 + A_4 \cdot Y)^{\frac{g}{g-1}}]$ necessary for least square fit of data: $dT^* / dA_1 = (A_3 + A_4 \cdot Y)^{\frac{g}{g-1}} - 1 \quad (g = A_2)$ $dT^* / dg = A_1 \cdot (A_3 + A_4 \cdot Y)^{\frac{g}{g-1}} \cdot \ln(A_3 + A_4 \cdot Y)$ $dT^* / dA_3 = g \cdot A_1 \cdot (A_3 + A_4 \cdot Y)^{\frac{g}{g-1}}$ $dT^* / dA_4 = g \cdot A_1 \cdot (A_3 + A_4 \cdot Y)^{\frac{g}{g-1}} \cdot Y$	Normalization similar to CIELAB: $X_{01} = X \cdot X_{10}^{\frac{1}{g}}; Y_{01} = Y \cdot Y_{10}^{\frac{1}{g}}$ $Z_{01} = Z \cdot Z_{10}^{\frac{1}{g}}$ Relation for complementary (c) colours: $X_{01c} = 1 - X_{01}; Y_{01c} = 1 - Y_{01}$ $Z_{01c} = 1 - Z_{01}$ Chromatic values: $A_{01} = (a_{01} - a_{01a}) \cdot Y_{01}$ $= (X_{01} / Y_{01} - 1) \cdot Y_{01}$ $= (X_{01} / Y_{01} - 1) \cdot Y_{01}$ $= X_{01} - Y_{01} = -A_{01c}$
Properties complementary colours	$A_{01c} = -A_{01}; B_{01c} = -B_{01}; C_{ab,01c} = C_{ab,01};$ $\Delta A_{01c} = \Delta A_{01}; \Delta B_{01c} = \Delta B_{01}; \Delta C_{ab,01c} = \Delta C_{ab,01}; \Delta Y/Y = \text{const}$	

1-000030-10

UE12(20-3N)

Colour thresholds and potential functions with three constants A_i		
nonlinear color terms	name and relationship of tristimulus value difference threshold dY and tristimulus value Y	notes
Threshold space	$x = A_3 + A_1 \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}} \quad (g = A_2)$	-
ABY-JND7 equation (7)	$F = \log(x)$ $dF / dx = 1 / [x \cdot \log(10.)]$ necessary for least square fit of data: $dx / dA_1 = Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}$ $dx / dg = A_1 \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}} \cdot \ln(Y) \quad (g = A_2)$ $dx / dA_3 = 1$ $dx / dY = A_1 \cdot g \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}$	
logarithmic approximation	$dF / dY = dF / dx \cdot [dx / dY]$ $= [A_1 \cdot g \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}] / [x \cdot \log(10.)]$ for $dF = 1$: $dY = [x \cdot \log(10.)] / [A_1 \cdot g \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}]$ $Y / dY = [A_1 \cdot g \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}] / [x \cdot \log(10.)]$	

1-000030-10

UE12(20-7N)

Colour thresholds and potential functions with three constants A_i		
nonlinear color terms	name and relationship of tristimulus value difference threshold dY and tristimulus value Y	notes
Threshold space	$x = A_3 + A_1 \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}} \quad (g = A_2)$	$L/dL = = (x/y \cdot y_n/y_n) \cdot Y$
ABY-JND7 equation (7)	$F = \log(x)$ $dF / dx = 1 / [x \cdot \log(10.)]$ necessary for least square fit of data: $dx / dA_1 = Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}$ $dx / dg = A_1 \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}} \cdot \ln(Y)$ $dx / dA_3 = 1$ $dx / dY = A_1 \cdot g \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}$	Normalization similar to CIELAB: $X_{01} = XX_{10}; Y_{01} = YY_{10};$ $Z_{01} = ZZ_{10}$ Relation for complementary (c) colours: $X_{01c} = 1 - X_{01}; Y_{01c} = 1 - Y_{01}$ $Z_{01c} = 1 - Z_{01}$ Chromatic values: $A_{01} = (a_{01} - a_{01a}) \cdot Y_{01}$ $= (X_{01} / Y_{01} - 1) \cdot Y_{01}$ $= (X_{01} / Y_{01} - 1) \cdot Y_{01}$ $= X_{01} - Y_{01} = -A_{01c}$
for $dT^* = 1$:	$dF / dY = dF / dx \cdot [dx / dY]$ $= [A_1 \cdot g \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}] / [x \cdot \log(10.)]$ for $dF = 1$: $dY = [x \cdot \log(10.)] / [A_1 \cdot g \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}]$ $Y / dY = [A_1 \cdot g \cdot Y^{\frac{g}{g-1}}] / [x \cdot \log(10.)]$	

1-000030-10

UE12(11-3N)

Colour thresholds and potential functions with three constants A_i		
nonlinear color terms	name and relationship of tristimulus value difference threshold dY and tristimulus value Y	notes
Threshold space	$x = [A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]^{\frac{g}{g-1}} \quad (g = A_2)$	$A_1+A_3Y=1-s+s\cdot Y Y_s$ this equation defines: $s = 1 - A_1$ $Y_s = (1 - A_1/A_3)$
ABY-JND9 equation (9)	$F = \log(x)$ $dF / dx = 1 / [x \cdot \log(10.)]$ necessary for least square fit of data: $dx / dA_1 = g \cdot [A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]^{\frac{g}{g-1}}$ $dx / dg = [A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]^{\frac{g}{g-1}} \cdot \ln[A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]$ $dx / dA_3 = g \cdot Y \cdot [A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]^{\frac{g}{g-1}}$ $dx / dY = g \cdot A_3 \cdot [A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]^{\frac{g}{g-1}}$	$g = A_2 = -1,25$ $1/(1-g)V/[L_{10}s]^{\frac{g}{g-1}}=1$ $V=1/(0,036(1-g)L_u)^{-0,30}$ $L_u=0,25 L_o^{0,705}$ $L_o=0,1 ... 1000 \text{ cd m}^{-2}$
logarithmic approximation	$dF / dY = dF / dx \cdot [dx / dY]$ $= [g \cdot A_3 \cdot [A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]^{\frac{g}{g-1}}] / [x \cdot \log(10.)] = g \cdot A_3 \cdot [A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]^{-1} / \log(10.)$ for $dF = 1$ (dY is logarithmic): $dY = [x \cdot \log(10.) V(g \cdot A_3 \cdot [A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]^{\frac{g}{g-1}})] / [g \cdot A_3 \cdot [A_1 + A_3 \cdot Y]^{-1}] = \log(10)[A_1+A_3V]/(gA_3)$ $Y/dY=[gA_3Y[A_1+A_3Y]^{\frac{g}{g-1}}]/[\log(10)]=[(gA_3Y)/(\log(10))][A_1+A_3V]]$	

1-000030-10

UE12(11-7N)

TUB-test chart UE12; Colour thresholds experiments
Least square fit with potential functions, and 3 constants A_i

input: w/rgb/cmyk -> w/rgb/cmyk...
output: no change



1-000030-10

UE12(20-7N)

C M Y

C M Y

C M Y

C M Y

-3 6

-3 6

-3 6

-3 6

-3 6

-3 6

