

Equations: colorimetric data transfer from rgb_e to nce^*_e data and LCH^*_e data

Given: rgb_e elementary colour data of any colour $rgb_e = lab^*rgb_e$ and of 48 step colour circle $j=0$ to 47

$rgb_{Me,j}$ and CIELAB data $L^*_{Me,j}$, $C^*_{ab,Me,j}$, $h_{ab,Me,j} = LCH^*_{Me,j}$

Aim: calculate nce^*_e with ($0 \leq n^*_e, c^*_e, e^*_e \leq 1$) (similar to NCS data) and LCH^*_e data of elementary colour

Data of a give elementary (e) colour

relative chroma of the elementary colour $c^*_e = \max [rgb_e] - \min [rgb_e]$ (1)

relative blackness of the elementary colour $n^*_e = 1 - \max [rgb_e]$ (2)

relative triangle lightness of the elementary colour $t^*_e = 1 - n^*_e - 0,5 c^*_e$ (3)

relative red-green chroma in 4x90 degree system s $a^*_{rs,e} = r_e \cos(0) + g_e \cos(180)$ (4)

relative yellow-blue chroma in 4x90 degree system s $b^*_{rs,e} = r_e \sin(0) + g_e \sin(180) + b_e \sin(270)$ (5)

hue angle in 4x90 degree system s $h_{ab,s,e} = \arctan[b^*_{rs,e} / a^*_{rs,e}]$ ($0 \leq h_{ab,s,e} \leq 360$) (6)

hue number in 4x90 degree system s $e^*_e = h_{ab,s,d} / 360$ ($0 \leq e^*_e \leq 1$) (7)

CIELAB hue angle in elementary system $h_{ab,a,e} = \text{function} [h_{ab,s,e}]$ (with table/equations) (8)

CIELAB LCH^*_e data of maximum colour M_e $L^*_{Me} = \text{function} [h_{ab,e}]$ (with table/equations) (9)

$C^*_{ab,Me} = \text{function} [h_{ab,e}]$ (with table/equations) (10)

$h_{ab,Me} = h_{ab,e}$ (11)

relative lightness of maximum colour M_e $l^*_{Me} = [L^*_{Me} - L^*_{Ne}] / [L^*_{We} - L^*_{Ne}]$ (12)

relative lightness of the elementary colour $l^*_e = t^*_e + l^*_{Me} c^*_e + 0,5 c^*_e$ (13)

CIELAB LCH^*_e data of the elementary colour $L^*_e = l^*_e [L^*_{We} - L^*_{Ne}] + L^*_{Ne}$ (14)

$C^*_{ab,e} = c^*_e C^*_{ab,Me}$ (15)