Three device (d) coordinates $rgb*_{d}$ describe 8 device colours RGB_{d} , CMY_d, and NW. Hexagon-triangle system based on device (d) colours: rgb*d with **linear relations** between $rgb*_{d} - LCH*_{d}$ (compare approximately linear relations between rgb_{sRGB} and L^*) 5 equal steps Equations $rgb_{d}^* - LCH_{d}^*$ in both directions have been published, see: Richter, CIE-Proceedings, Beijing, 2008, Volume 3 und DIN 33872-1 Three equations (tables) are needed for office applications: $rgb_d - LCH^*_d$ for a 9x9x9 grid of equally spaced rgb_d input data $rgb*_d - LCH*_d$ a 9x9x9 grid of equally spaced data $rgb*_d$ and $LCH*_d$ $rgb'*_{\mathbf{d}} - LCH'*_{\mathbf{d}} \sim LCH*_{\mathbf{d}}$ device linearization: $rgb_{\mathbf{d}} - rgb'*_{\mathbf{d}} = rgb_{\mathbf{dd}}$