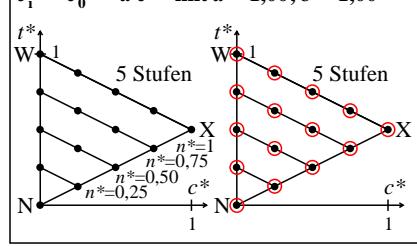


Siehe OriginalKopie: http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS

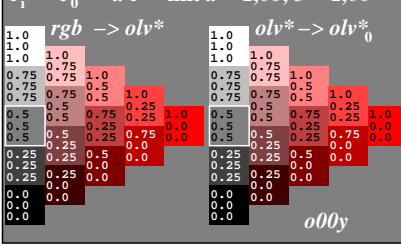
Technische Information: http://www.ps.bam.de oder http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik

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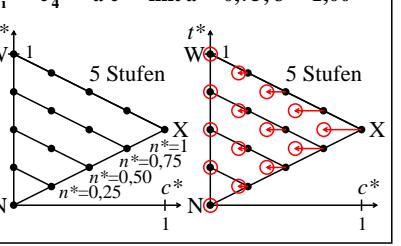
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 0$**   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



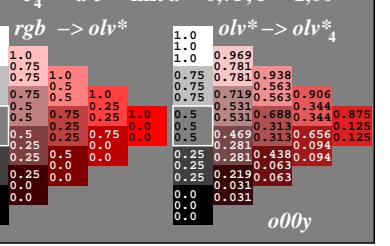
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 0$**   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



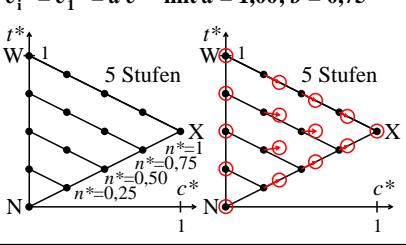
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 4$**   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



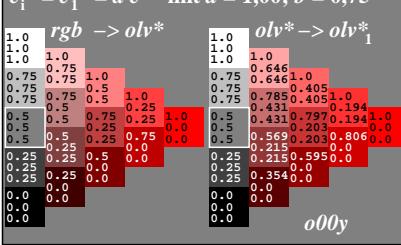
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 4$**   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



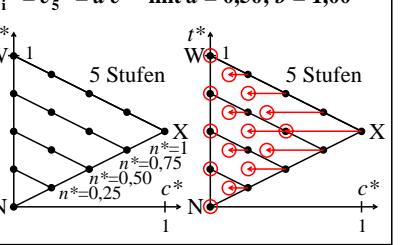
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 1$**   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



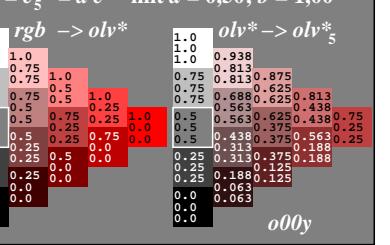
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 1$**   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



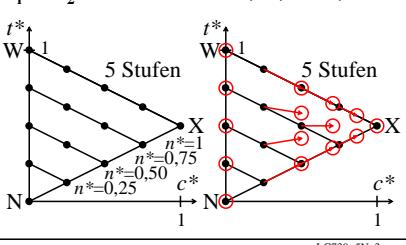
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 5$**   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



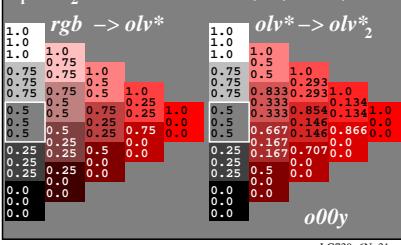
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 5$**   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



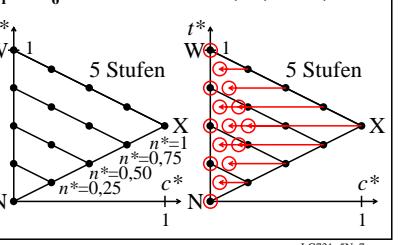
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 2$**   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



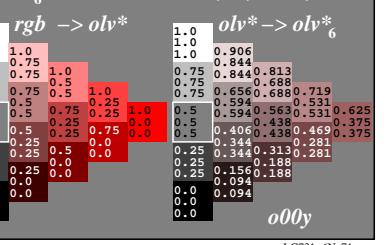
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 2$**   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



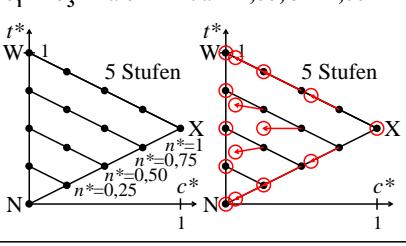
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 6$**   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



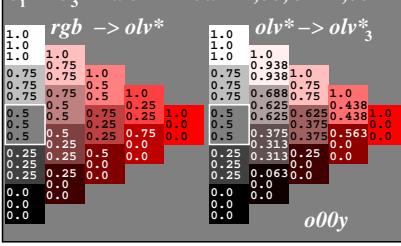
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 6$**   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



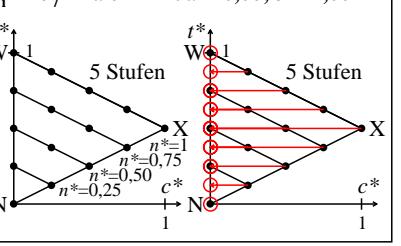
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 3$**   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



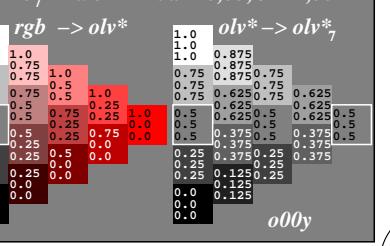
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 3$**   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 7$**   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 7$**   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe o00y  
 Farbmetrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$

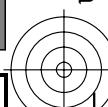
Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung



C  
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TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen

TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta

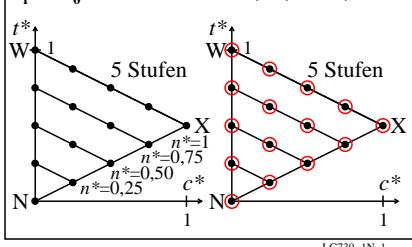


C  
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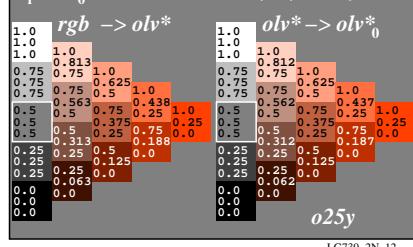


Siehe Originalkopie: <http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS>  
 Technische Information: <http://www.ps.bam.de> oder <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik>

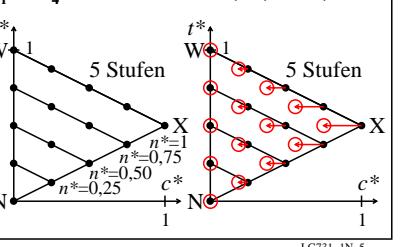
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



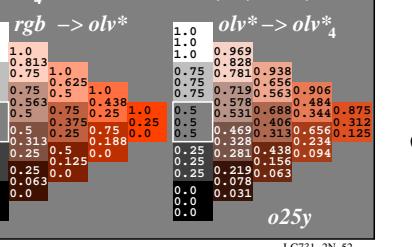
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



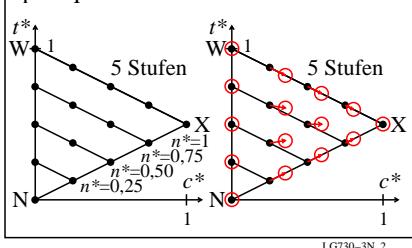
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



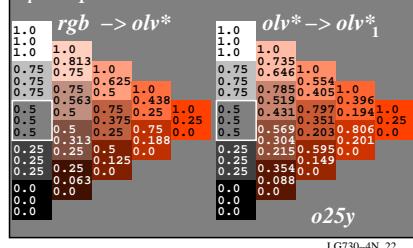
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



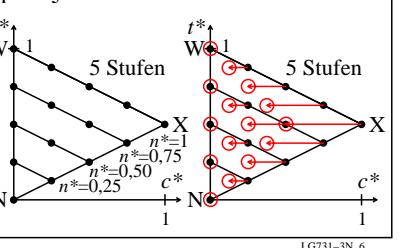
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



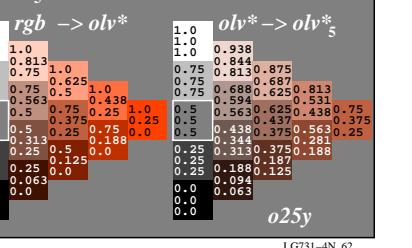
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



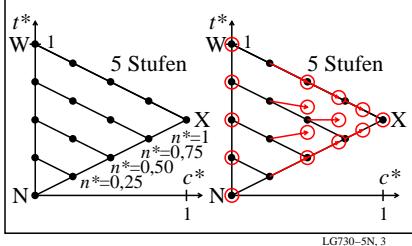
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



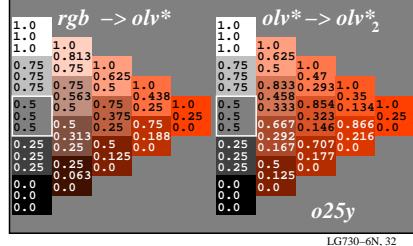
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



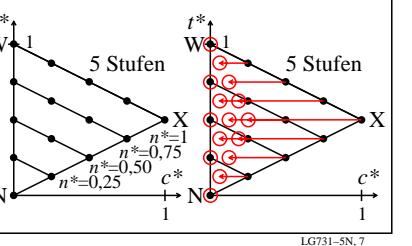
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



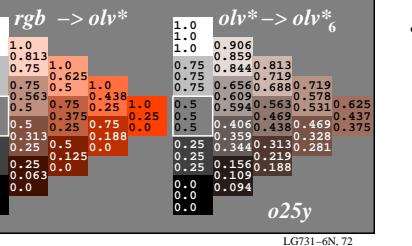
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



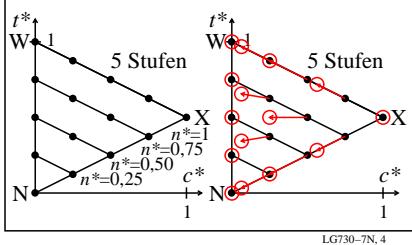
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



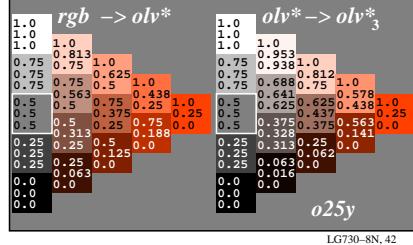
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



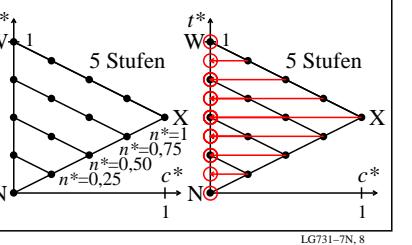
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



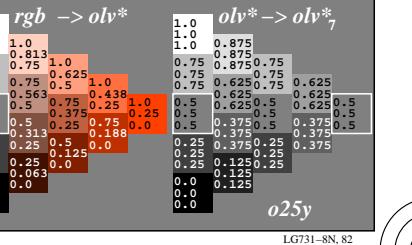
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$

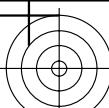


### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe o25y  
 Farbmefrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$

Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung



Siehe OriginalKopie: http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS

Technische Information: http://www.ps.bam.de oder http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik

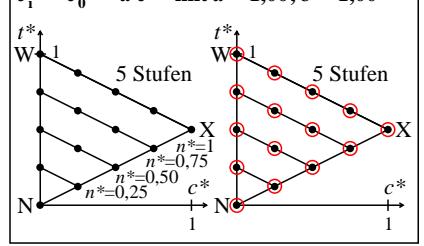
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O L V  
 M

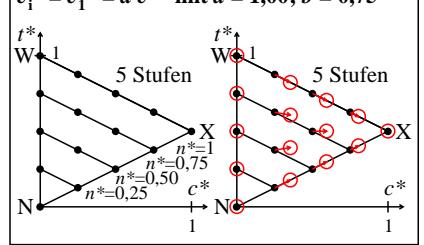
L V  
 M



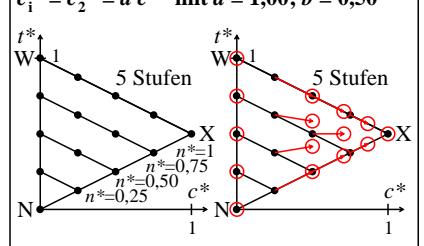
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



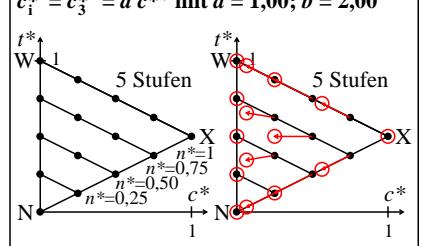
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



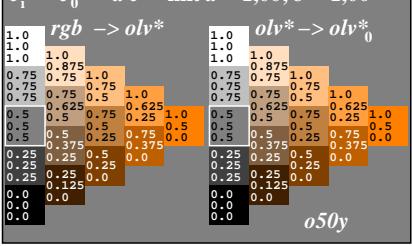
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



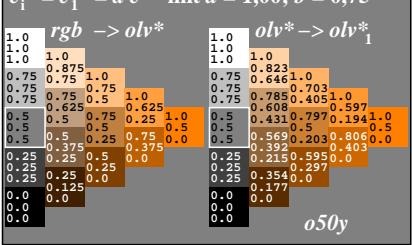
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



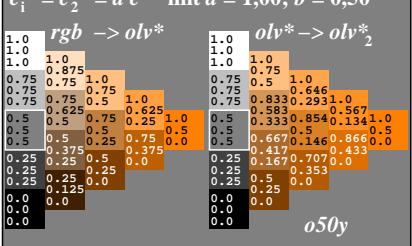
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



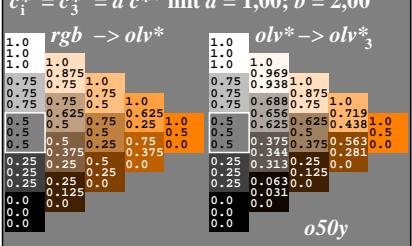
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



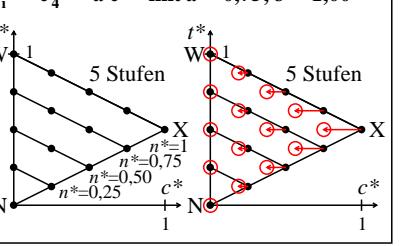
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



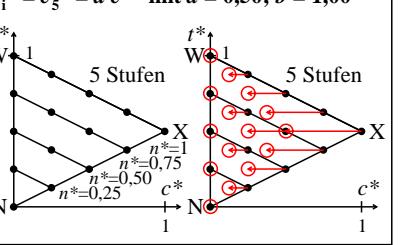
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



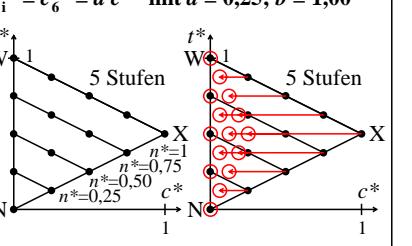
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



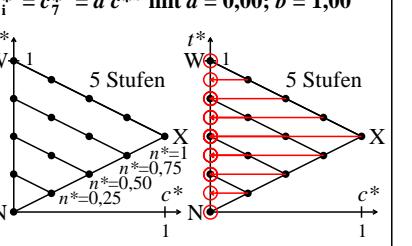
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



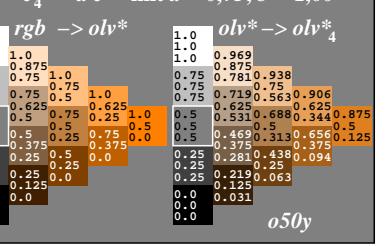
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



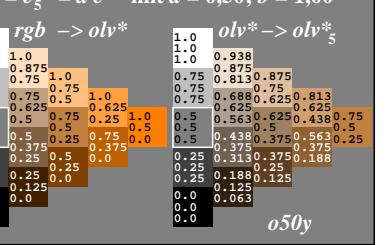
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



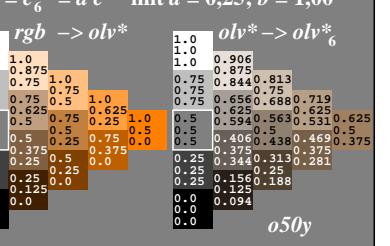
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



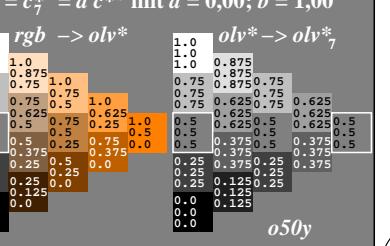
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$

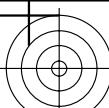


### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$





Siehe OriginalKopie: http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS

Technische Information: http://www.ps.bam.de oder http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik

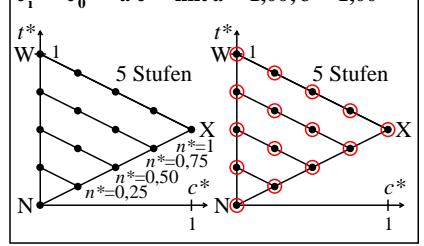
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 M

O L V  
 M

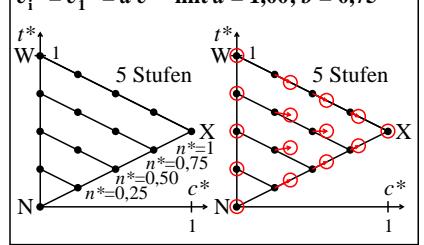
L V  
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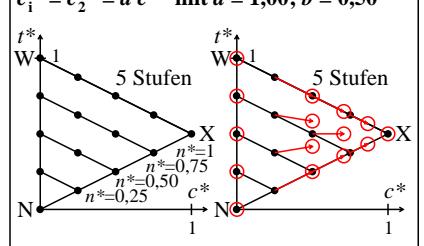
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



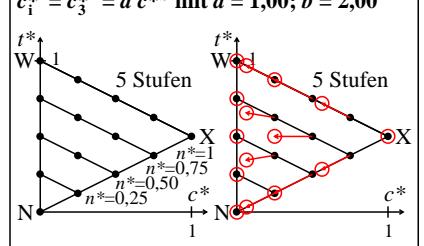
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



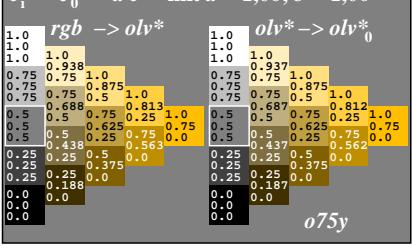
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



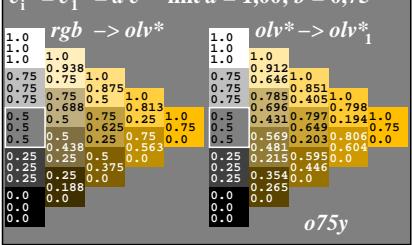
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



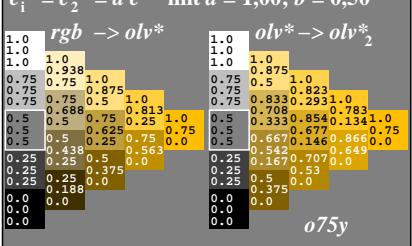
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



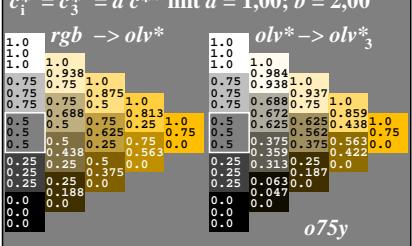
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



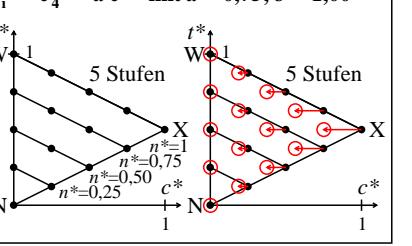
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



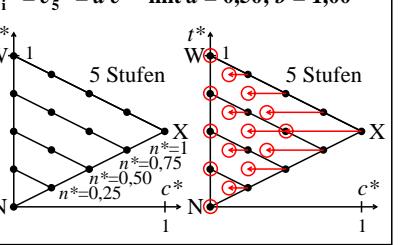
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



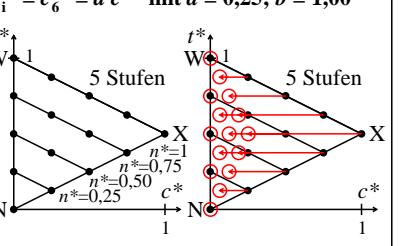
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



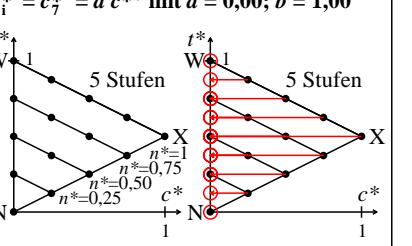
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



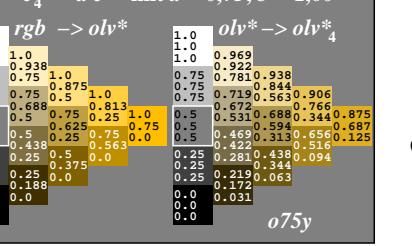
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



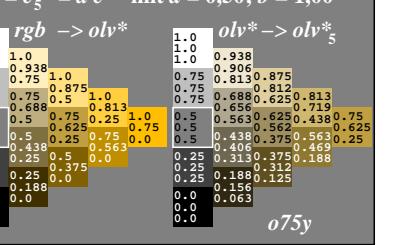
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



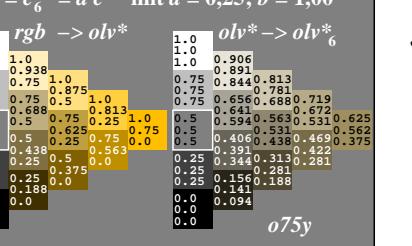
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



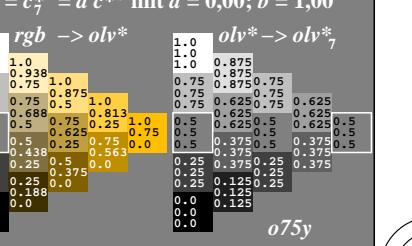
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



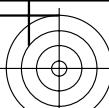
### Farbmetrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen

TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta





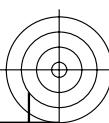
Siehe OriginalKopie:

Technische Information:

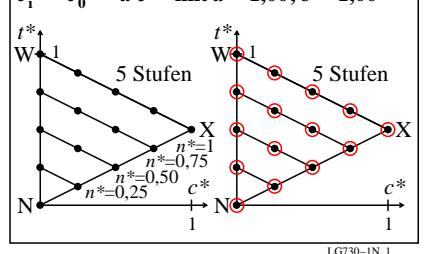
<http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT> oder

<http://www.ps.bam.de> oder

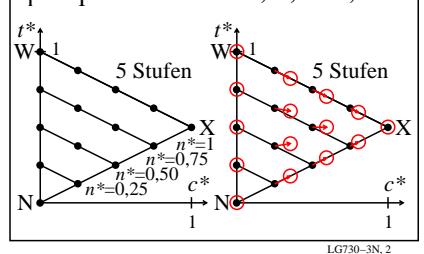
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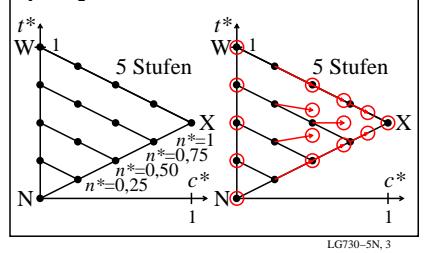
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



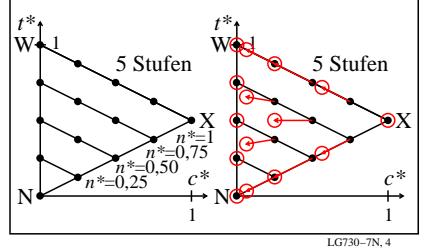
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



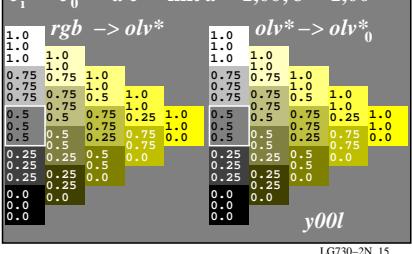
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



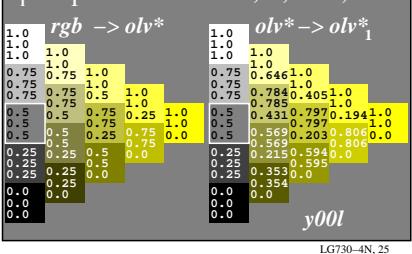
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



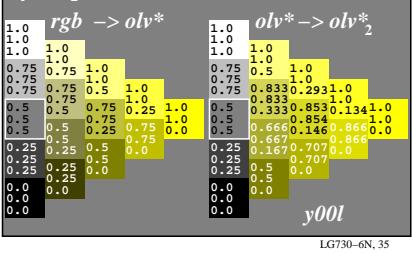
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



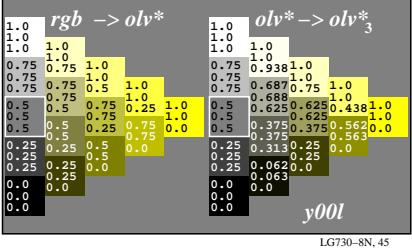
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



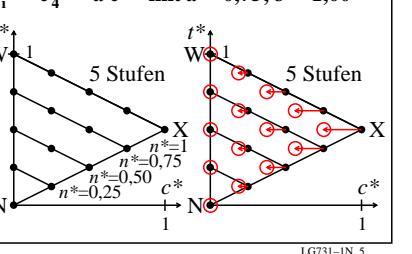
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



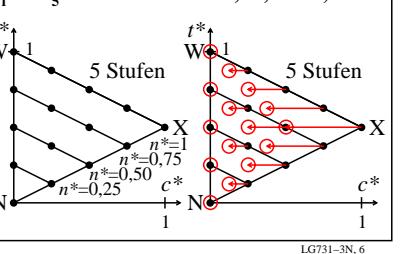
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



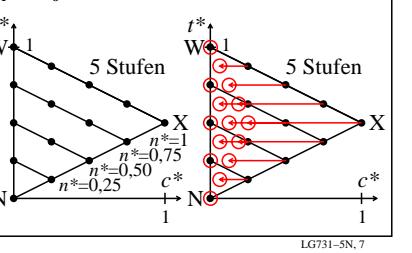
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



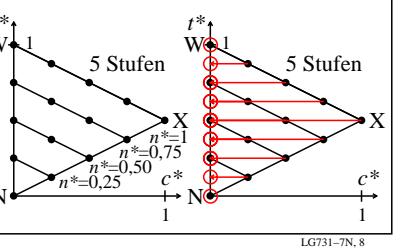
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



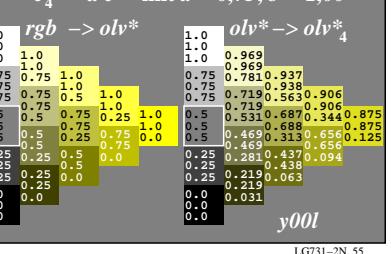
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



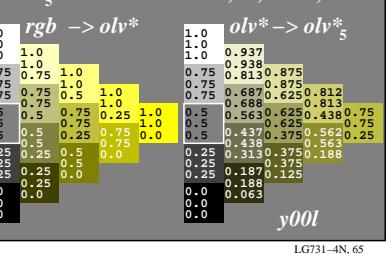
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



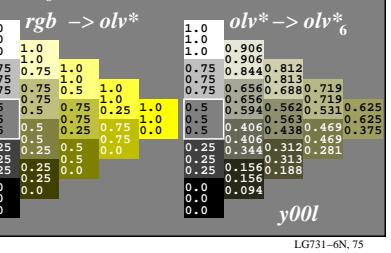
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



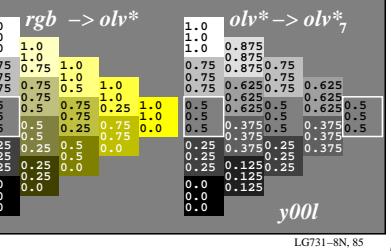
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$

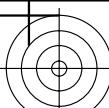


TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe y00l  
 Farbmefrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$

Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung

TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen

TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta



Siehe OriginalKopie: http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS

Technische Information: http://www.ps.bam.de oder http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik

M  
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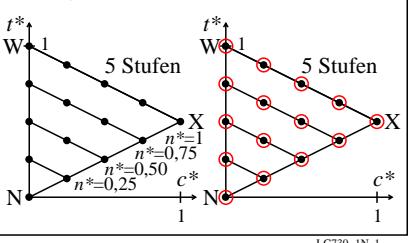
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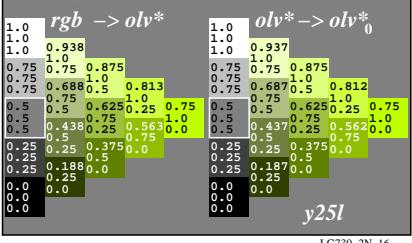
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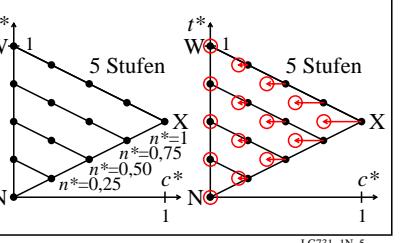
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 0$**   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



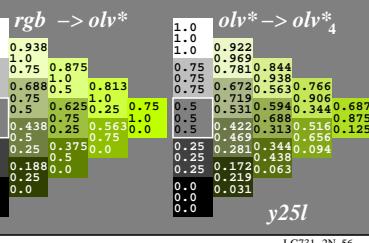
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 0$**   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



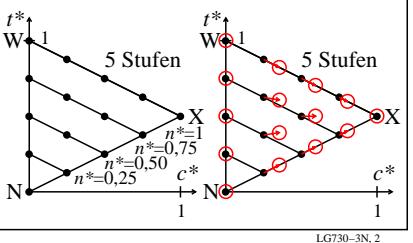
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 4$**   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



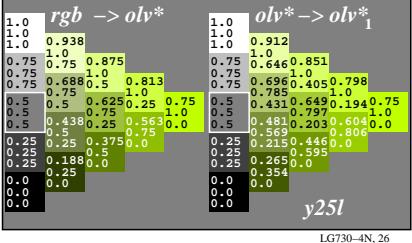
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 4$**   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



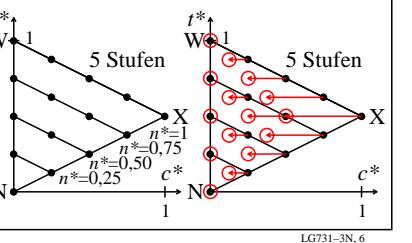
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 1$**   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



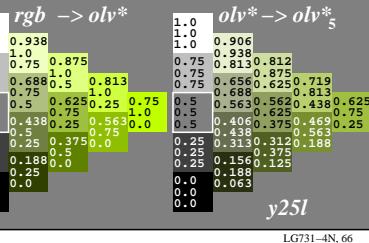
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 1$**   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



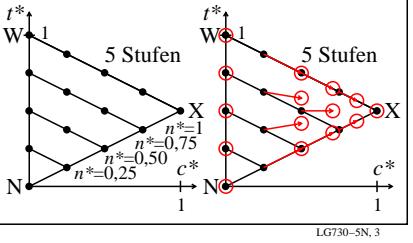
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 5$**   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



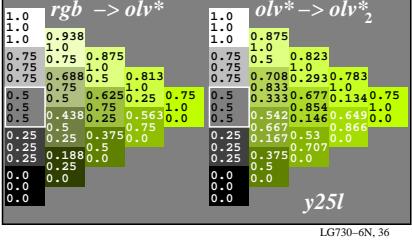
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 5$**   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



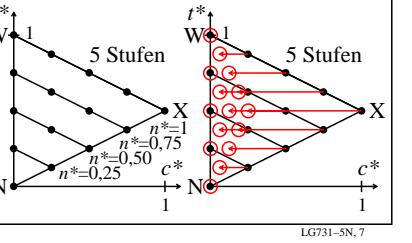
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 2$**   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



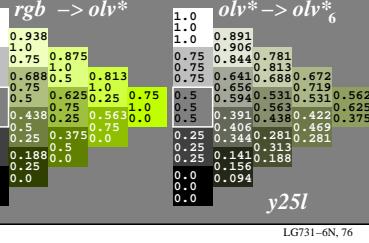
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 2$**   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



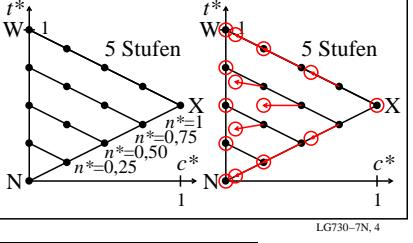
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 6$**   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



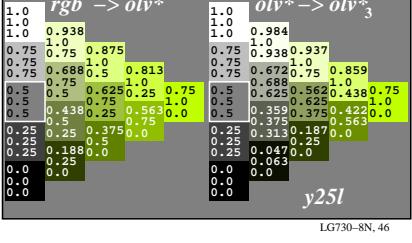
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 6$**   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



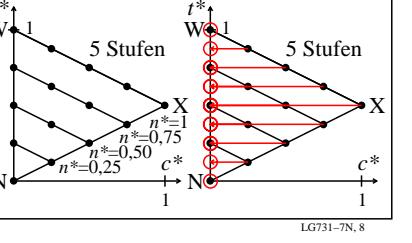
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 3$**   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



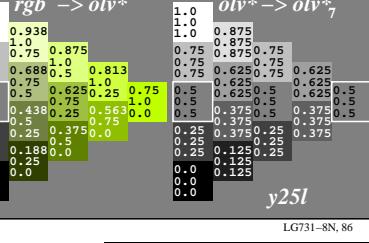
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 3$**   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



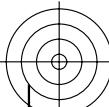
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 7$**   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



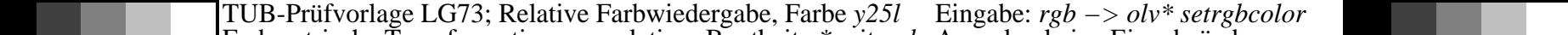
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 7$**   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe y25l  
 Farbmefrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$   
 Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung

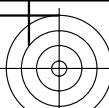


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TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen  
 TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta

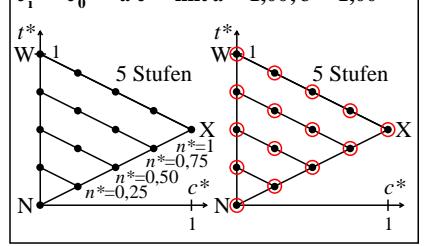


Siehe OriginalKopie: http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS

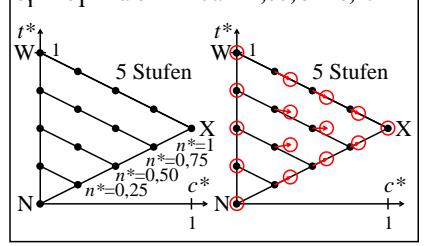
Technische Information: http://www.ps.bam.de oder http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik

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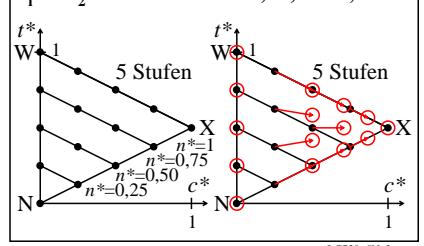
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 0$**   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



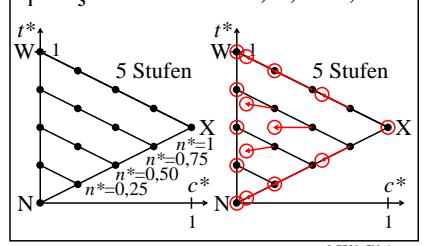
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 1$**   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



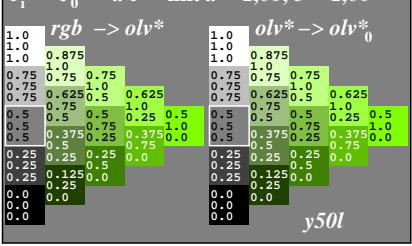
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 2$**   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



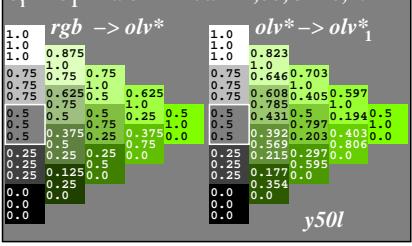
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 3$**   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



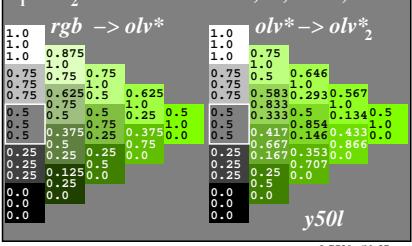
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 0$**   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



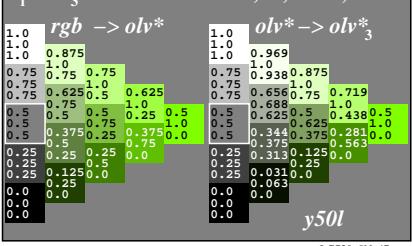
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 1$**   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



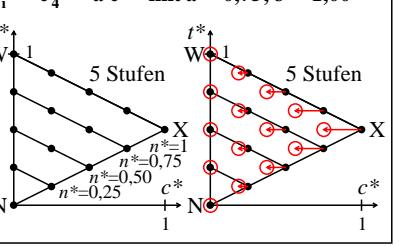
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 2$**   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



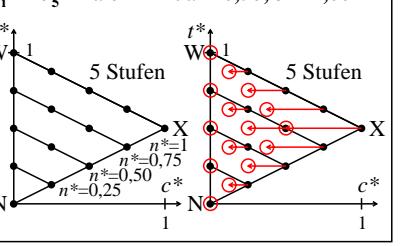
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 3$**   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



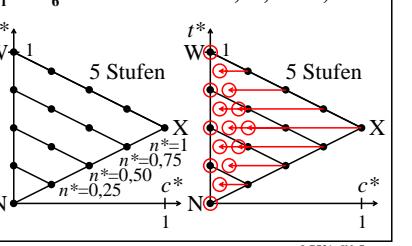
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 4$**   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



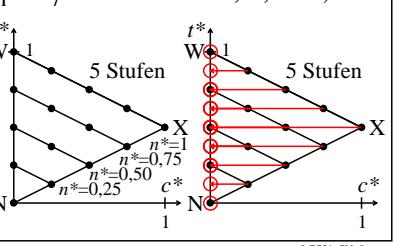
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 5$**   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



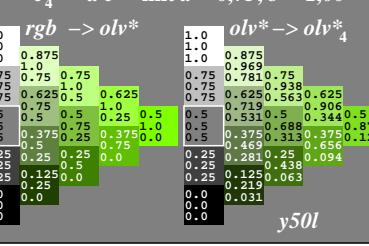
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 6$**   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



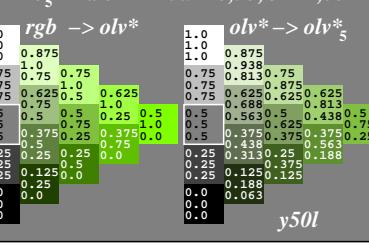
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 7$**   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



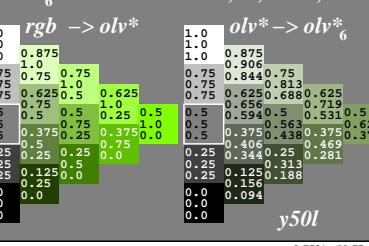
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 4$**   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



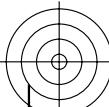
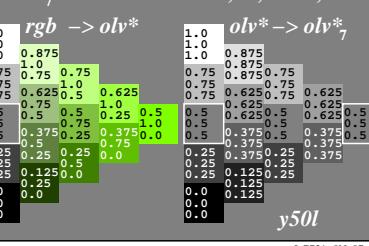
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 5$**   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



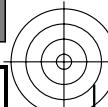
**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 6$**   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



**Farbmefrische Transformation  $i = 7$**   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



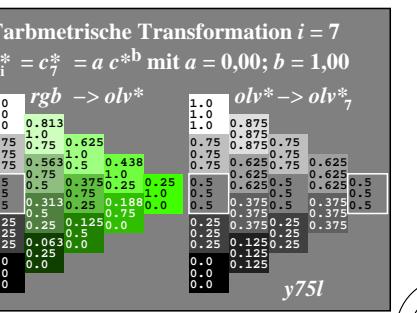
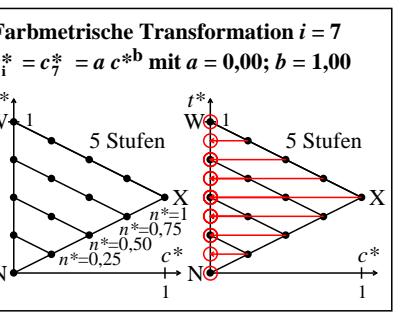
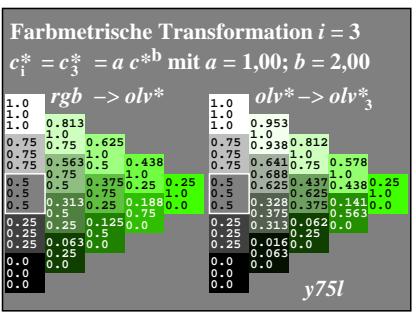
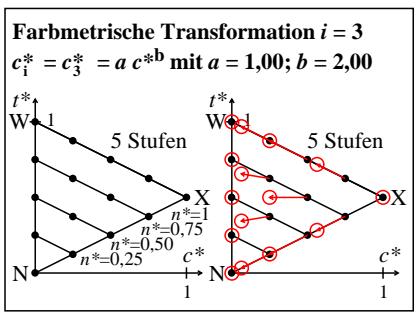
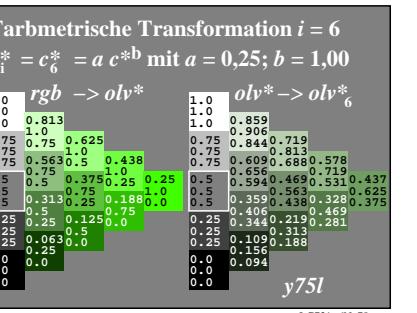
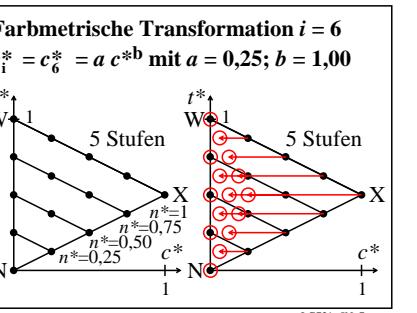
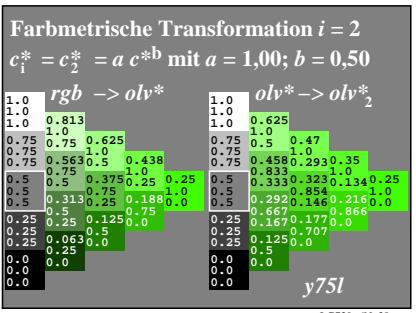
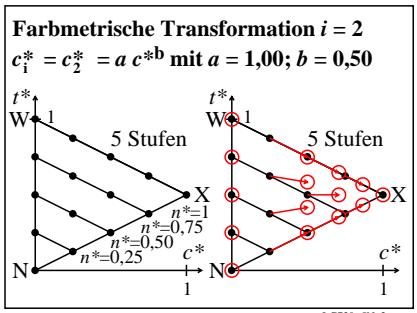
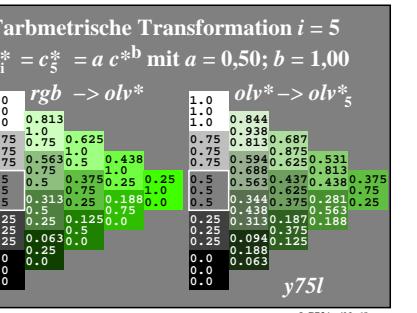
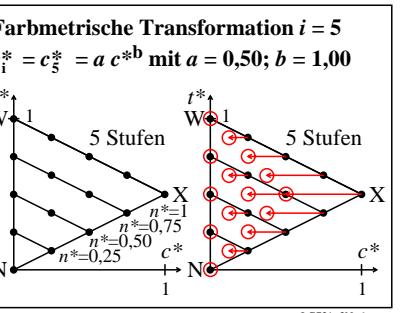
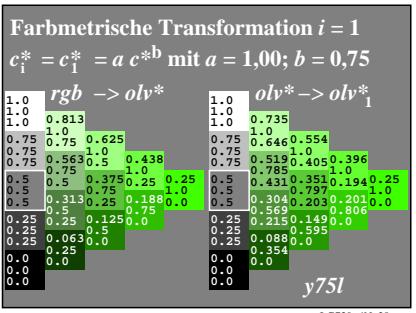
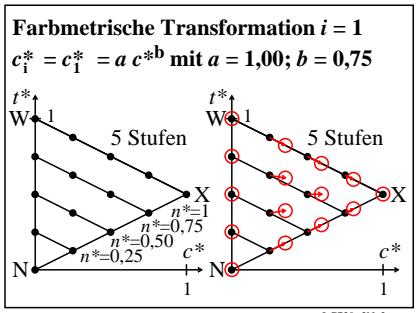
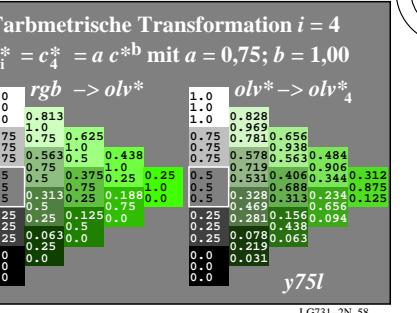
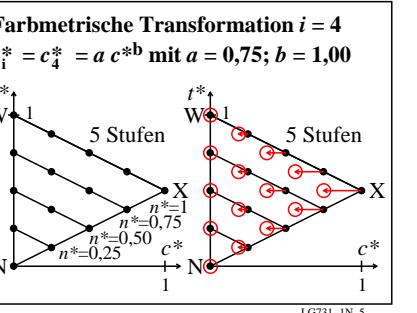
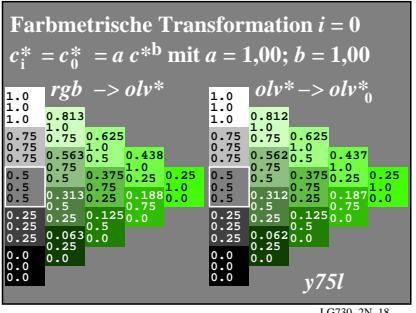
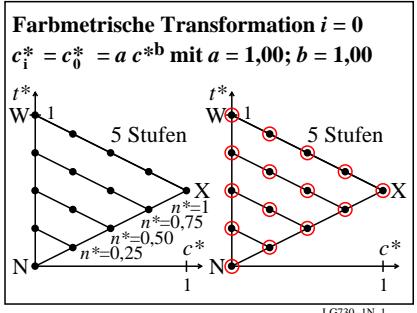
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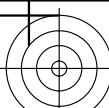
Siehe Originalkopie: <http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS>  
 Technische Information: <http://www.ps.bam.de> oder <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik>



TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe y75l  
 Farbmetrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$   
 Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung

TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen

TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta



C  
M  
Y  
K

Siehe Originalkopie: http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Technische Information: http://www.ps.bam.de oder http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik

M  
Y  
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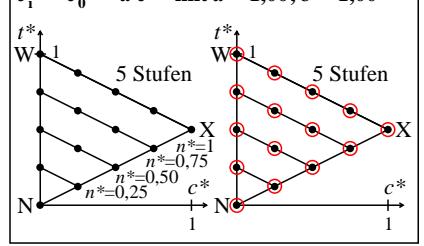
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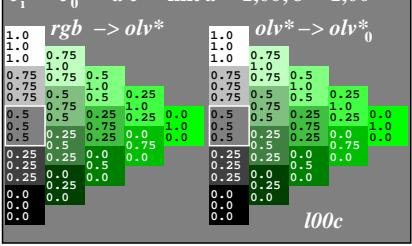


### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



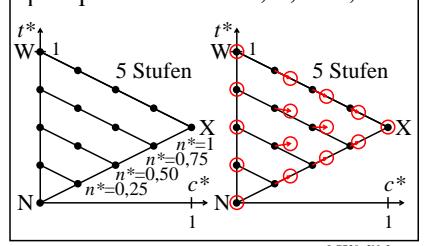
LG730-1N, 1

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



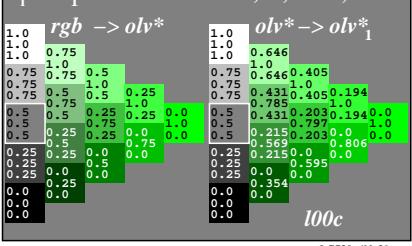
LG730-2N, 19

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



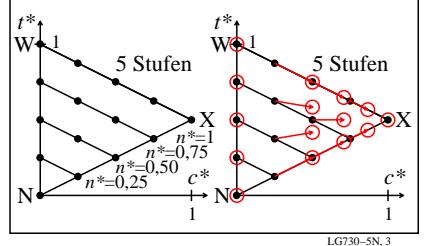
LG730-3N, 2

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



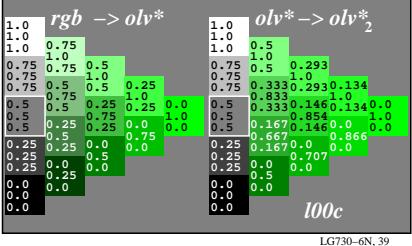
LG730-4N, 29

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



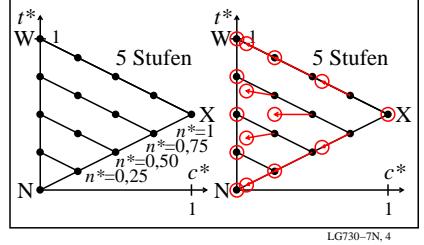
LG730-5N, 3

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



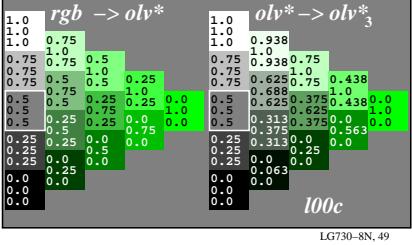
LG730-6N, 39

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



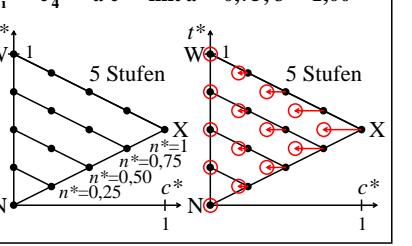
LG730-7N, 4

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



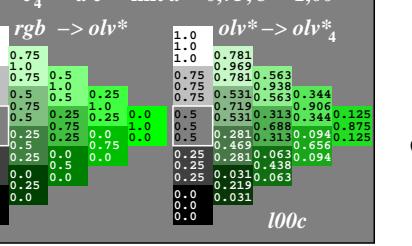
LG730-8N, 49

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



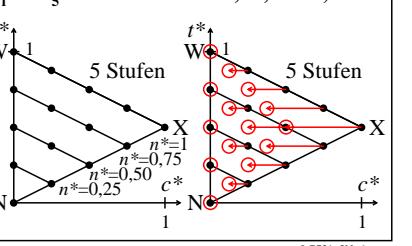
LG731-1N, 5

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



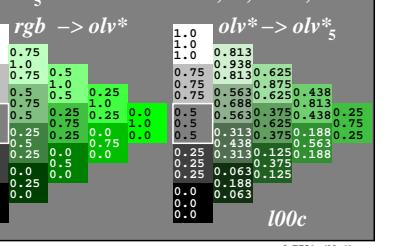
LG731-2N, 59

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



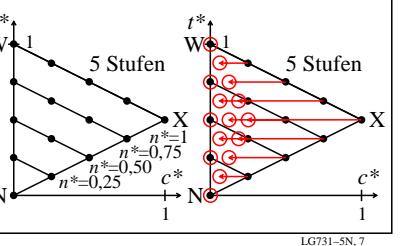
LG731-3N, 6

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



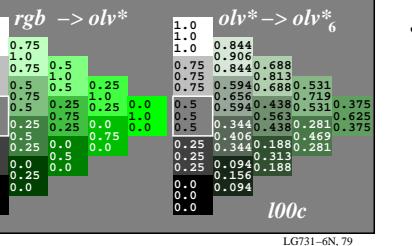
LG731-4N, 69

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



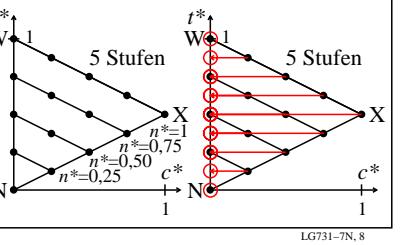
LG731-5N, 7

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



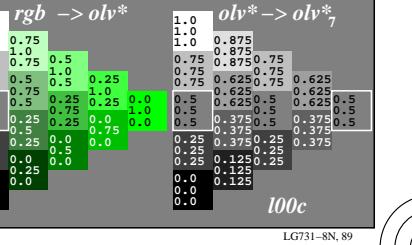
LG731-6N, 79

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



LG731-7N, 8

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



LG731-8N, 89

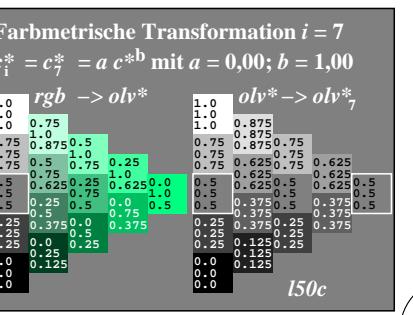
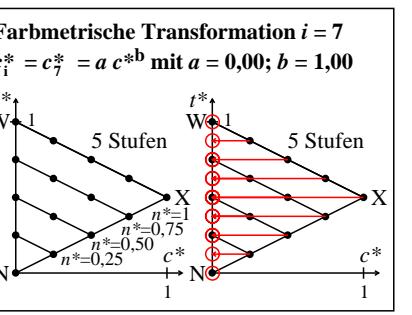
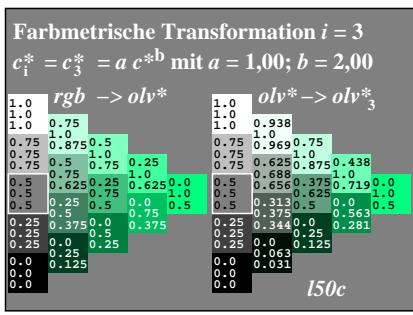
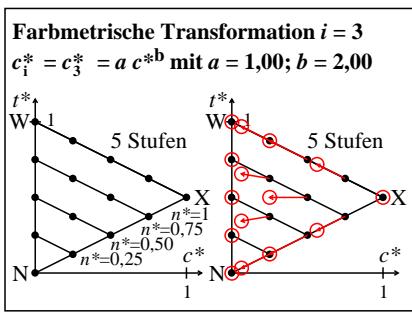
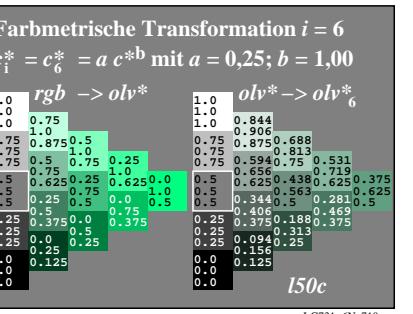
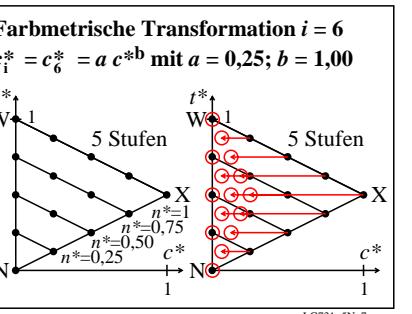
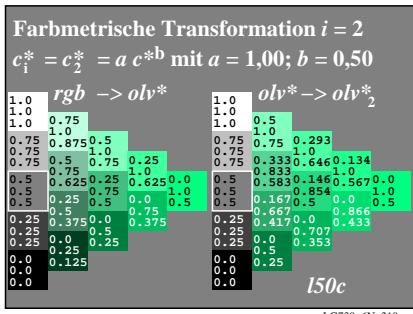
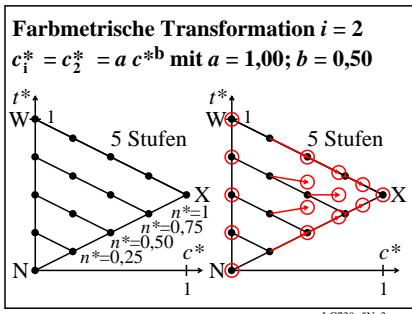
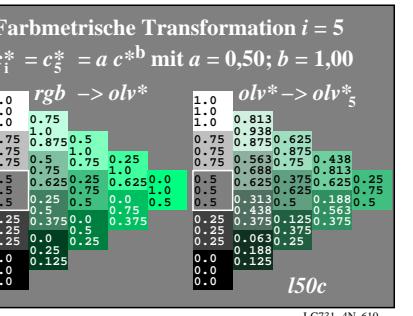
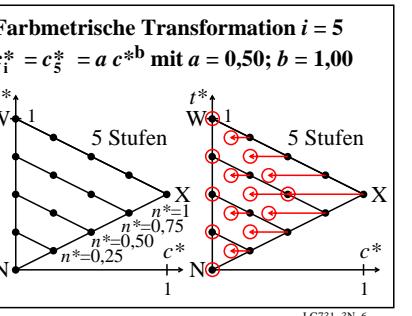
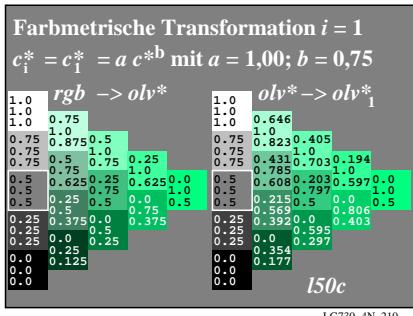
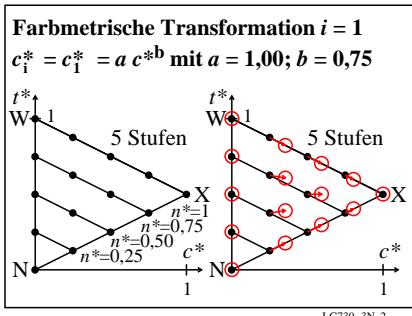
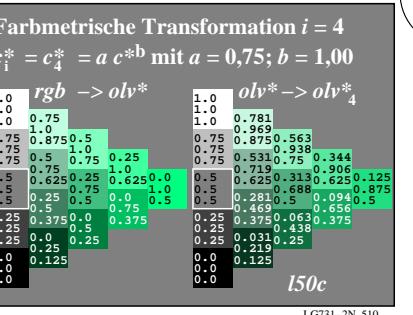
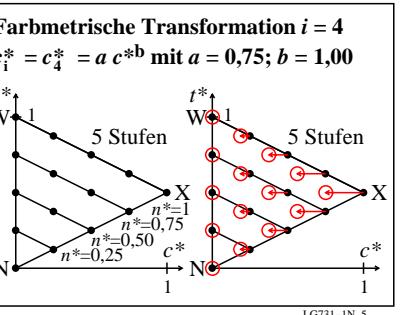
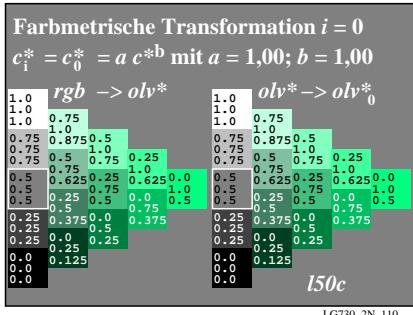
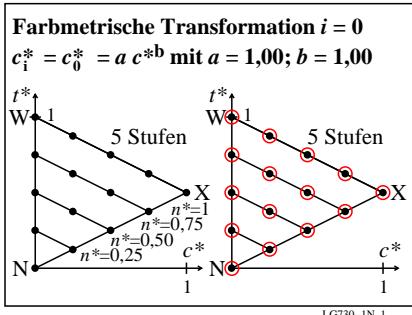
TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe l00c  
 Farbmefrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$   
 Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung

TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen

TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta



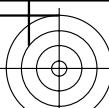
Siehe Originalkopie: <http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS>  
 Technische Information: <http://www.ps.bam.de> oder <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik>



TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe l50c  
 Farbmetrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$   
 Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung

TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen

TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta



Siehe OriginalKopie: http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS

Technische Information: http://www.ps.bam.de oder http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik

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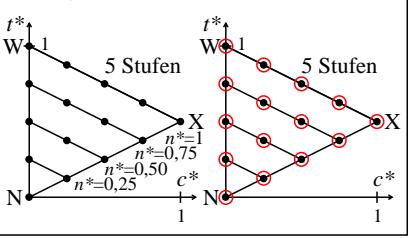
5 Stufen  
 n\*=1  
 n\*=0,75  
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 n\*=0,25  
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Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 0$   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$

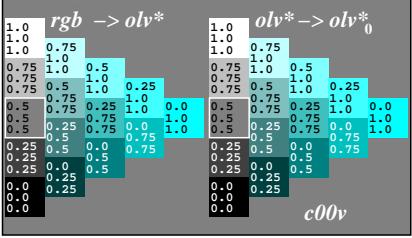


TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe c00v  
 Farbmetrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$

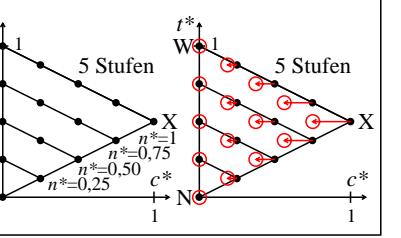
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 0$   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



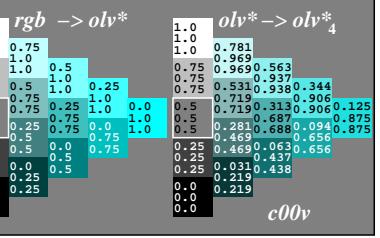
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 0$   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



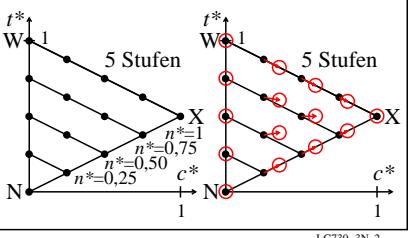
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 4$   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



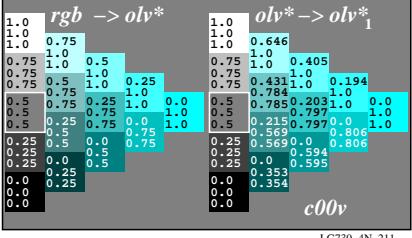
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 4$   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



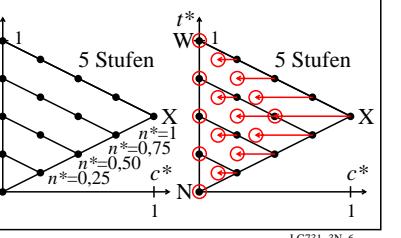
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 1$   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



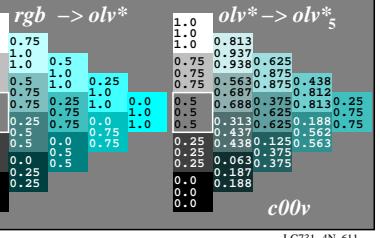
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 1$   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



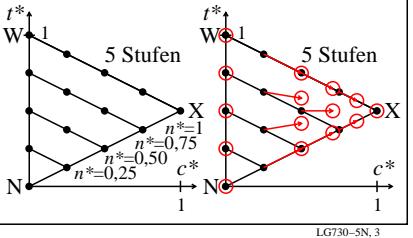
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 5$   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



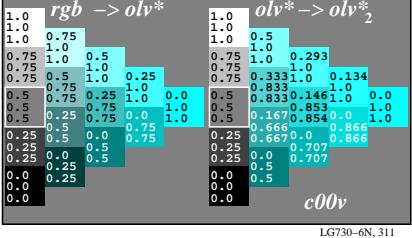
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 5$   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



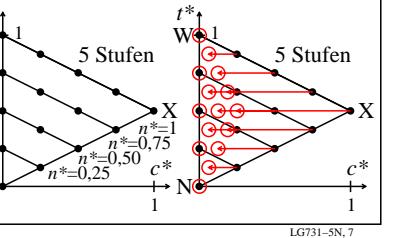
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 2$   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



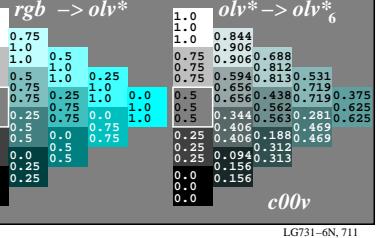
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 2$   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



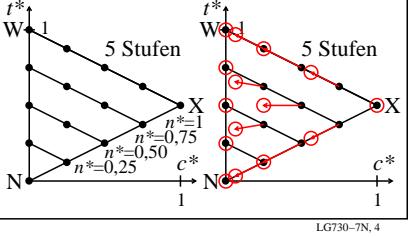
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 6$   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



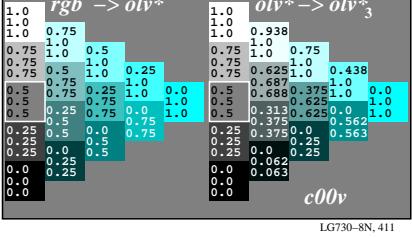
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 6$   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



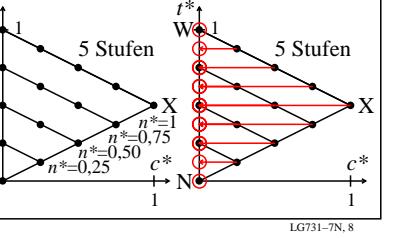
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 3$   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



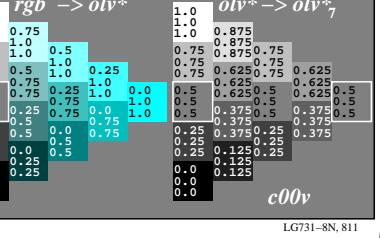
Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 3$   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 7$   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 7$   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



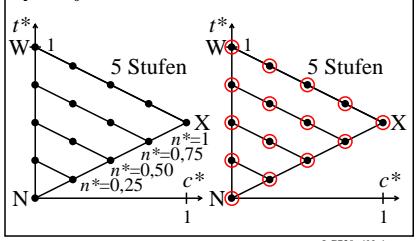
TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen

TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta

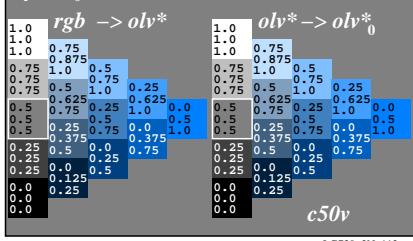


Siehe Originalkopie: <http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS>  
 Technische Information: <http://www.ps.bam.de> oder <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik>

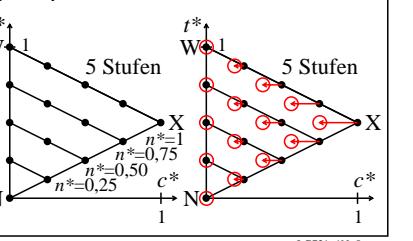
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



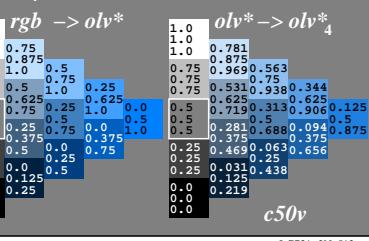
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



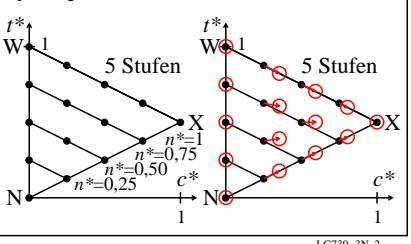
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



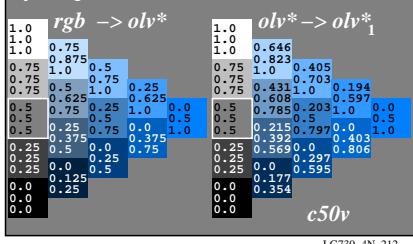
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



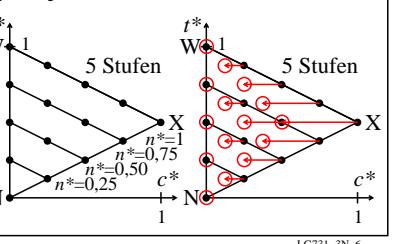
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



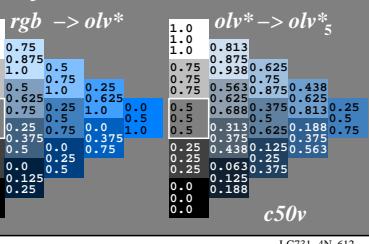
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



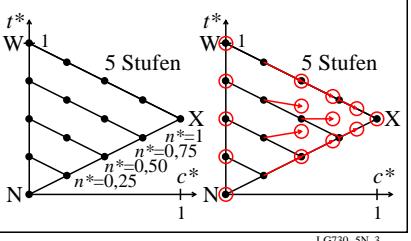
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



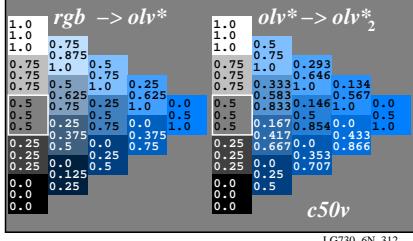
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



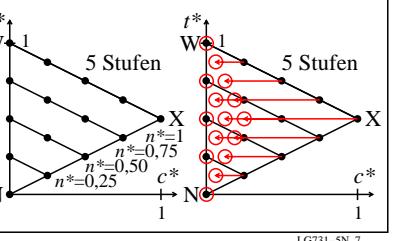
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



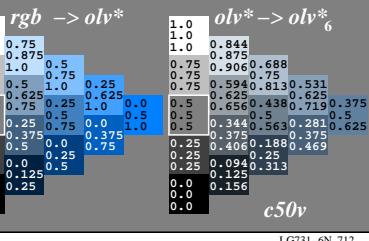
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



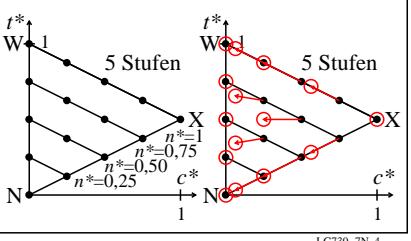
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



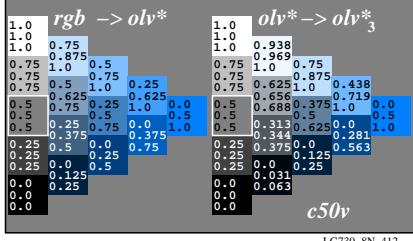
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



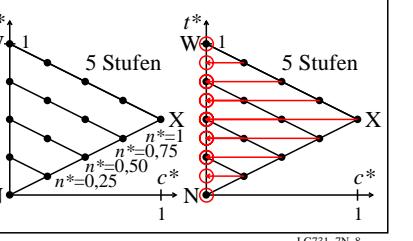
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



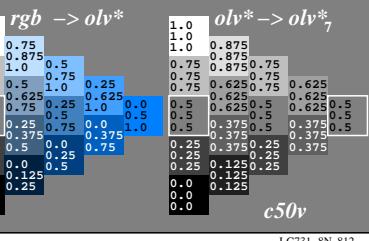
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$

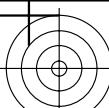


TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe c50v  
 Farbmefrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$

Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung

TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen

TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta

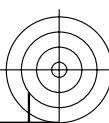


Siehe OriginalKopie:

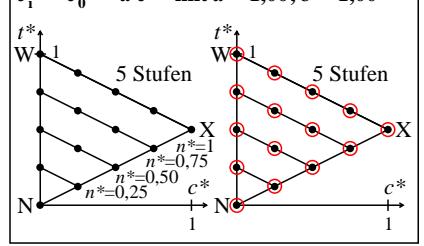
Technische Information:

<http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS>

<http://www.ps.bam.de> oder <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik>

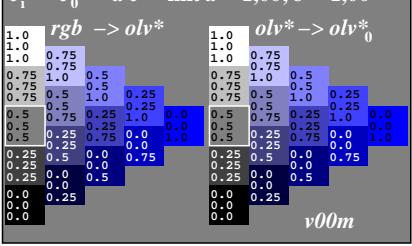


### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



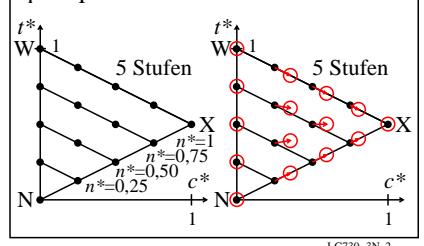
LG730-1N, 1

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



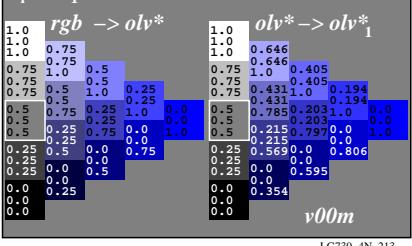
LG730-2N, 113

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



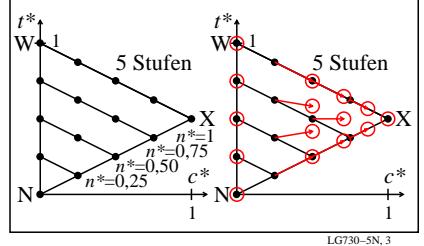
LG730-3N, 2

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



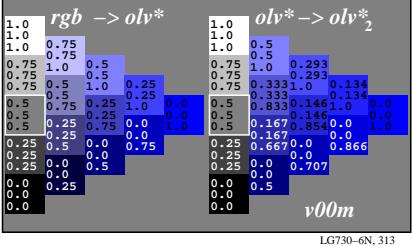
LG730-4N, 213

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



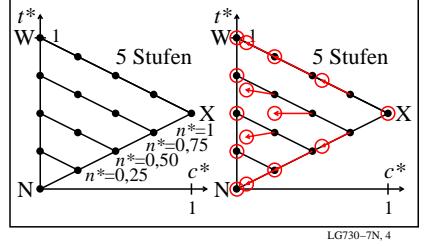
LG730-5N, 3

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



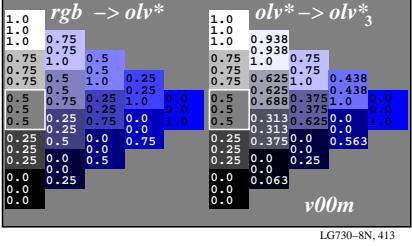
LG730-6N, 313

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



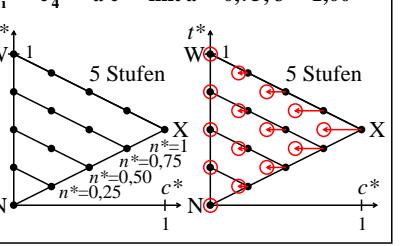
LG730-7N, 4

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



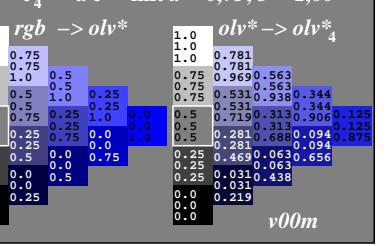
LG730-8N, 413

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



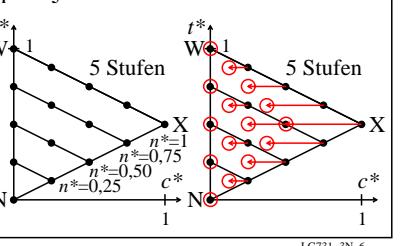
LG731-1N, 5

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



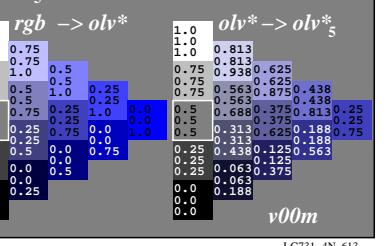
LG731-2N, 513

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



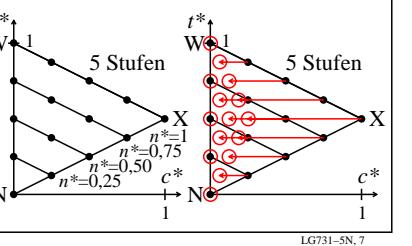
LG731-3N, 6

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



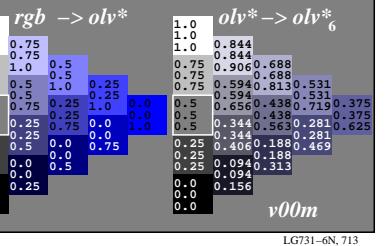
LG731-4N, 613

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



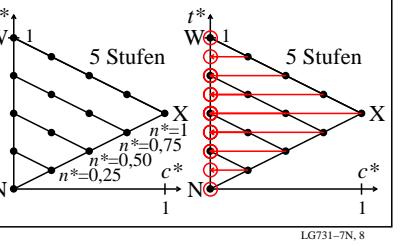
LG731-5N, 7

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



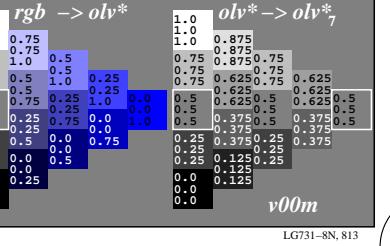
LG731-6N, 713

### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



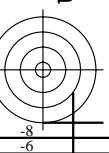
LG731-7N, 8

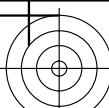
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



LG731-8N, 813

TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe v00m Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor Farbmefrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$  Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung





Siehe OriginalKopie:

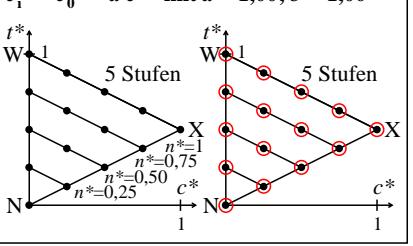
Technische Information:

<http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT>

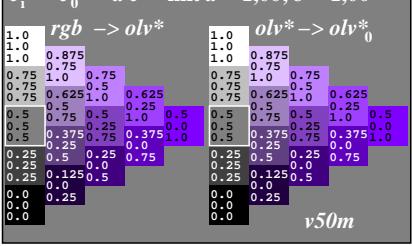
<http://www.ps.bam.de> oder <http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik>



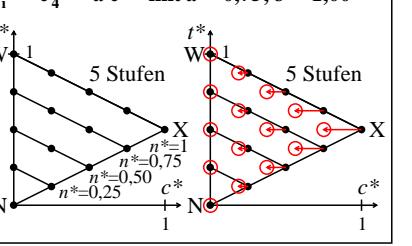
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



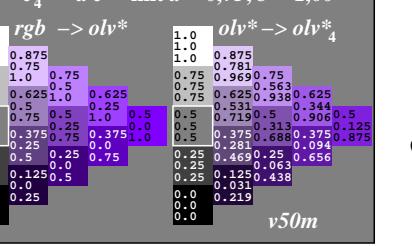
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



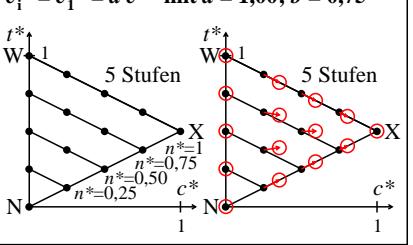
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



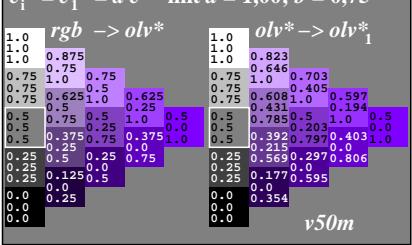
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



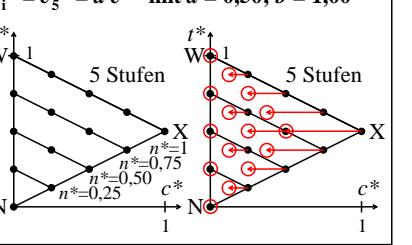
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



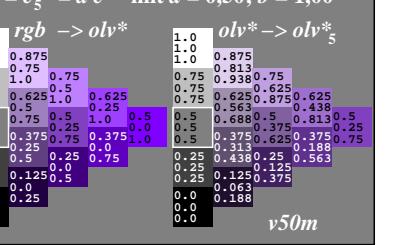
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



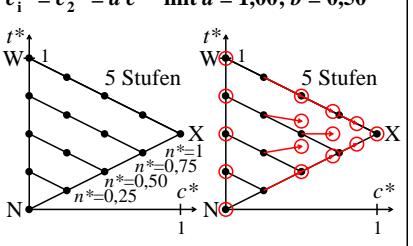
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



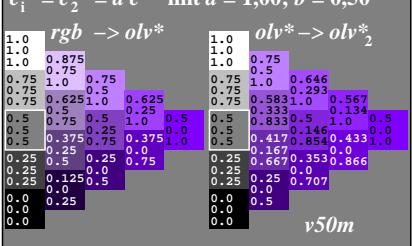
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



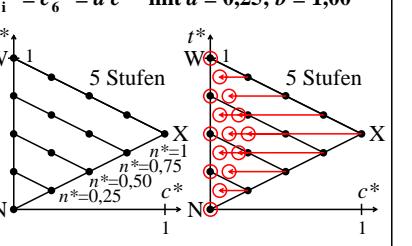
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



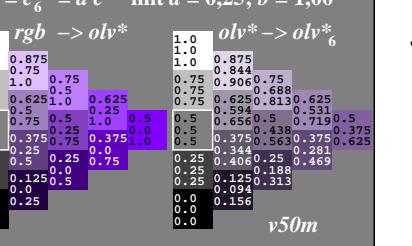
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



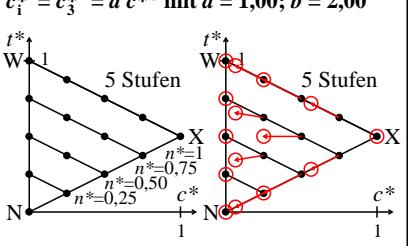
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



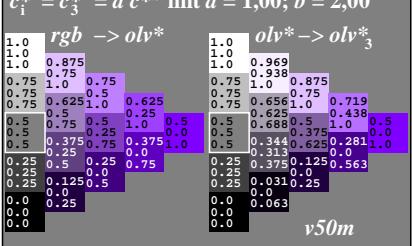
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



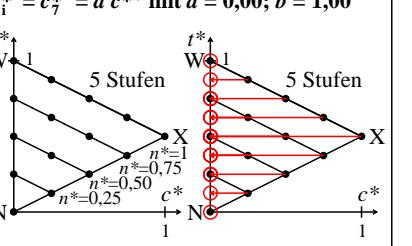
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



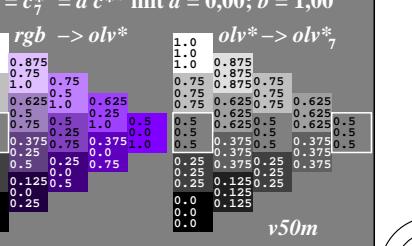
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



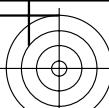
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe v50m Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Farbmefrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$  Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung

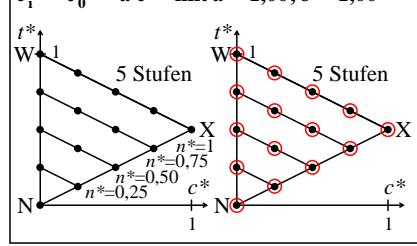


Siehe OriginalKopie: http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS

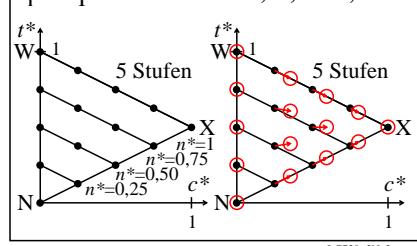
Technische Information: http://www.ps.bam.de oder http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik

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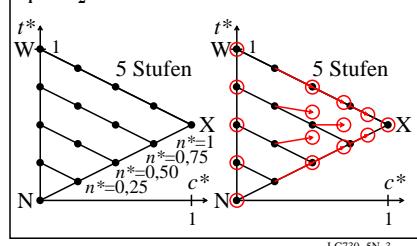
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 0$**   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



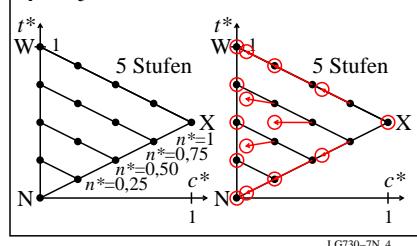
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 1$**   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



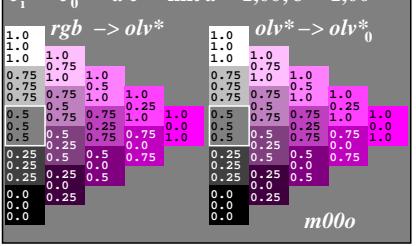
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 2$**   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



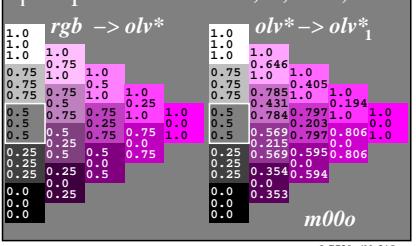
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 3$**   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



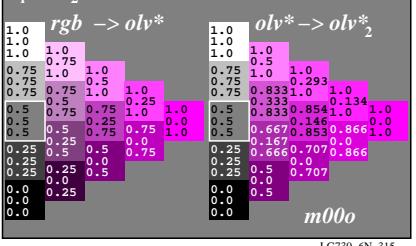
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 0$**   
 $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



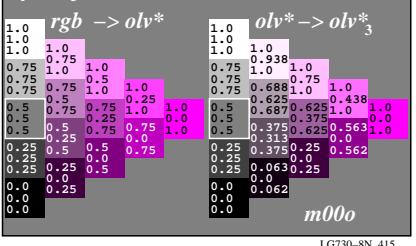
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 1$**   
 $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



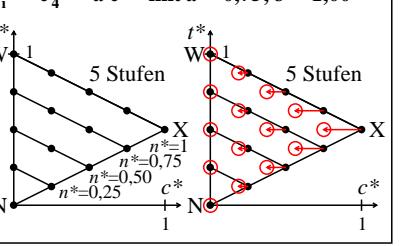
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 2$**   
 $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



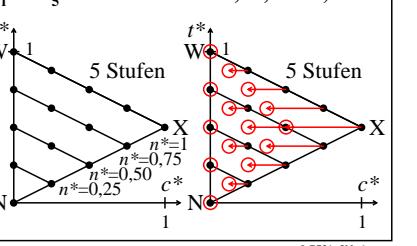
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 3$**   
 $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



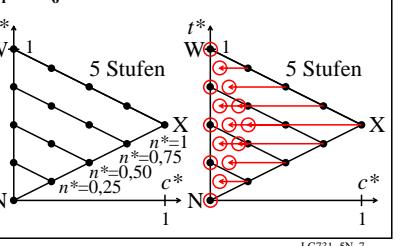
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 4$**   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



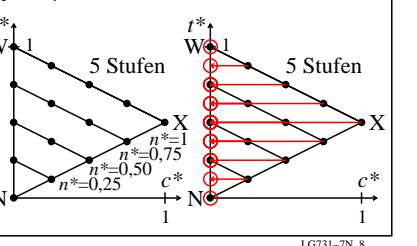
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 5$**   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



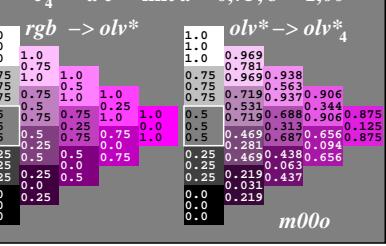
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 6$**   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



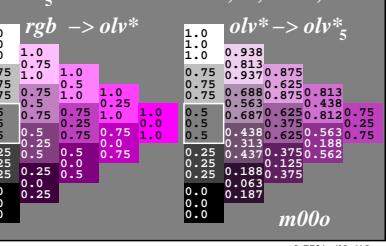
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 7$**   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



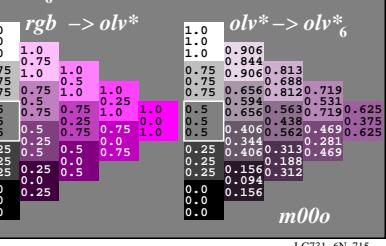
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 4$**   
 $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



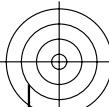
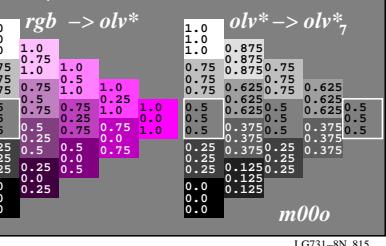
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 5$**   
 $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



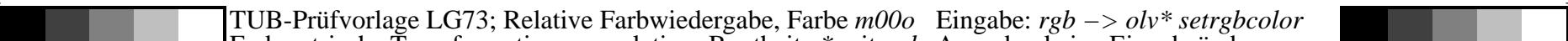
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 6$**   
 $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



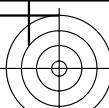
**Farbmetrische Transformation  $i = 7$**   
 $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$  mit  $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



C  
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C  
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 V



Siehe OriginalKopie: http://web.me.com/klausrichter/LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS

Technische Information: http://www.ps.bam.de oder http://130.149.60.45/~farbmefrik

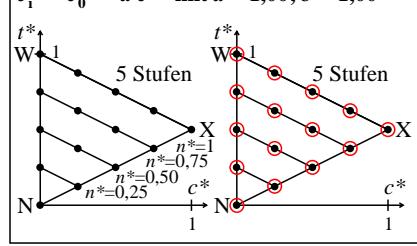
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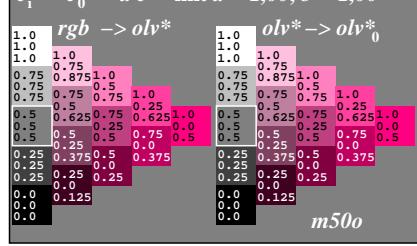
C  
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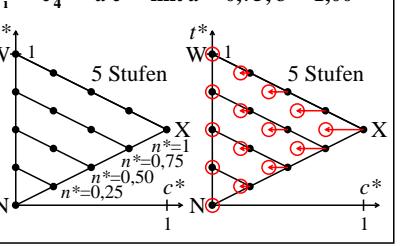
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



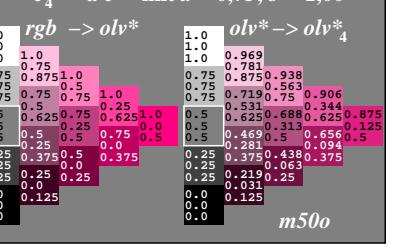
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 0$ $c_i^* = c_0^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 1,00$



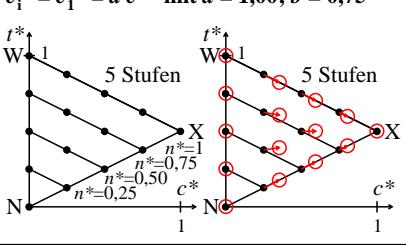
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



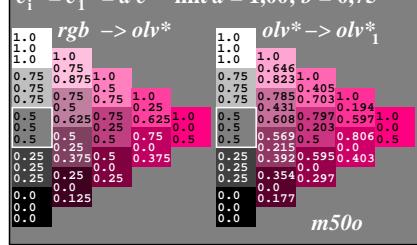
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 4$ $c_i^* = c_4^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,75; b = 1,00$



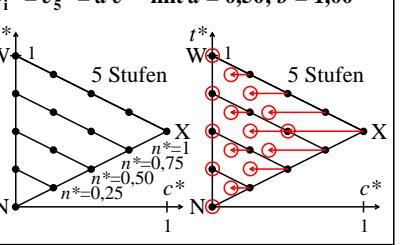
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



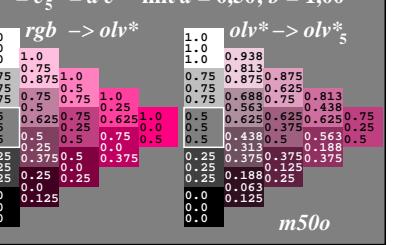
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 1$ $c_i^* = c_1^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,75$



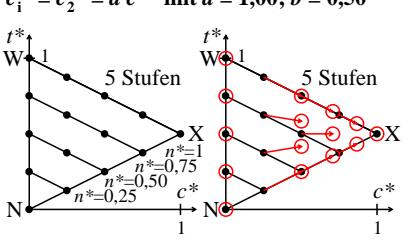
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



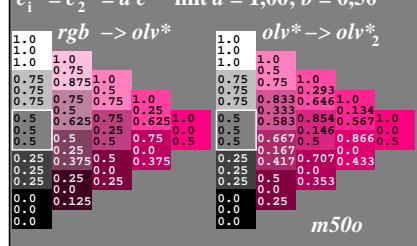
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 5$ $c_i^* = c_5^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,50; b = 1,00$



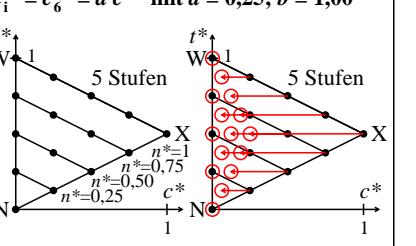
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 2$ $c_i^* = c_2^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 0,50$



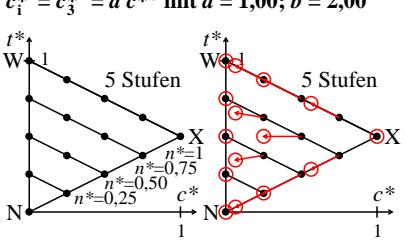
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



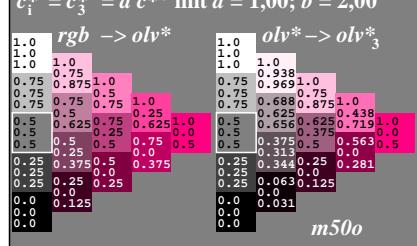
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 6$ $c_i^* = c_6^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,25; b = 1,00$



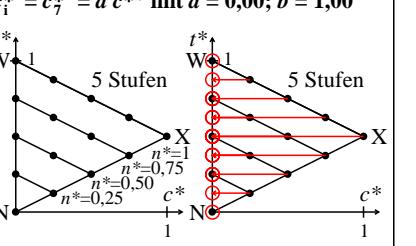
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



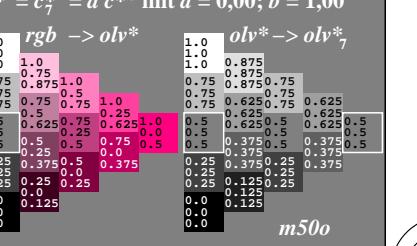
### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 3$ $c_i^* = c_3^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 1,00; b = 2,00$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



### Farbmefrische Transformation $i = 7$ $c_i^* = c_7^* = a c^{*b}$ mit $a = 0,00; b = 1,00$



TUB-Prüfvorlage LG73; Relative Farbwiedergabe, Farbe m50o Eingabe:  $rgb \rightarrow olv^*$  setrgbcolor  
 Farbmefrische Transformation von relativer Buntheit  $c^*$  mit  $a, b$  Ausgabe: keine Eingabeänderung

TUB-Registrierung: 20110301-LG73/LG73L0NA.TXT /PS  
 Anwendung für Messung von Drucker- oder Monitorsystemen

TUB-Material: Code=rha4ta

