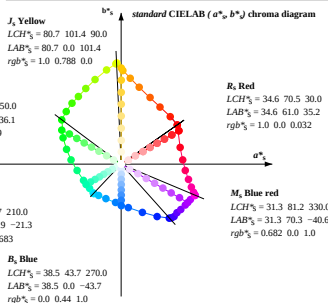
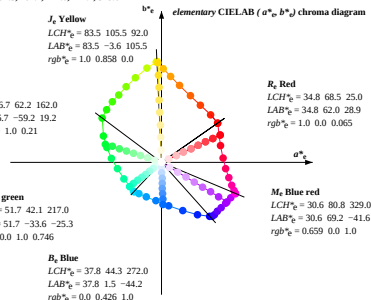
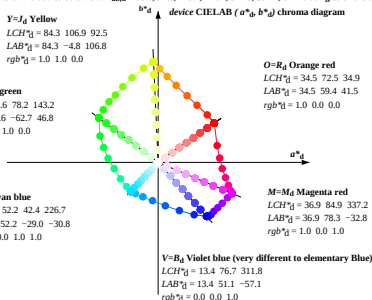


Data of Maximum color M in colorimetric system photo printer FR509_91; no separation, D65 and D50 for input or output; Six hue angles of the 60 degree standard colours: $h_{ab,s} = 30.0, 90.0, 150.0, 210.0, 270.0, 330.0$;
Six hue angles of the device colours: $h_{ab,d} = 35.0, 92.6, 143.2, 226.7, 311.8, 337.2$; Six hue angles of the elementary colours: $h_{ab,e} = 25.5, 92.3, 162.2, 217.0, 271.7, 328.6$



Notes to the CIELAB chroma diagrams (a^*_d, b^*_d), (a^*_e, b^*_e), (a^*_s, b^*_s)

- For the rgb^*_d -input values the CIELAB data LCH^*_d and LAB^*_d have been measured.
- For the calculation of the standard hue angle $h_{ab,s}$ use for any device values rgb^*_d the equation:
$$h_{ab,s} = \arctan \left(\frac{r^*_d \cos(30) + g^*_d \cos(150)}{r^*_d \sin(30) + g^*_d \sin(150)} + b^*_d \sin(270) \right) \quad (1)$$
- For the 48 or 360 equally spaced standard hue angles $h_{ab,s}$ of the colours of maximum chroma use the seven hue angles of the 60 degree colours: $h_{ab,s} = 30.0, 90.0, 150.0, 210.0, 270.0, 330.0, 390.0$ ($i=0,5$) and the equations for a 48 and 360 step hue circle:
$$h_{ab,ab,s,j} = h_{ab,s,i} + j \left(h_{ab,s,i+1} - h_{ab,s,i} \right) / 8 \quad (i = 0, 1, \dots, 5; j = 0, 1, \dots, 7) \quad (2)$$

$$h_{360,ab,s,j} = h_{ab,s,i} + j \left(h_{ab,s,i+1} - h_{ab,s,i} \right) / 60 \quad (i = 0, 1, \dots, 5; j = 0, 1, \dots, 59) \quad (3)$$
- For the 48 or 360 elementary hue angles $h_{ab,e}$ of the colours of maximum chroma use the seven hue angles of the elementary colours: $h_{ab,e} = 25.5, 92.3, 162.2, 217.0, 271.7, 328.6, 385.5$ ($i=0,5$) and the equations for a 48 and 360 step elementary hue circle:
$$h_{ab,ab,e,j} = h_{ab,e,i} + j \left(h_{ab,e,i+1} - h_{ab,e,i} \right) / 8 \quad (i = 0, 1, \dots, 5; j = 0, 1, \dots, 7) \quad (4)$$

$$h_{360,ab,e,j} = h_{ab,e,i} + j \left(h_{ab,e,i+1} - h_{ab,e,i} \right) / 60 \quad (i = 0, 1, \dots, 5; j = 0, 1, \dots, 59) \quad (5)$$
- For any elementary hue angle $h_{ab,e}$ there is a well defined device hue angle $h_{ab,d}$ see the following tables, columns 1 to 3.
- The values rgb^*_d produce the output of the device-independent elementary hues