

<http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/MS58/MS58L0N0.TXT/.PS>; comience salida
N: ninguna 3D-linealización (OL) en archivo (F) o PS-startup (S), página 1/1

colores acromáticos,
colores intermedios

5 colores acromáticos:

N negro (noir francés)
D gris oscuro
Z gris intermedio
H gris claro
W blanco

dos colores intermedios:

C_e = G50B_e azul-verdoso
M_e = B50R_e rojo-azulado

colores cromáticos,
colores elementales
colores "ni-ni"

4 colores elementales (e):

R = R_e rojo
ni amarillento ni azulado
G = G_e verde
ni amarillento ni azulado
B = B_e azul
ni verdoso ni rojizo

J = Y_e amarillo (jaune francés)
ni verdoso ni rojizo

colores cromáticos,
colores de dispositivo
TV, impresión (PR), foto (PH)

seis colores de dispositivo (d):
C = C_d cian azul (cian)
M = M_d magenta rojo (magenta)
Y = Y_d amarillo
O = R_d rojo anaranjado (rojo)
L = G_d verde hoja (verde)
V = B_d violeta azulado (azul)

3-003000-L0

MS580-1N

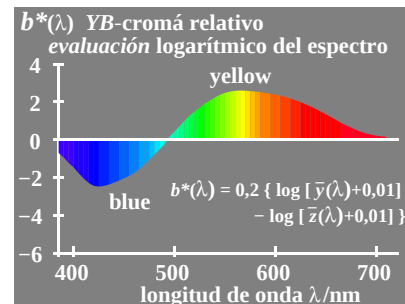
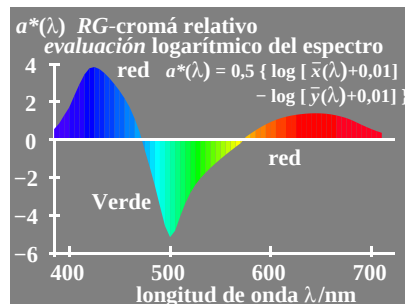
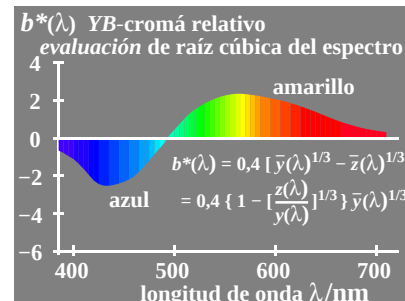
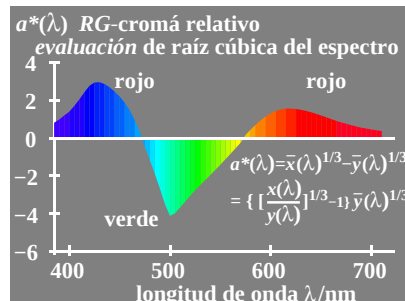
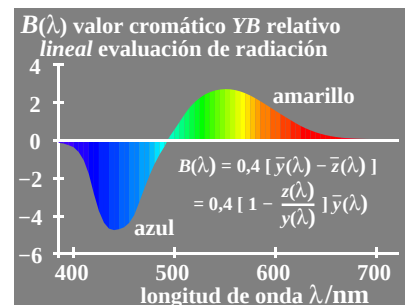
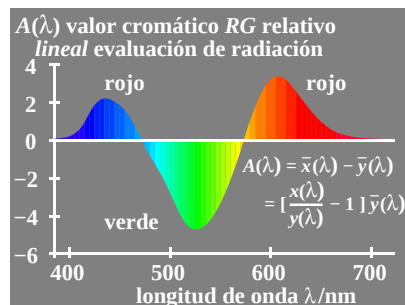
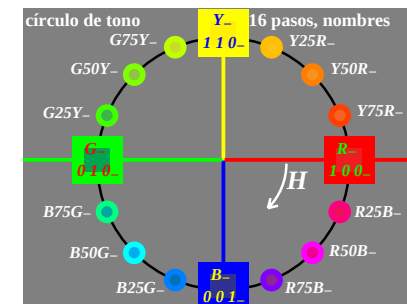
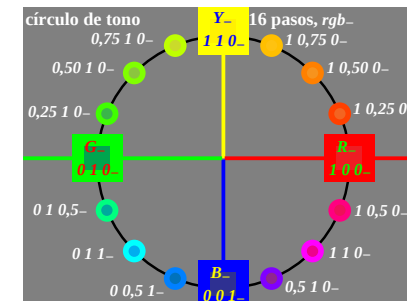
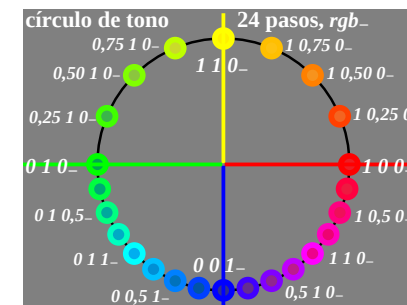
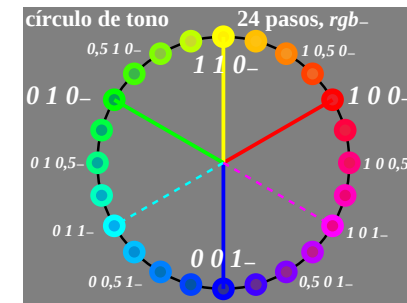
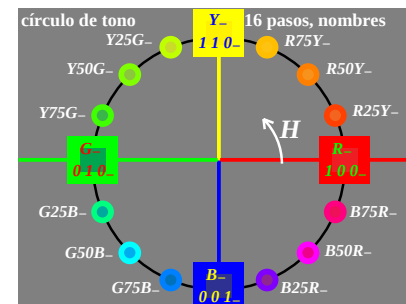
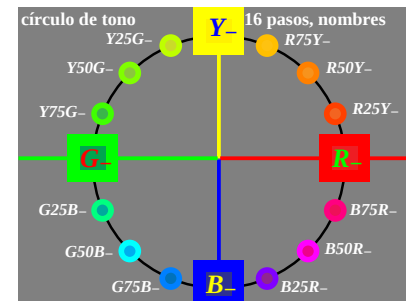
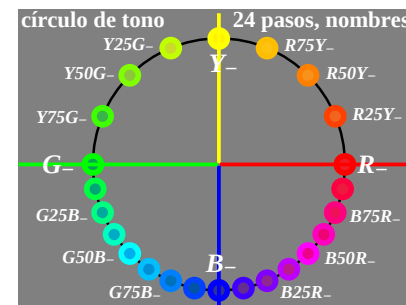
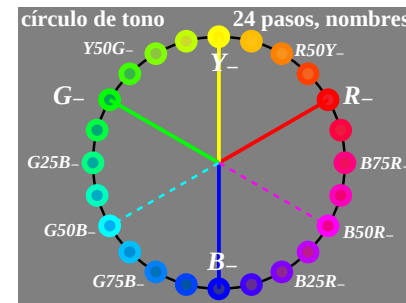


Gráfico TUB-MS58; la gráfica de Ordenador y colorimetry
Imagine la serie MS58, 3D=0, de=0



entrada: rgb/cmyk → rgb/cmyk
salida: ningún cambio

TUB matrícula: 20190801-MS58/MS58L0N0.TXT/.PS
aplicación para la medida de display output

TUB material: code=rha4ta