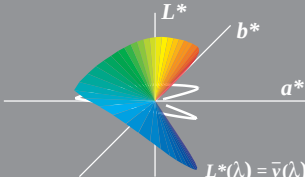
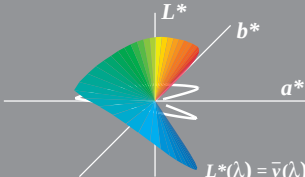


$\bar{r}^*(\lambda)$ attribue couleur à 3 dimensions
évaluation racine cubique du spectre



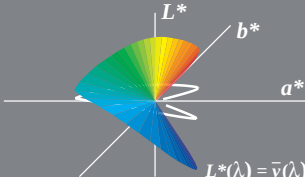
$$\begin{aligned}L^*(\lambda) &= \bar{y}(\lambda)^{1/3} \\a^*(\lambda) &= \bar{x}(\lambda)^{1/3} - \bar{y}(\lambda)^{1/3} \\b^*(\lambda) &= 0,4 [\bar{y}(\lambda)^{1/3} - \bar{z}(\lambda)^{1/3}]\end{aligned}$$

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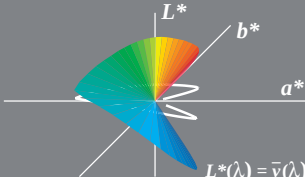
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