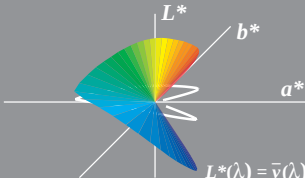


$\bar{r}^*(\lambda)$ 3-dimensionale fargeheter
 kubikkrot spektrumsberegning

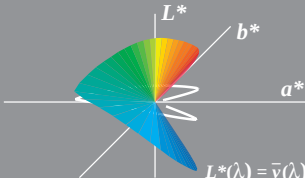


$$L^*(\lambda) = \bar{y}(\lambda)^{1/3}$$

$$a^*(\lambda) = \bar{x}(\lambda)^{1/3} - \bar{y}(\lambda)^{1/3}$$

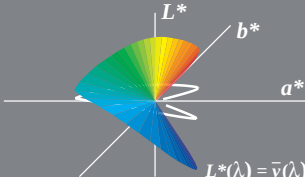
$$b^*(\lambda) = 0,4 [\bar{y}(\lambda)^{1/3} - \bar{z}(\lambda)^{1/3}]$$

$\bar{r}^*(\lambda)$ 3-dimensionale fargeheter
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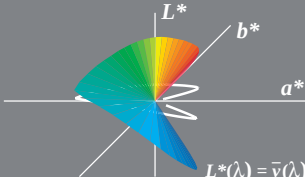
$$L^*(\lambda) = \bar{y}(\lambda)^{1/3}$$
$$a^*(\lambda) = \bar{x}(\lambda)^{1/3} - \bar{y}(\lambda)^{1/3}$$
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$\bar{r}^*(\lambda)$ 3-dimensionale fargeheter
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$\bar{r}^*(\lambda)$ 3-dimensionale fargeheter
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$$L^*(\lambda) = \bar{y}(\lambda)^{1/3}$$
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