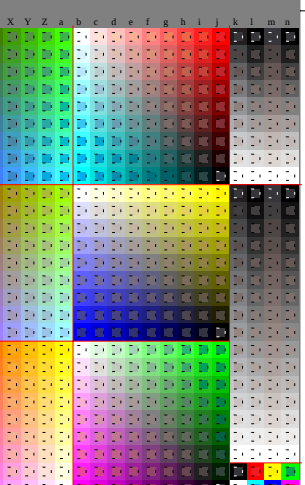
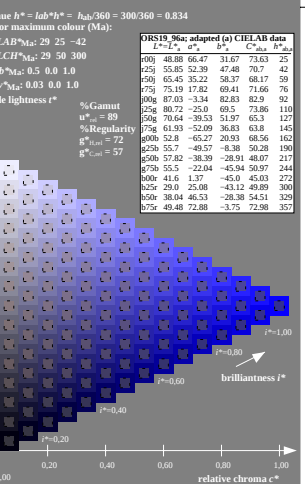
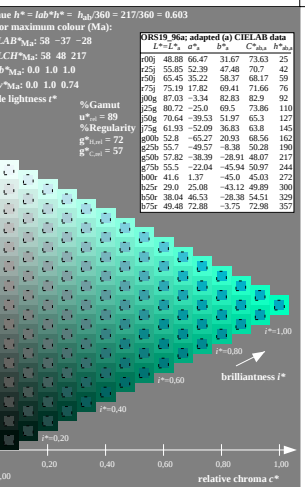
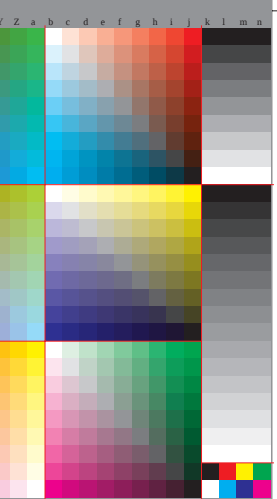
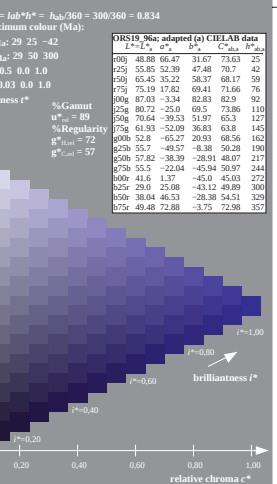
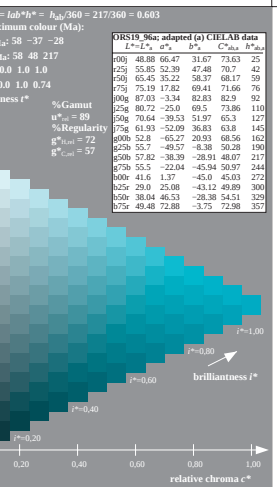
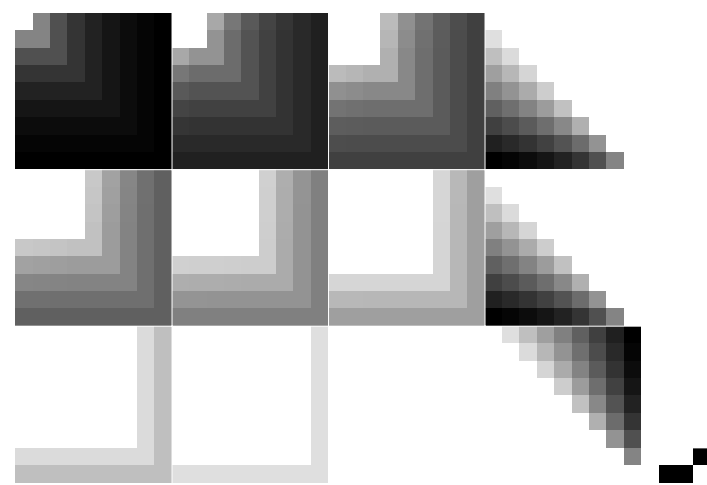
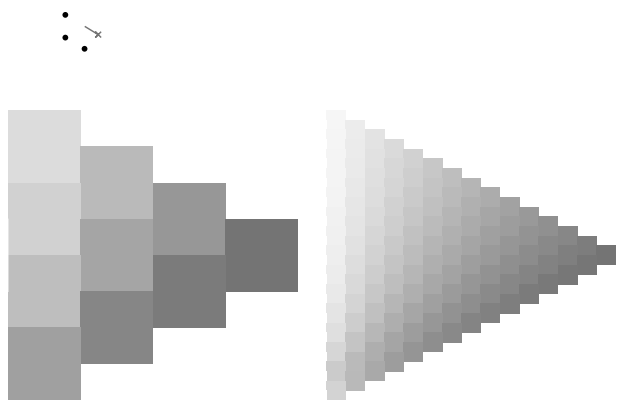
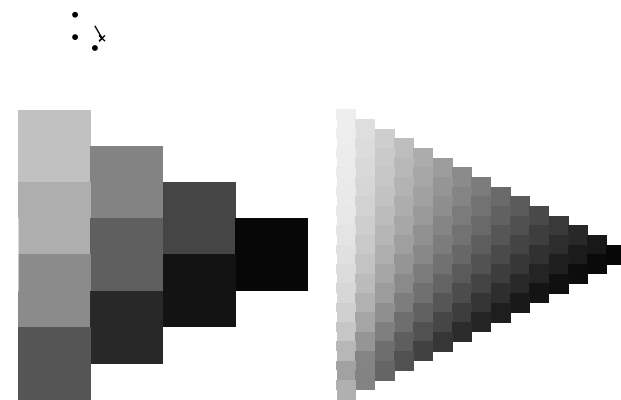
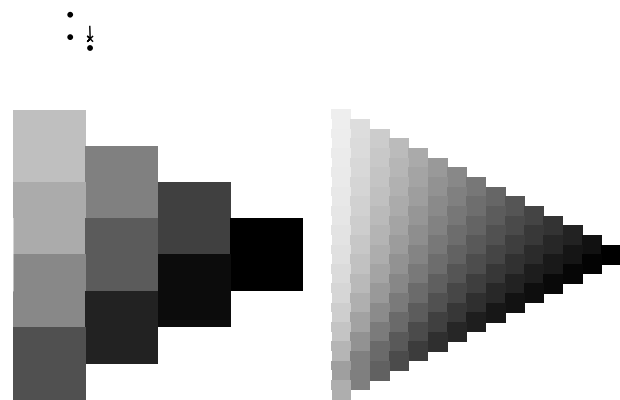
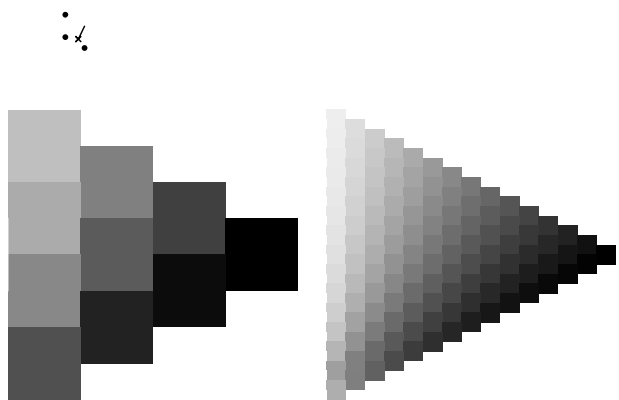
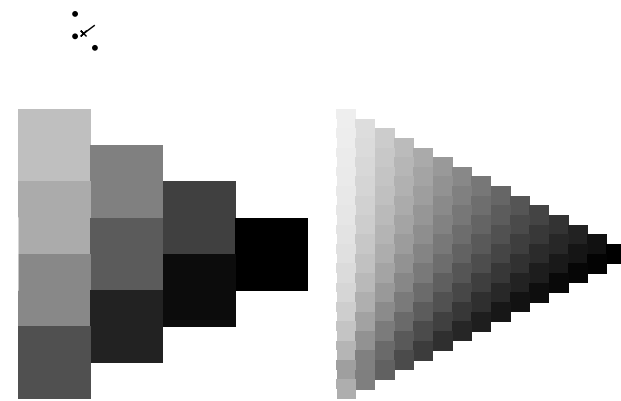
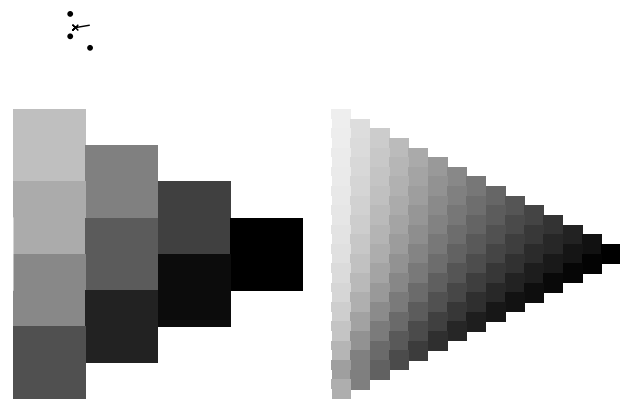
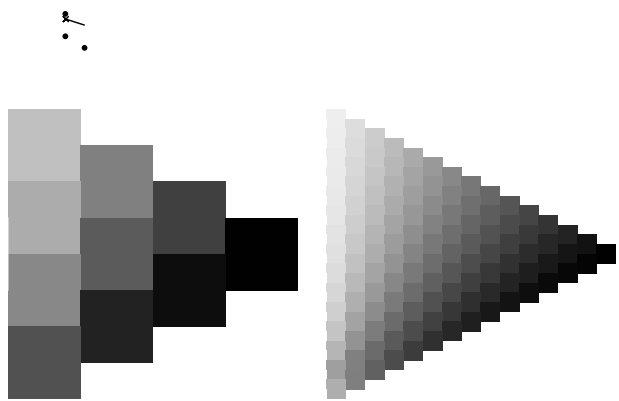
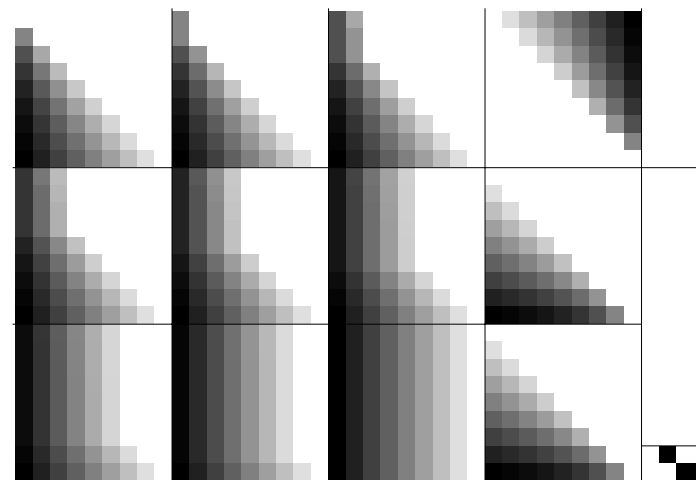
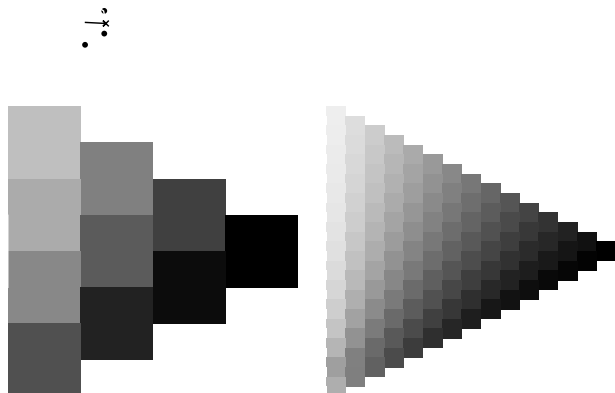
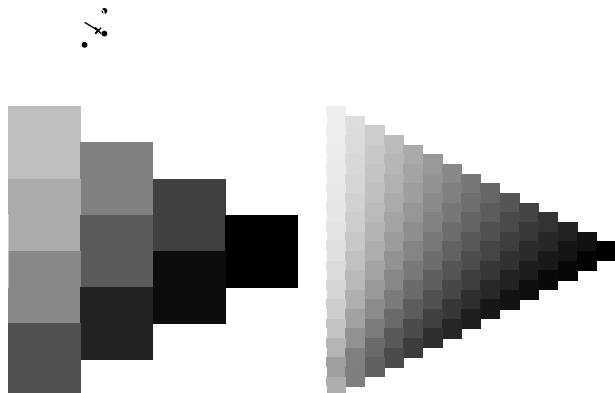
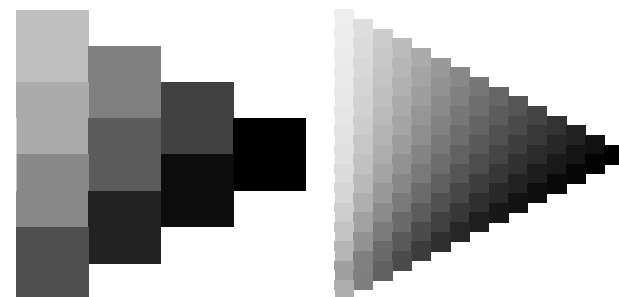
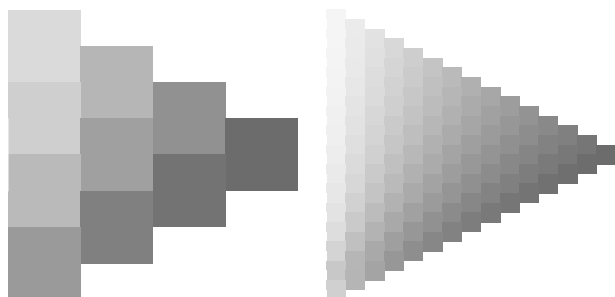
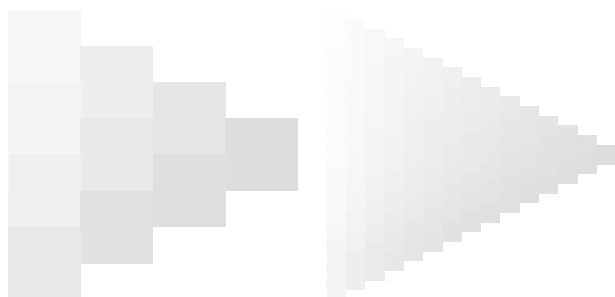










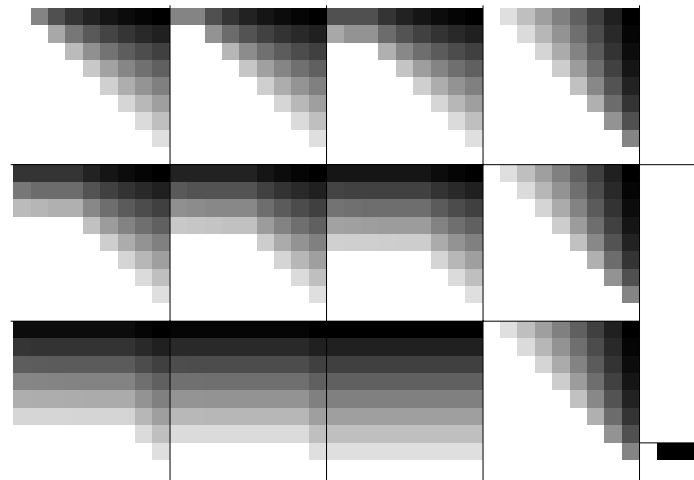
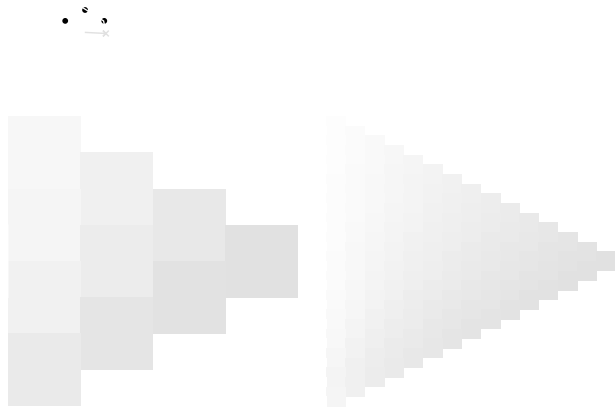
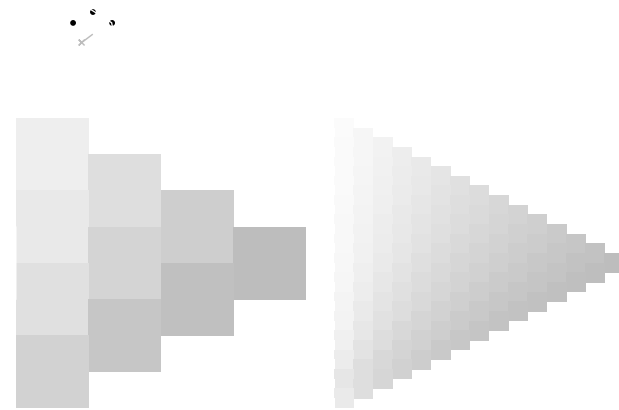
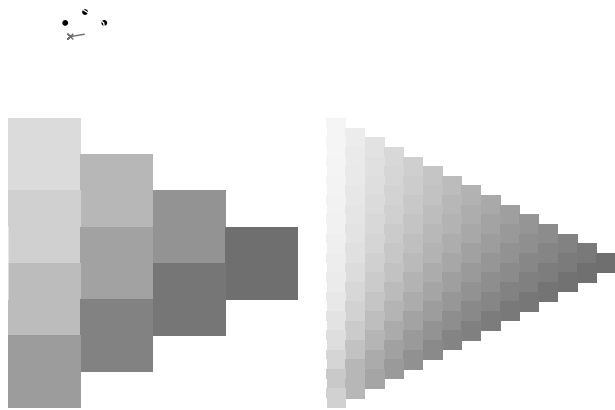
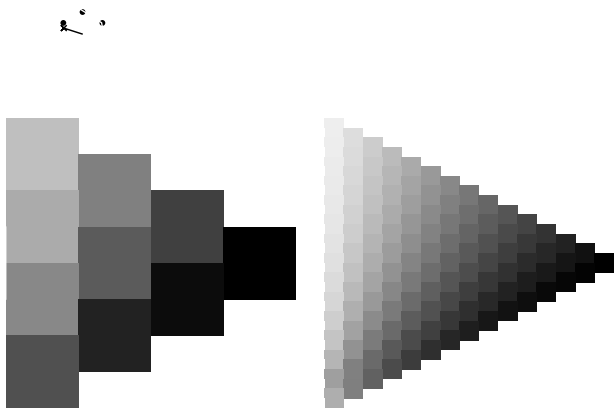


Figure 1 consists of two grayscale plots. The left plot shows a step-like relationship between relative chroma c^* (x-axis, 0.00 to 1.00) and relative brightness I^* (y-axis, 0.00 to 1.00). The plot is divided into regions labeled $I^* = 0.25$, $I^* = 0.50$, $I^* = 0.75$, and $I^* = 1.00$. The right plot shows a continuous, smooth relationship between relative chroma c^* (x-axis, 0.00 to 1.00) and relative brightness I^* (y-axis, 0.00 to 1.00). The plot is a grayscale gradient, with a color bar on the right indicating I^* values from 0.00 to 1.00. The color bar also includes numerical values for b_{25r} , b_{50r} , and b_{75r} .

I^*	b_{25r}	b_{50r}	b_{75r}
0.25	29.0	25.08	-43.12
0.50	38.04	46.53	-28.39
0.75	45.48	72.88	-3.75