

CIE LAB 1976 $L^*a^*b^*$ -color space definition and reversal

$$L^* = 116 (Y/Y_n)^{1/3} - 16$$
$$a^* = 500 [(X/X_n)^{1/3} - (Y/Y_n)^{1/3}]$$
$$b^* = 200 [(Y/Y_n)^{1/3} - (Z/Z_n)^{1/3}]$$
$$X = X_n [(L^* + 16) / 116 + a^*/500]^3$$
$$Y = Y_n [(L^* + 16) / 116]^3$$
$$Z = Z_n [(L^* + 16) / 116 - b^*/200]^3$$

AS870-1N

Q -function changes; transition from light- to color metrics

scaling function of **light metrics**:
 $Q[k(x - u)] = Q[k(\log L - \log L_u)]$
log $L \rightarrow$ log P for **color metrics**:
 $Q[k(\log P - \log L_u)]$
 $= Q[k(\log L - \log L_u + \log P - \log L)]$
with saturation $p = \log P - \log L$
for **color metrics**: $Q[k(x - u + p)]$

AS870-2N

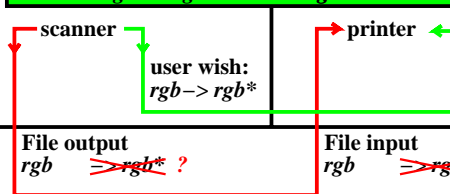
Multifunctional device

with the following modes:

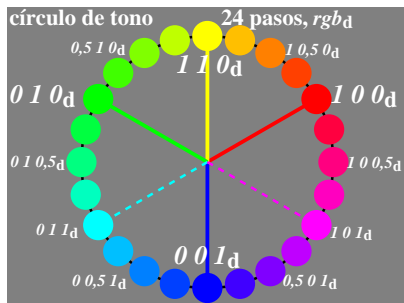
- copier
- scanner
- printer

high colour fidelity with function copier

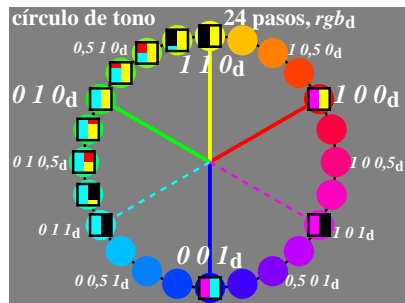
$LCh^* \rightarrow rgb \rightarrow rgb^* \rightarrow LCh^*$



AS870-3N



AS870-5N



AS870-6N

Offset rgb^* input data and LCh^* output data

Color	rgb^*	LCh^*
R_e elementary red	1 0 0	47, 74, 26
Y_e elementary yellow	1 1 0	86, 88, 92
G_e elementary green	0 1 0	53, 57, 164
B_e elementary blue	0 0 1	42, 45, 271
N black	0 0 0	18, 0, 0
W white	1 1 1	95, 0, 0

Data according to test chart DIN 33872-2, p.9-12

<http://farbe.li.tu-berlin.de/A/33872E.html>

Elementary-hue angles of CIE R1-47, see

<http://web.archive.org/web/20160304130704/http://files.cie.co.at/526.pdf>

AS870-7N

9 step offset colours in CIE LAB colour space

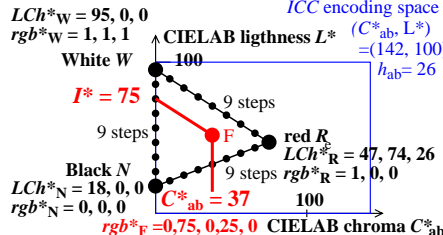
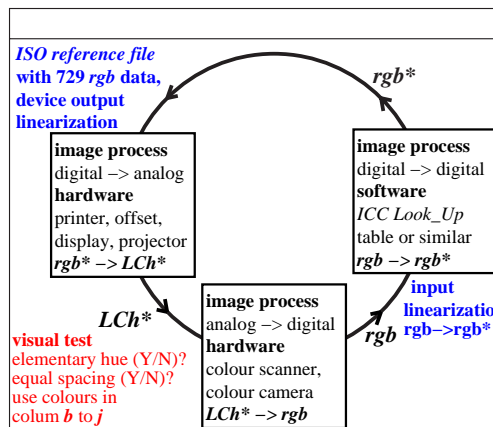


gráfico TUB-AS87; Examples of colour metric
User coordinates and device calibration

Agreement (Y/N) of CIE LAB h_{ab} with IEC 61966-2-1 and CIE R1-47

	reference: device colours				NOTES
	$R_{d,sRGB}$	$Y_{d,sRGB}$	$G_{d,sRGB}$	$B_{d,sRGB}$	visual standard deviation v_{SD}
definition for display output in IEC 61966-2-1	40 +/- 4 40 +/- 8	103 +/- 4 103 +/- 8	136 +/- 4 136 +/- 8	306 +/- 8 306 +/- 16	1 x v_{SD} 2 x v_{SD} data see [1], Tab. B.2
measurement of printer output rgb in file	34 N(-2) 34 Y	100 Y 100 Y	146 N(+8) 146 N(+2)	264 N(-34) 264 N(-26)	1 x v_{SD} ; 1 x Y 2 x v_{SD} ; 2 x Y data see [1], Fig. 32
measurement of printer output $cmY0$ in file	34 N(-2) 34 Y	100 Y 100 Y	153 N(+15) 153 N(+9)	300 Y 300 Y	1 x v_{SD} ; 2 x Y 2 x v_{SD} ; 3 x Y data see [1], Fig. 33
	reference: elementary colours				NOTES
	R_e	Y_e	G_e	B_e	visual standard deviation v_{SD}
definition for any output in CIE R1-47	26 +/- 4 26 +/- 8	92 +/- 4 92 +/- 8	162 +/- 4 162 +/- 8	272 +/- 8 272 +/- 16	1 x v_{SD} 2 x v_{SD} data see CIE R1-47
measurement of printer output rgb in file	34 N(+4) 34 Y	100 N(+4) 100 Y	146 N(-12) 146 N(-8)	264 N(-4) 264 Y	1 x v_{SD} ; 0 x Y 2 x v_{SD} ; 3 x Y data see [1], Fig. 32
measurement of printer output $cmY0$ in file	34 N(+4) 34 Y	100 N(+4) 100 Y	153 N(-5) 153 N(-1)	300 N(+20) 300 N(+12)	1 x v_{SD} ; 0 x Y 2 x v_{SD} ; 2 x Y data see [1], Fig. 33

AS871-3N



AS871-7N

entrada: $w/rgb/cmyk \rightarrow w/rgb/cmyk$
salida: ningún cambio