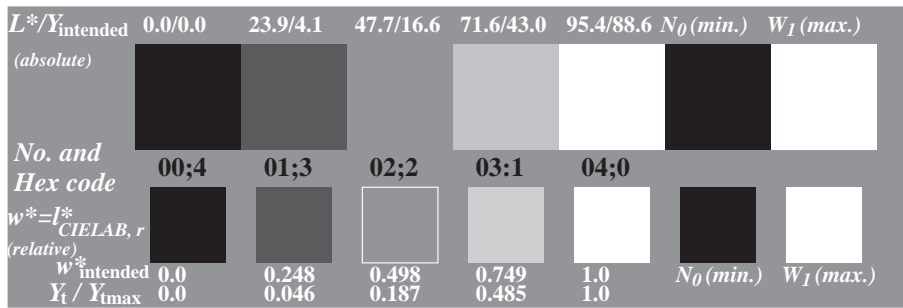
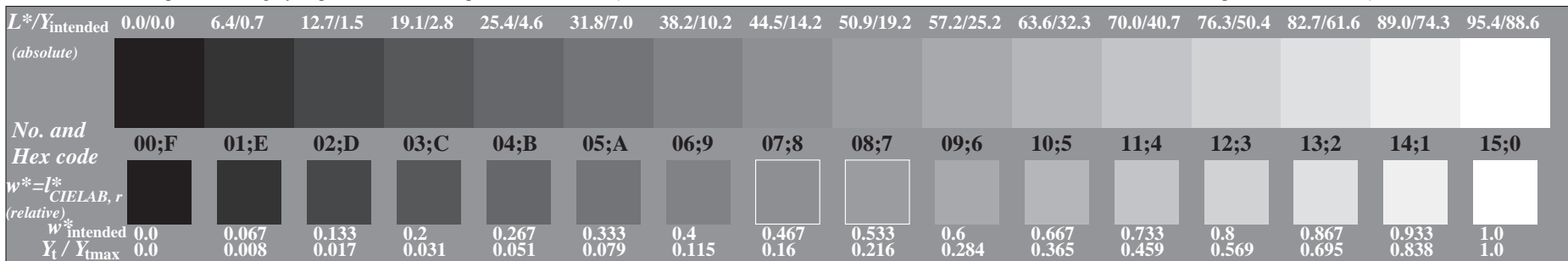


Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



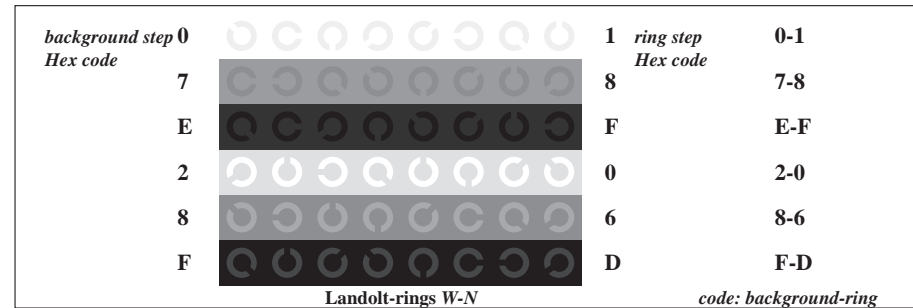
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.0$

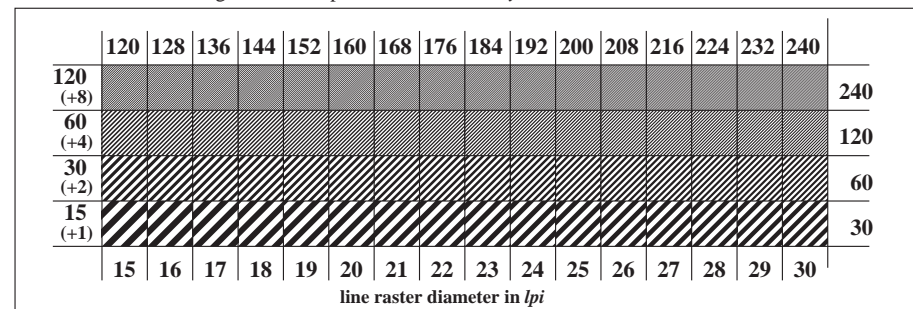
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

input: 000n* setcmykcolor

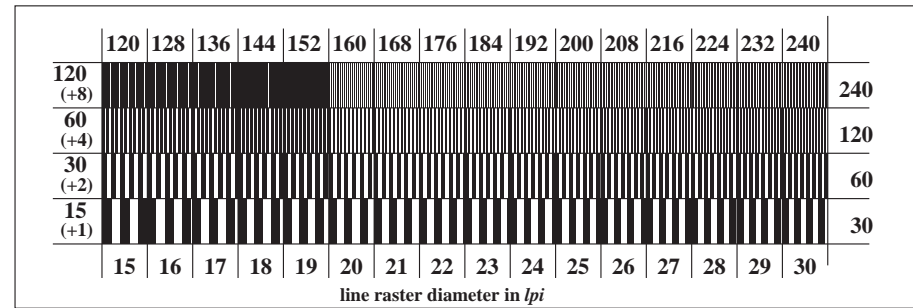
output: no change compared to input



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



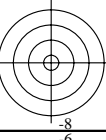
Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n* setcmykcolor

See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE75/>
Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=0.0, CIE LAB, 1.0 exp

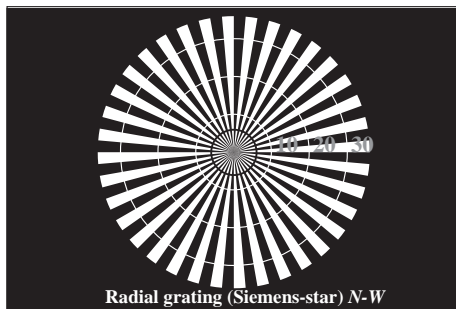
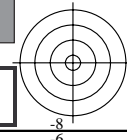


www.ps.bam.de/CE75/10L/L75E10FP.PS/.PDF; linearized output
F: Output Linearization (OL) data CE75/10L/L75E10FP.DAT in File (F)

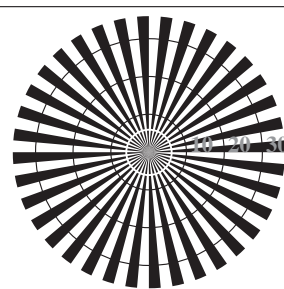


BAM registration: 20040101-CE75/10L/L75E10FP.PS/.PDF
Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range $L^*:W:L^*\eta = 95.4 : 5.7$

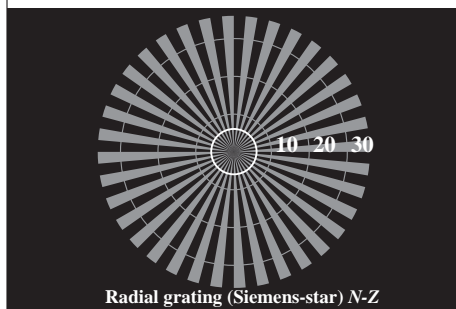
BAM material: code=rh4ta



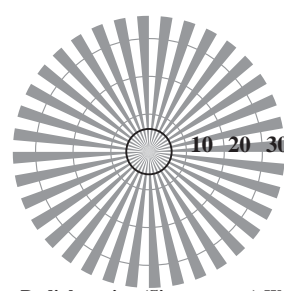
Radial grating (Siemens-star) N-W



Radial grating (Siemens-star) W-N

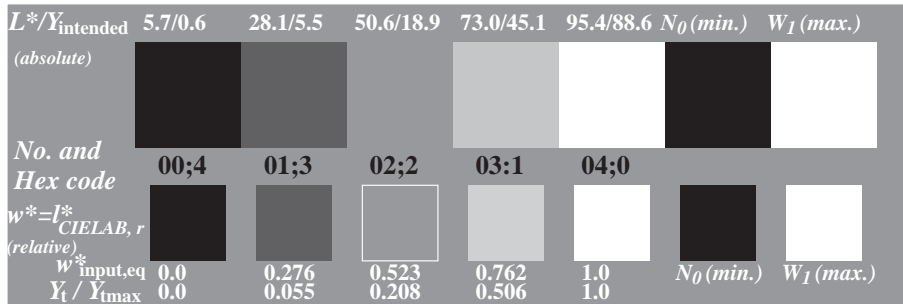


Radial grating (Siemens-star) N-Z

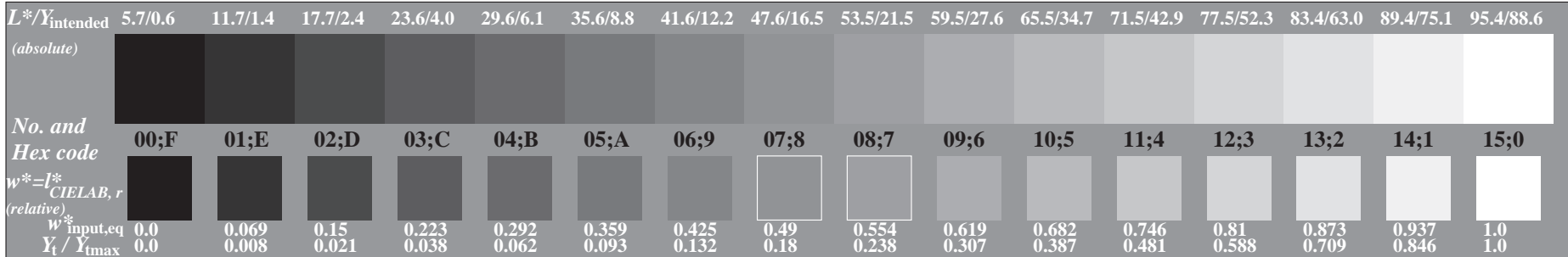


Radial grating (Siemens-star) W-Z

Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

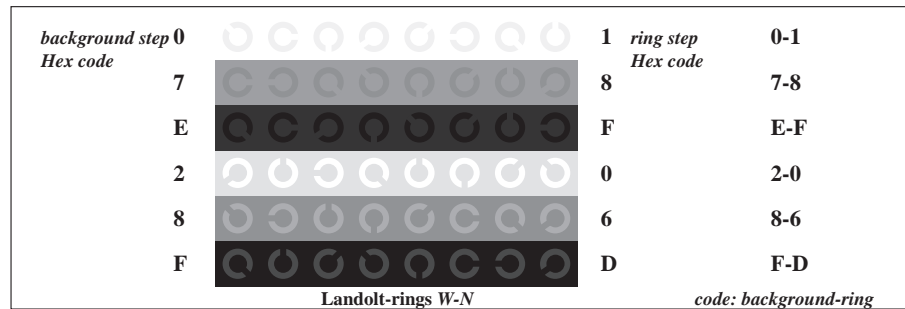


Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

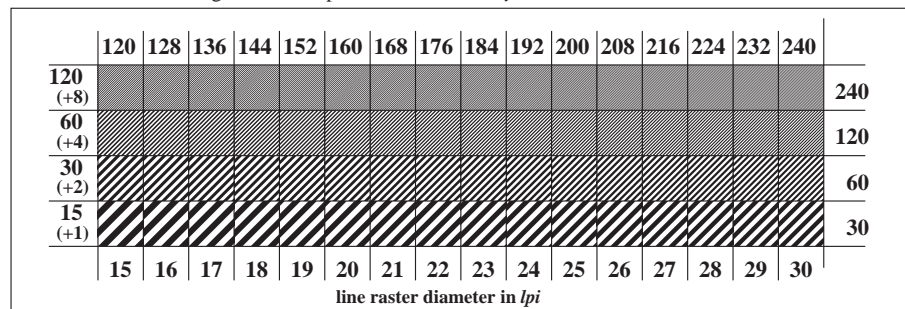


ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 0.6$
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

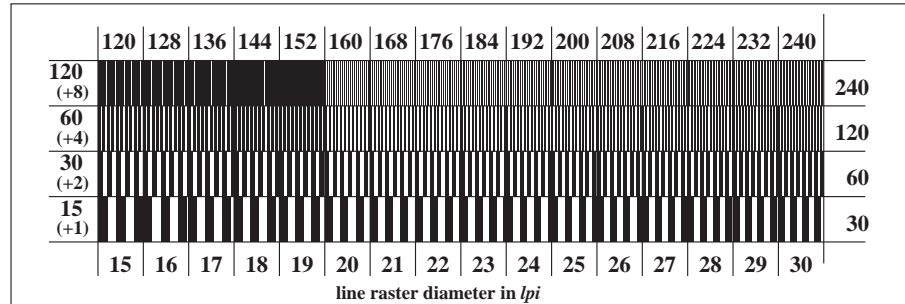
input: 000n* setcmykcolor
output: no change compared to input



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



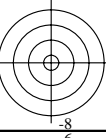
Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n* setcmykcolor

See for similar files: <http://www.ps.bam.de/CE75/>
Technical information: <http://www.ps.bam.de/9241>

Version 2.0, io=0.0, CIE LAB, 1.0 exp

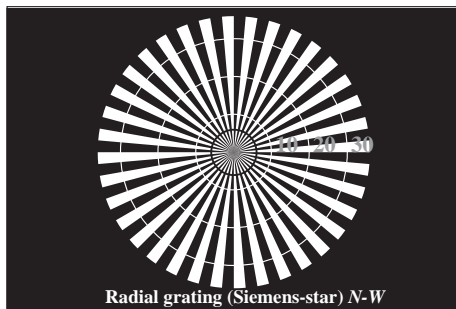
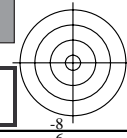


www.ps.bam.de/CE75/10L/L75E20FP.PS/.PDF; linearized output
F: Output Linearization (OL) data CE75/10L/L75E20FP.DAT in File (F)

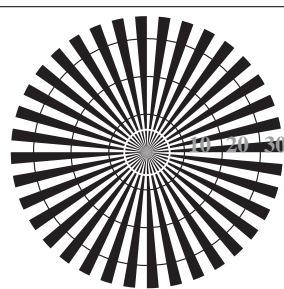


BAM registration: 20040101-CE75/10L/L75E20FP.PS/.PDF
Application for achromatic display output with CIE LAB contrast range $L^*:W:L^*\eta = 95.4 : 11.0$

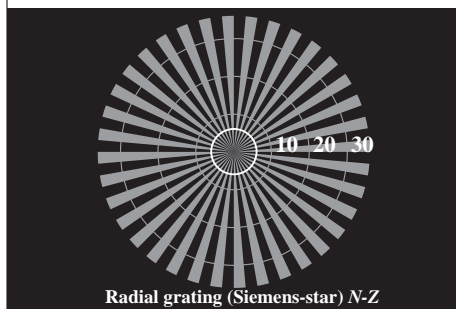
BAM material: code=rh4ta



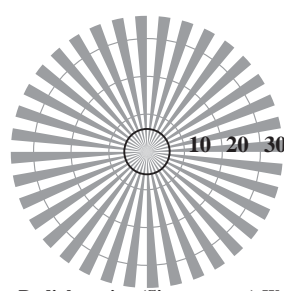
Radial grating (Siemens-star) N-W



Radial grating (Siemens-star) W-N

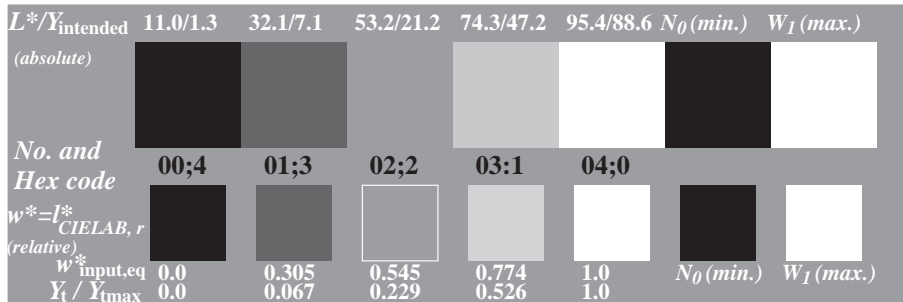


Radial grating (Siemens-star) N-Z

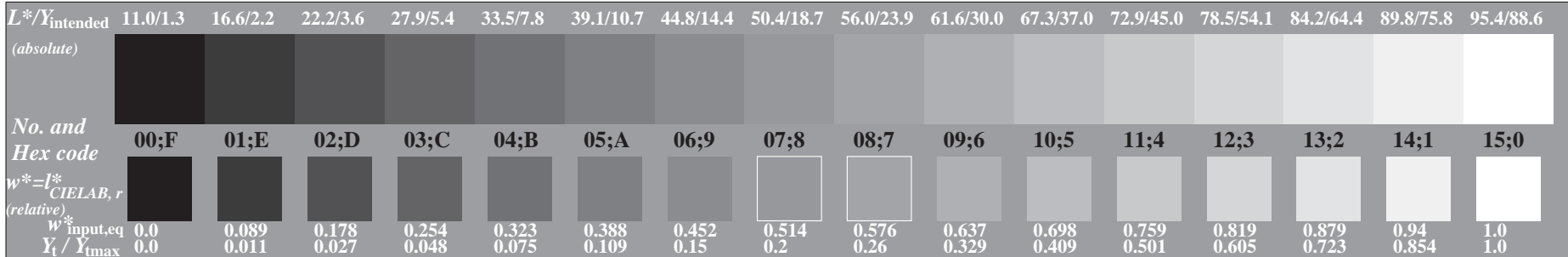


Radial grating (Siemens-star) W-Z

Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

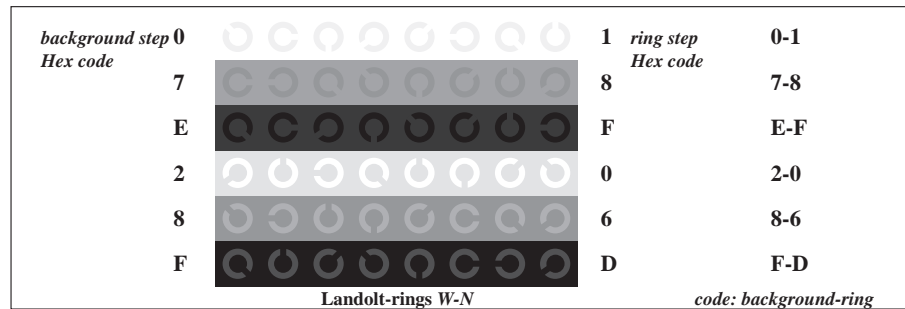


Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

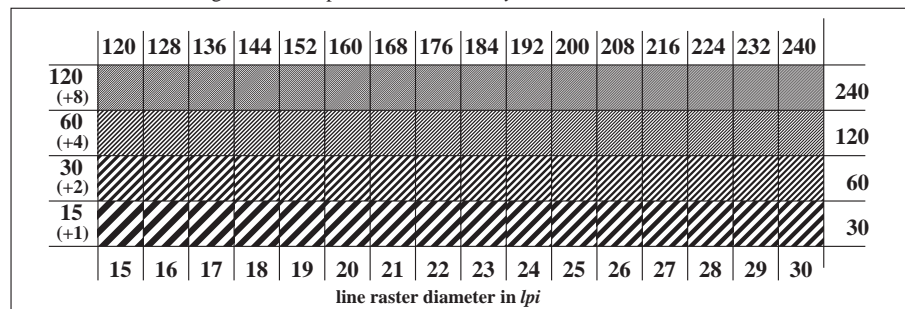


ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 1.3$
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

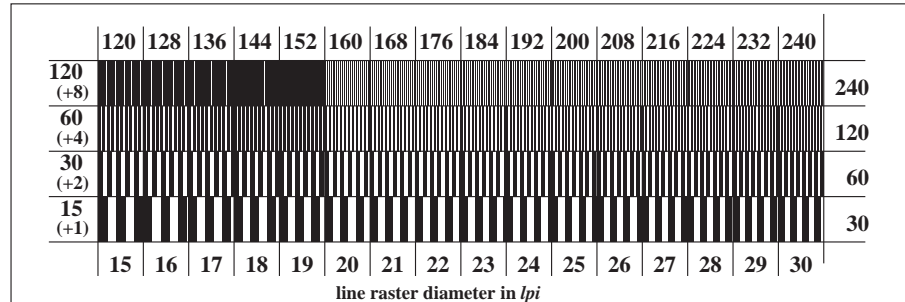
input: 000n* setcmykcolor
output: no change compared to input



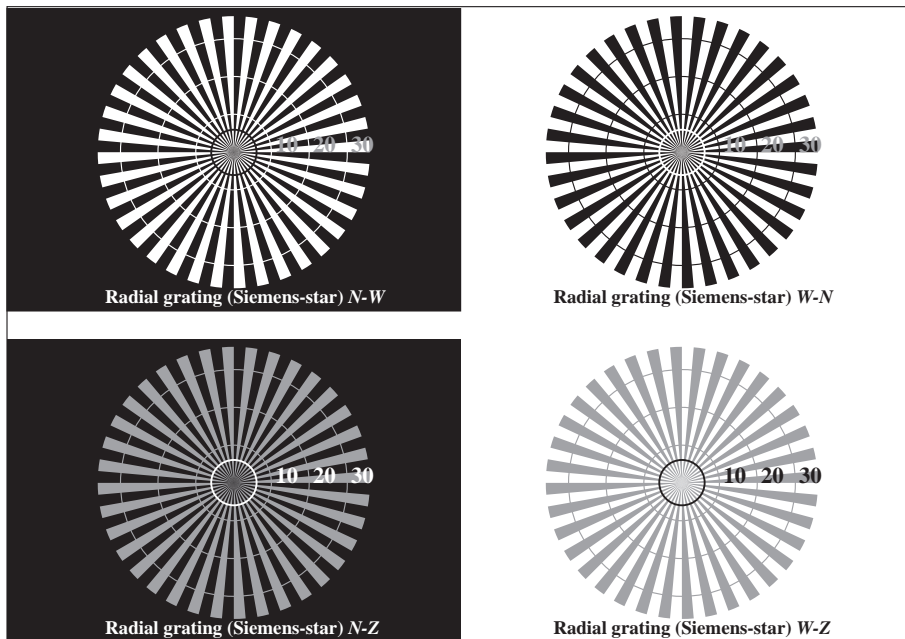
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



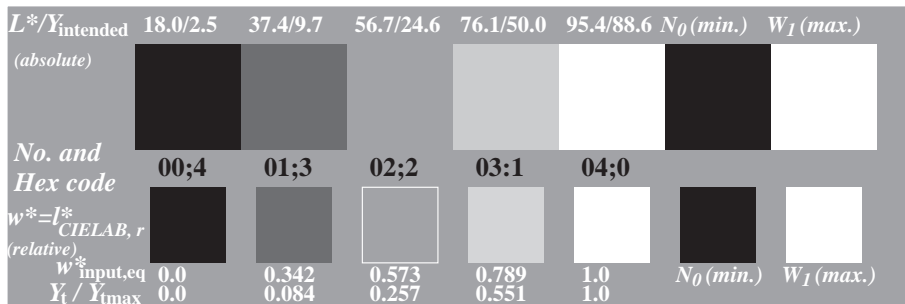
Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



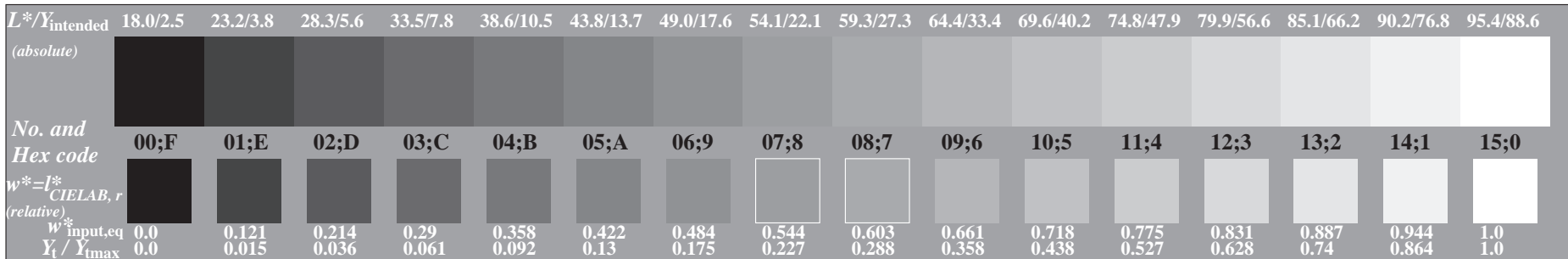
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



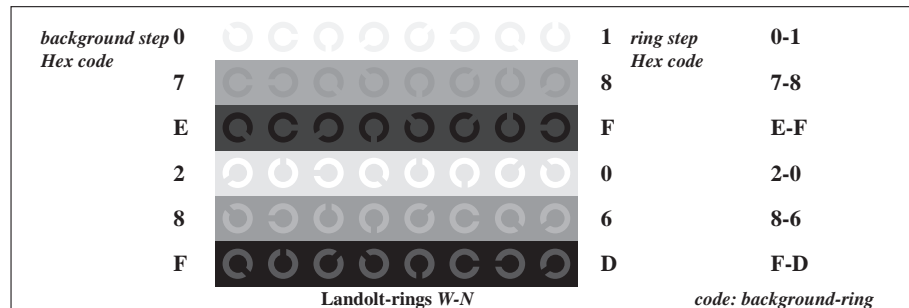
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



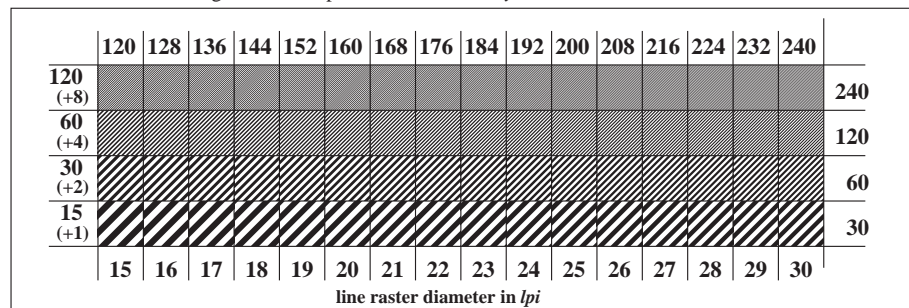
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 2.5$
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

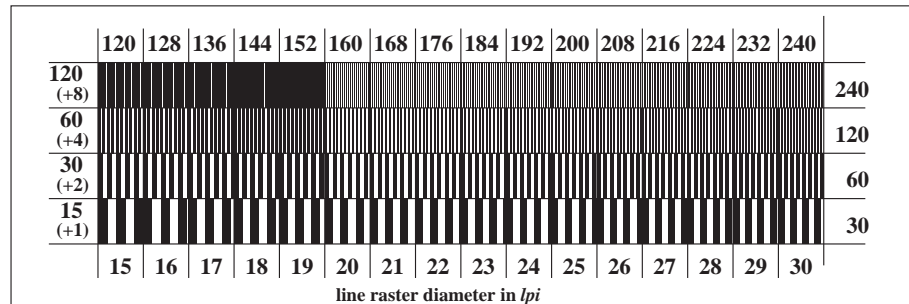
input: 000n* setcmykcolor
output: no change compared to input



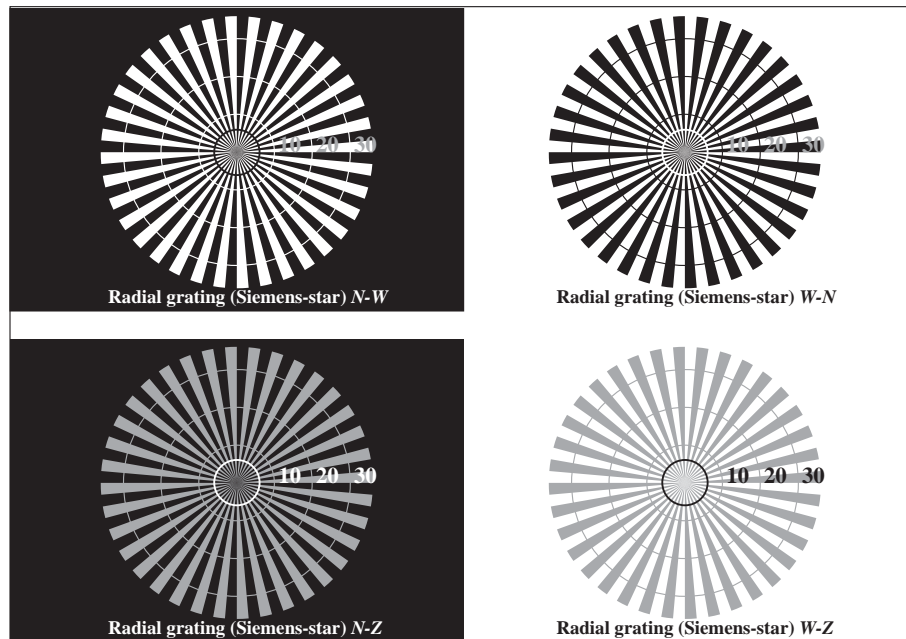
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



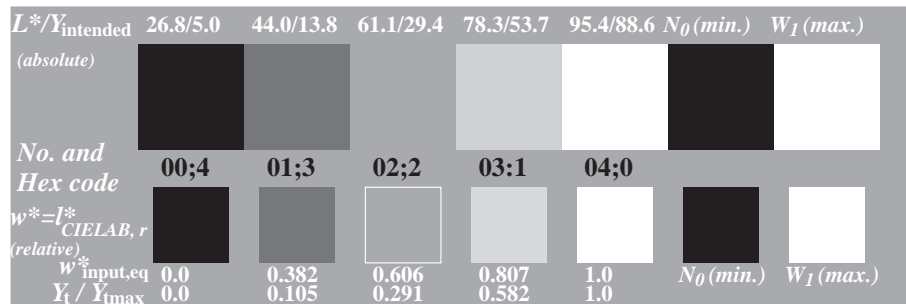
Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



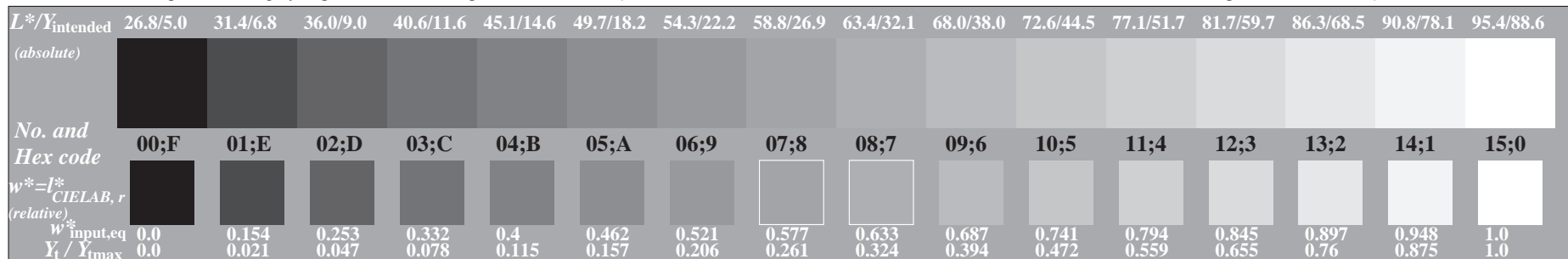
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



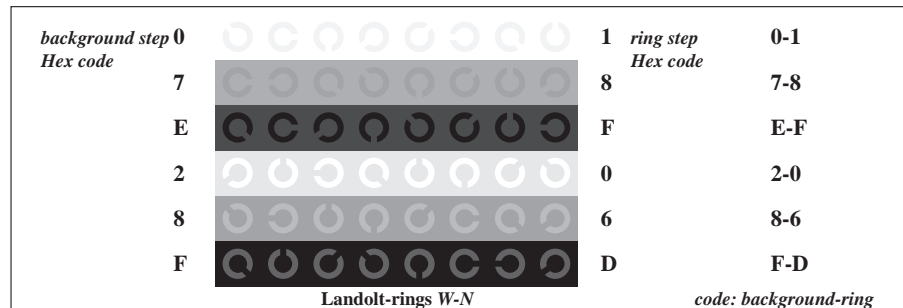
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



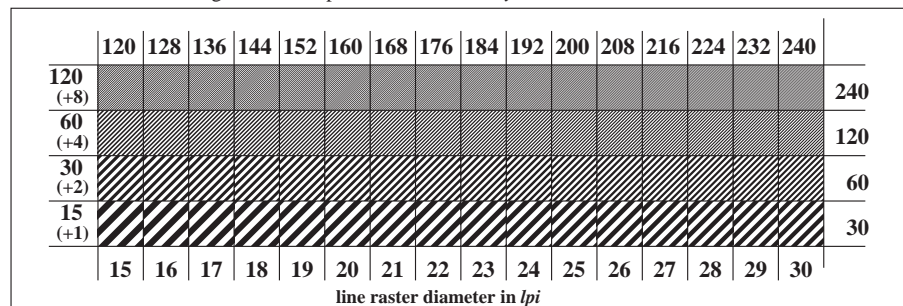
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 5.0$
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

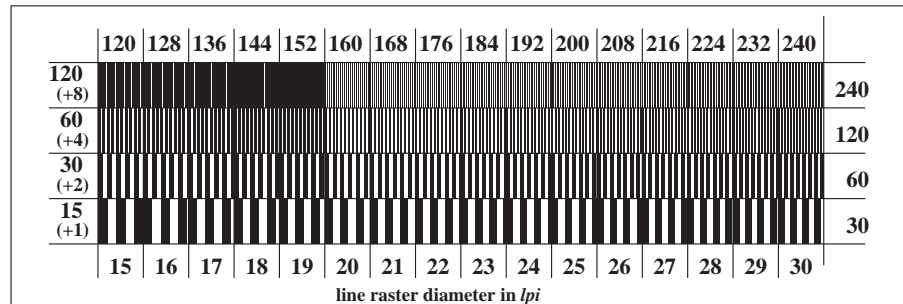
input: 000n* setcmykcolor
output: no change compared to input



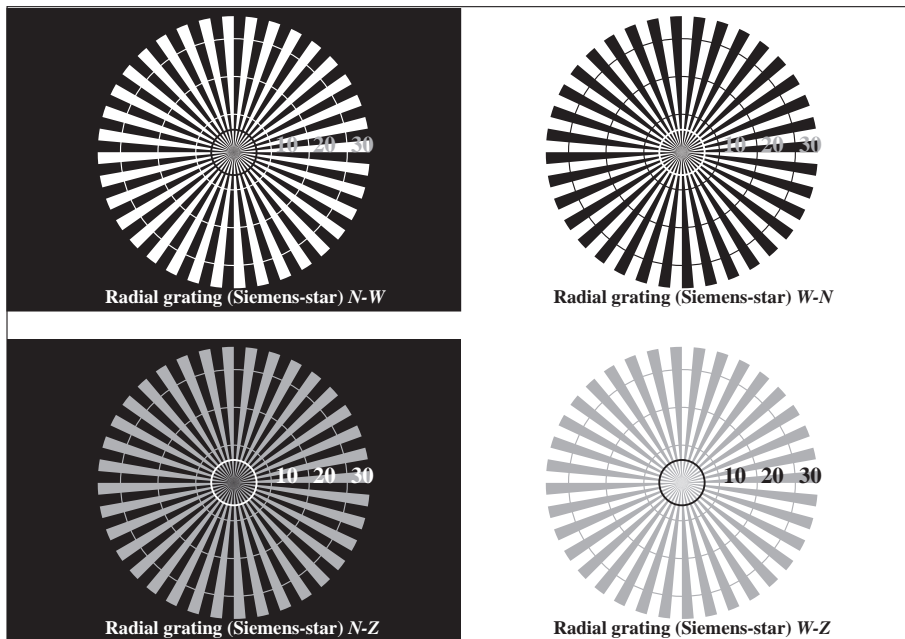
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



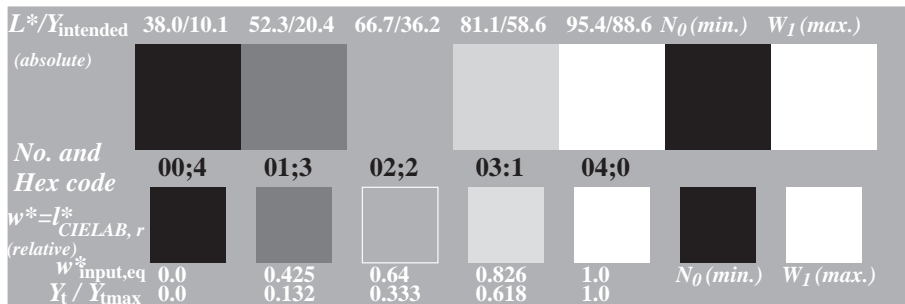
Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



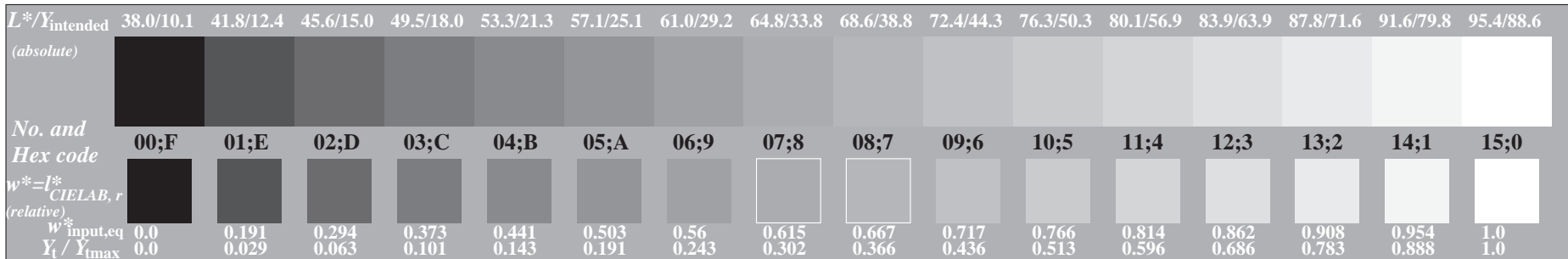
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



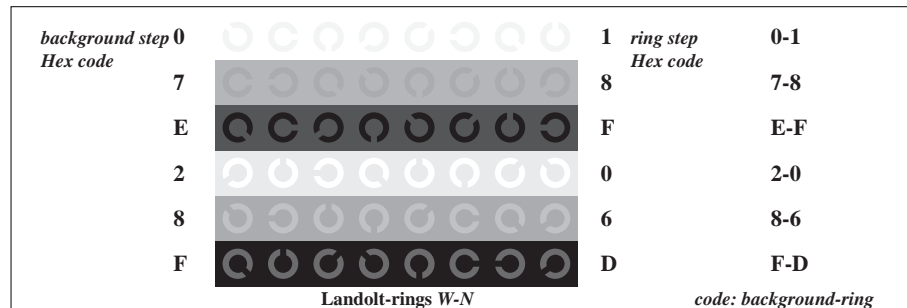
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



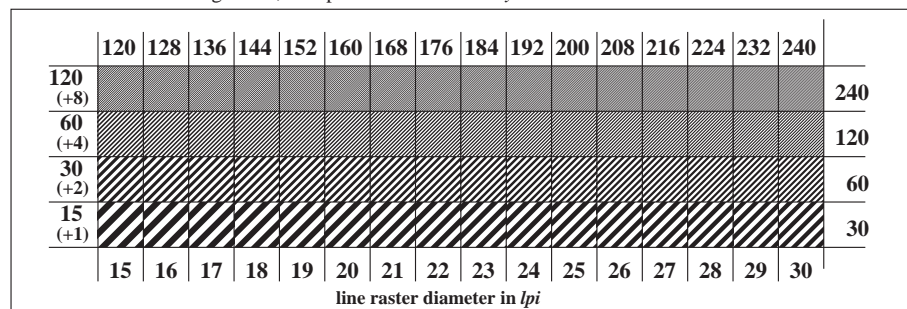
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 10.1$
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

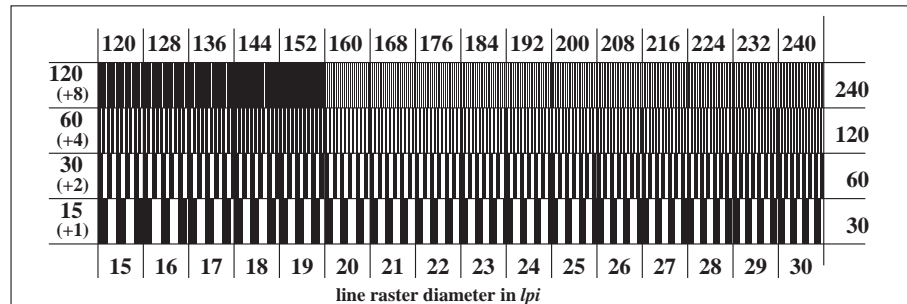
input: 000n* setcmykcolor
output: no change compared to input



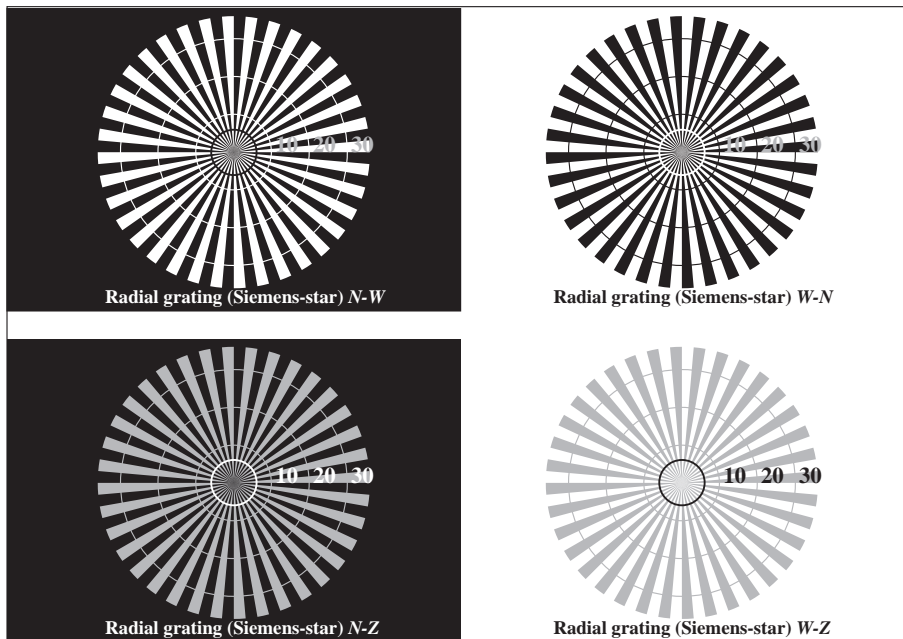
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



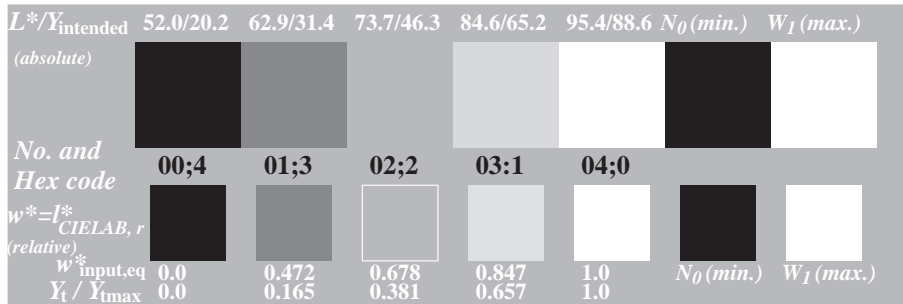
Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



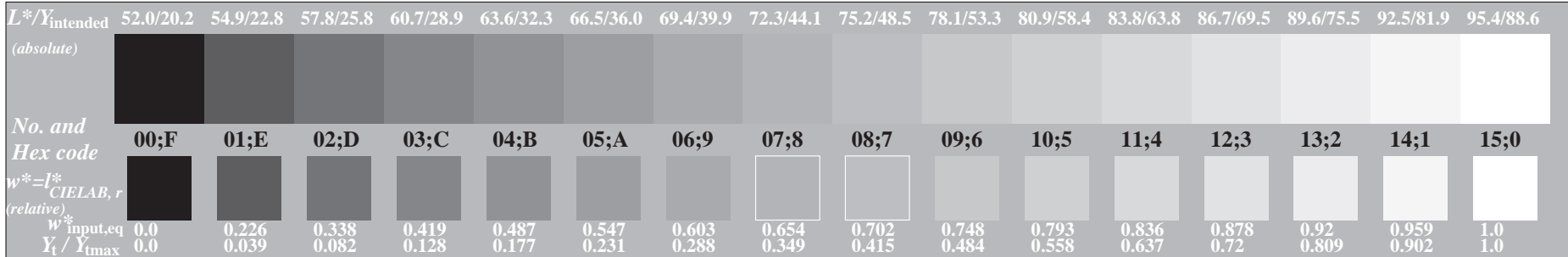
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



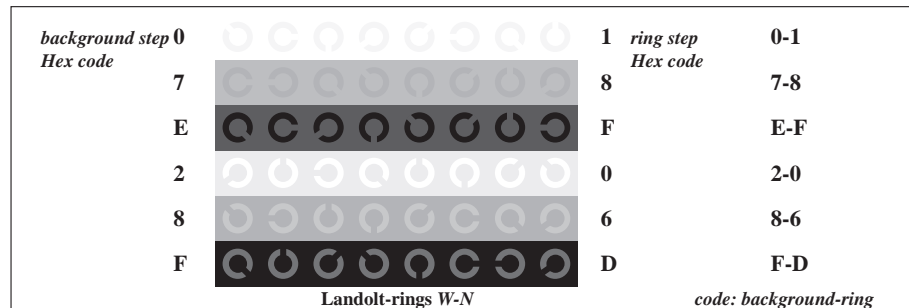
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



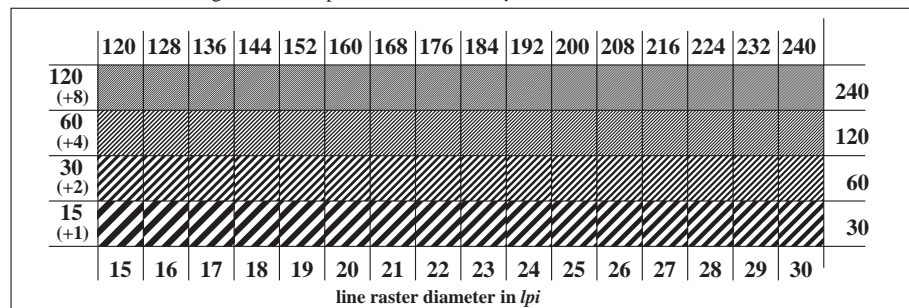
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 20.2$
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

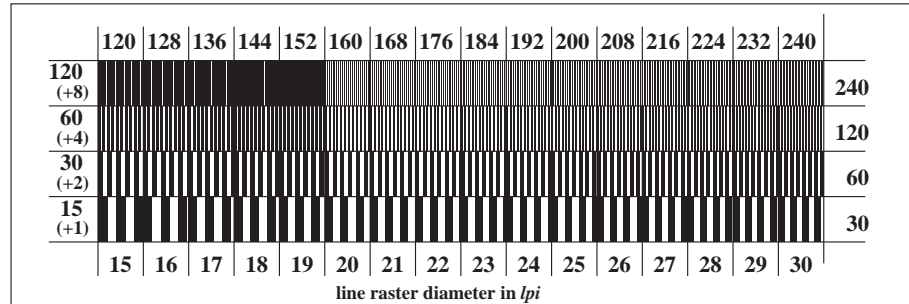
input: 000n* setcmykcolor
output: no change compared to input



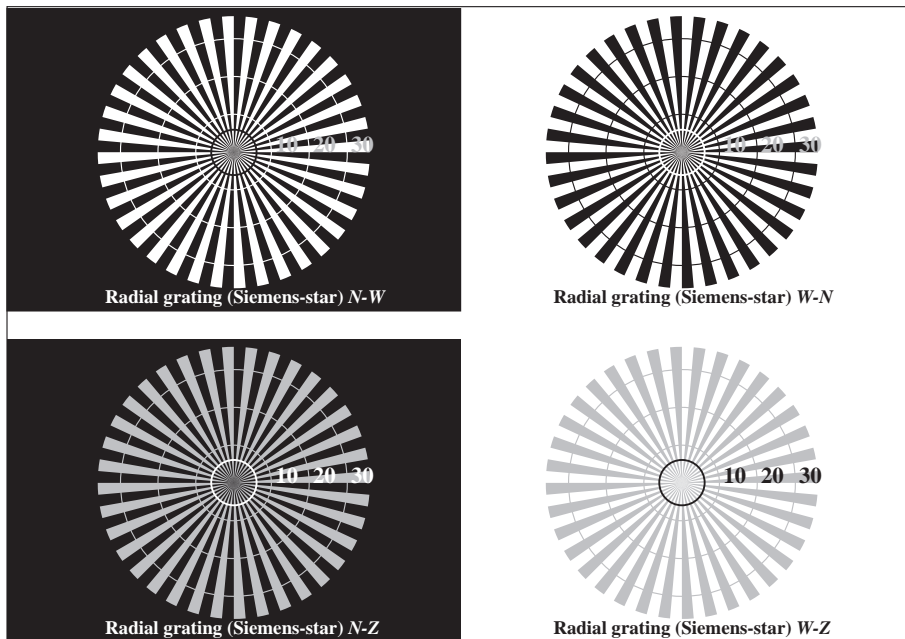
Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



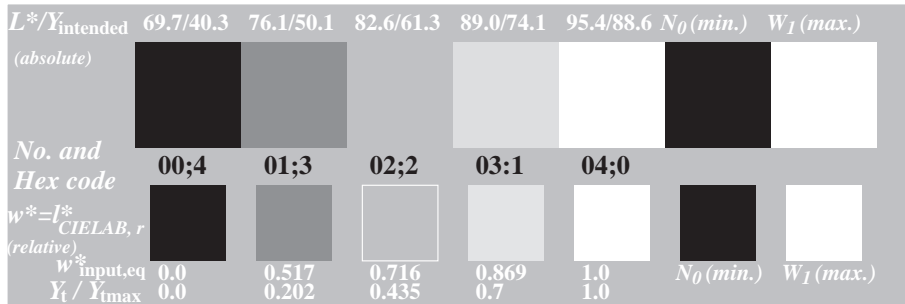
Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



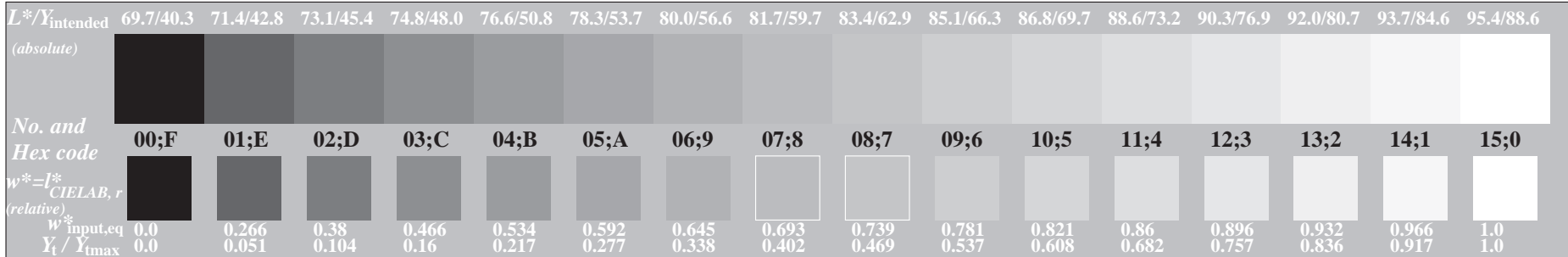
Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C1: Radial gratings (Siemens-stars) N-W, W-N, N-Z and W-Z; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



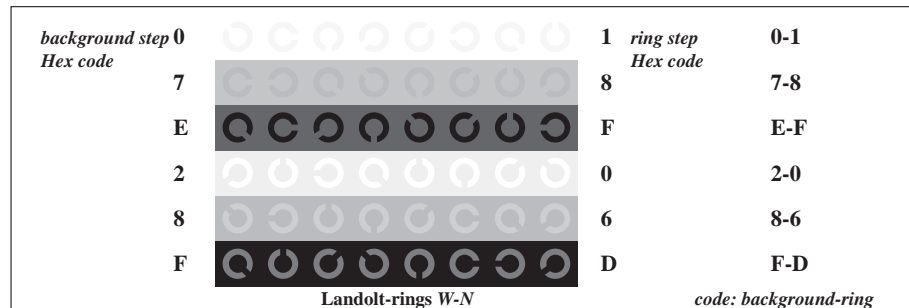
Picture C2: 5 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps + N_0 + W_1 ; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



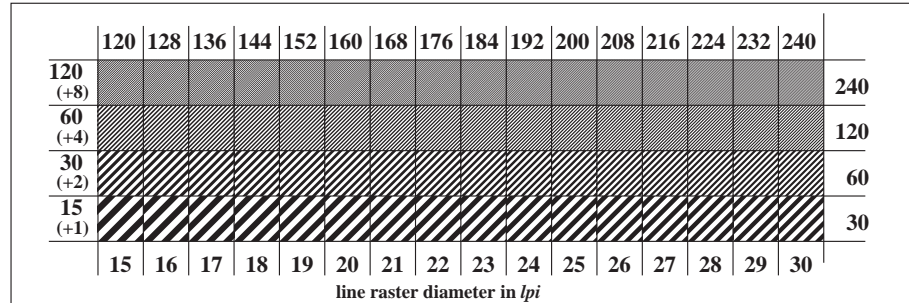
Picture C3: 16 visual equidistant L^* -grey steps; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor

ISO 9241-test chart for contrast range $Y_w:Y_n = 88.6 : 40.3$
Ergonomics – Visual Displays – Field Assessment Methods

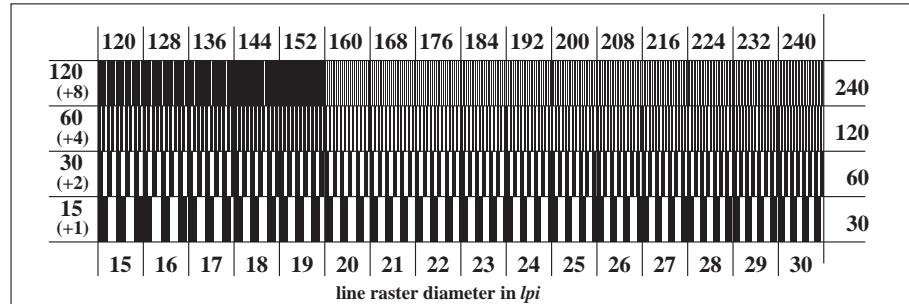
input: 000n* setcmykcolor
output: no change compared to input



Picture C4: Landolt-rings W-N; PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C5: Line raster under 45° (or 135°); PS operator: 000n* setcmykcolor



Picture C6: Line raster under 90° (or 0°); Use of the PS operator 000n* setcmykcolor